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ABSTRACT

The statewide population data presented in this document should assist education program planners and policymakers in making judgments about the priority educational needs of adults in different areas of Colorado. Arranged into 4 major sections, the document presents over 35 statistical tables about Colorado's population size and growth, age and sex characteristics, urban and rural distribution, race and Spanish-origin, family and household size, marital status, household income, educational characteristics, labor force characteristics, and in-migration. The first section provides background information for users of Census and Source Book data. The second section examines Colorado's population as a whole, with comparisons between 1970 and 1980, and between Colorado and nationwide data. The third section allows comparisons to be made within the state, by presenting population characteristics of people living in eight multi-county areas. The appendices include data for each of Colorado's 63 counties and 4 geographic regions, and a sample survey questionnaire. According to the data, two rural regions, the San Luis Valley and the South East, are less affluent than their urban and metropolitan counterparts, with greater proportions of agricultural and government workers, young children and older people, and adults with less than 12 years of schooling. (LH)

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COLORADO POPULATION CHANGES:

A Source Book for Education Planners and Policy Makers

Prepared by:

Sheila A. Knop
Director
Colorado Lifelong Learning Project

March 1983

SO 015 075

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Colorado Commission on Higher Education:

Michael R. Moore, Chairman
Lee R. Kerschner, Executive Director
Timothy M. Grieder, Director of Outreach Programs

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The Colorado Project recognizes and appreciates the efforts of these, and the many other Colorado education agencies, organizations and individuals who have lent support to various aspects of this Project.

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The W. K. Kellogg Foundation and the Education Commission of the States provided impetus for this effort. They chose Colorado, as one of six pilot states, to be a part of the larger "Lifelong Learning Project" (1980-82). Participation in that Project stimulated Colorado to support continuing studies aimed at more effective state planning and policy in adult and continuing education.

Finally, the Bureau of Census deserves mention. The efforts of Bureau professionals and thousands of local enumerators have once again culminated in a wealth of data which people in states and communities can use to guide decision-making.

Sheila A. Knop
Fort Collins
February, 1983

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INTRODUCTION

In the past few years, much has been heard in Colorado about growth and change. Until recently, it has been difficult to put conjecture to rest and objectively document growth and change in the state. With the release of some 1980 Census reports and computer tapes, we are now able to know much about the extent of growth and change. And, while 1980 Census data are not yet fully accessible, we can begin to answer questions as: "has growth of the population changed the 'typical profile' of Coloradans?" and "what are the implications for educational planning, programming and policy?"

This Source Book presents, in summary fashion, selected characteristics of the Colorado population which are of special interest to education planners and policy makers. It describes changes in the population over the decade, 1970 to 1980. It compares characteristics of the Colorado population with those of the U.S. population, nation-wide. It also presents population characteristics of Coloradans living in different geographic regions of the state and within each of Colorado's sixty-three counties.

The Source Book is divided into several major sections. The first section provides important background information for users of Census data and users of this Source Book. The next section paints a portrait of the Colorado population as a whole, with comparisons between 1970 and 1980, and between Colorado and U.S. data. The third section allows comparisons to be made within the state, by presenting population characteristics of people living in eight different geographic regions of Colorado. Finally, the appendices include data for (1) each county in Colorado and (2) four geographic regions of the state. The final appendix includes sample questions which educators might want to use when they conduct surveys. The questions are phrased to make responses comparable to Census data.

This Source Book has been prepared as an aid to Colorado education planners and policy makers, and particularly for those concerned with the learning and education of the adult population. It is provided as a service of the Colorado Lifelong Learning Project and the Colorado Commission on Higher Education. The Source Book represents one of several activities of the Lifelong Learning Project. The aim of the Project is to provide insights relevant to state planning and state policy in adult and continuing education. Information contained in this Source Book, and information collected through Project surveys (of educators and civic leaders) are being used to develop a series of "State Policy Options in Adult and Continuing Education." These options should serve as useful background for education officials and policy makers as they make complex decisions about programs and policies and the state's role in the education of adults.

NOTES FOR SOURCE BOOK USERS

The discussion which follows is provided to assist Source Book and Census data users. The discussion includes background information, definitions, and aids and precautions important to meaningful and accurate interpretation of data in Source Book and Census tables.

Census data are based on either a 100% count of the population, or a sampling of the population. One hundred percent count data are collected by the Census Bureau on the familiar "short-form" questionnaire. A sampling of the population respond to the more comprehensive Census "long-form" questionnaire. In 1980, about 20% of the U.S. population completed long-forms. Responses to questions on the long-form are pooled and response distributions are inferred for the other 80% of the population.

The Bureau also conducts stringent checks of 100% and 1 in 5 counts to assure their reliability. These checks are conducted through highly sophisticated sampling procedures with a much smaller proportion of the population. Any discrepancies between the various counts are carefully studied and, if necessary, adjustments are made. (Preliminary count of the 1980 Colorado population was 2,888,834; final count was 2,889,964, or four one-hundredths of one percent [.04%] more people.)

1980 data reported by the Census Bureau may represent (a) 100% count, (b) 20% count, or (c) a sampling of either the 100% or 1 in 5 count. The most complete counts available are used in this Source Book.

Data included in this Source Book come from several sources. Most 1980 data for Colorado were obtained from a computer tape in the Colorado State Demographer's Office. This tape, called "Statistical Tape File-Three" (STF-3) was provided to the State Demographer by the Census Bureau. It is made up of 139 different tables, pre-constructed by the Bureau. The tables contain selected population and housing characteristics for Colorado, 1980. Customized computer runs were requested of the Demographer's Office for a number of these tables--for the state as a whole, for specified multi-county areas of the State, and for the sixty-three Colorado counties. (It is possible to request tables for cities, or parts of cities, or local school districts. A small user fee is assessed for custom computer runs.)

1980 data for the U.S. are from Census Bureau printed publications and from printed reports prepared by the State Demographic Office. 1970 data for Colorado and the U.S. are from Census Bureau printed volumes. Printed reports and volumes for 1970 and 1980 were secured through the Federal Depository Library at Colorado State University, the CSU County Information Services Office, or directly from the State Demographer's Office. Specific sources for data in the Source Book are footnoted in each table or referenced in the narrative (e.g. [1]) and in the "Reference Notes" section.

Data reported in Census publications and in STF-3 computer tapes are count data (numbers). For purposes of this Source Book, count data from Colorado and the U.S., 1970 and 1980, were analyzed and manually converted to percentages for presentation in Source Book tables. Where comparisons of 1970 and 1980 data were appropriate, "percent change, 1970 to 1980," was calculated. The % change formula used was "present year minus base year, divided by base year," or:

$$\frac{1980 - 1970}{1970}$$

This formula allows one to interpret % change as "the increase (or decrease) in population numbers since 1970." For example, the total population of Colorado in 1980 was 2,889,964. The population of Colorado in 1970 was 2,207,259.

This represents a 31% change, 1970 to 1980. Stated in another way, the size of the Colorado population in 1980 represents a 31% increase over its size in 1970.

Application of this % change formula can also yield negative results, if numbers observed in 1980 are lower than numbers observed in 1970. For example, the number of children in Colorado, age 5 to 9 years, was 212,784 in 1980 and 224,171 in 1970. This represents a percent change, 1970 to 1980, of minus five percent (-5%). Otherwise stated, there were 5% fewer children, age 5 to 9, in Colorado in 1980 than in 1970. In Source Book tables, negative percent change is reported by a minus sign immediately preceding the percent figure (e.g. -12%). All other percent change figures are positive, representing growth in numbers, 1970 to 1980.

Source Book users should exercise precaution in interpreting % change. When numbers on which % change figures are based are small, it is quite possible for change figures to be extremely large. When very large % change figures are encountered, users are encouraged to consider the numbers on which the % change figures are based, and the proportion of the total population, 1970 and 1980, which those numbers represent. Considered together, numbers, proportions (percents) and % change figures will allow one to determine if the observed change is of major importance.

To simplify data interpretation, percents reported in most Source Book tables are rounded to the nearest whole percent. Total numbers of the population ("universe") under consideration are reported first, and then proportions of that population in various sub-categories are noted. For example:

Total Population	250
Urban	25%
Rural	75%

Numerical counts of the urban and rural population can be constructed by multiplying the total number by the percent urban, and by the total percent rural (e.g., 250 x .25 = 62.5 persons = number of persons in urban places). These reconstructions of numbers will be very close approximations of the actual number of persons in the sub-category (rounding of percents to nearest whole percent accounts for error).

Source Book users should be aware of two other precautions in interpreting data. First, the population (or "universe") on which numbers in a table are based must be considered. Some tables are based on a 100% count of the population. Others are based on only a portion of the total population (e.g., "persons 18 years of age and older in Colorado, 1980"). Titles of tables in the Source Book are worded to tell precisely what portion of the population is being considered. (Unfortunately, this sometimes requires that table titles be quite long and cumbersome.) Users of original Census sources need pay particular attention to Census tables' universes, as considerably less precise table titles are used in Census publications.

Second, Source Book and Census users should pay close attention to definitions of terms used in tables (e.g., "urban," "rural"). For benefit of Source Book users, important terms are defined in footnotes at the bottom of each table. The urban-rural distinction used by the Census Bureau serves as a good example of the importance of definitions of terms. In 1980, the term "urban" was defined to encompass all places with populations of 2,500 or more. The remainder of the population was classified as "rural." In most peoples' minds, a town of 2,500 is a "small town," hardly considered urban. While finer sub-categories of the urban and rural classifications were also made, it is easy to see from this example how definition of terms can influence interpretation and meaning.

One final comment: in this Source Book, you will frequently encounter the term "Coloradans." The lay term, Coloradans, is defined, for purposes of this Source Book, to encompass the total population ("universe") of reference.

For example, "40% of Coloradans in 1980 . . ." refers to 40% of the total 1980 Colorado population. (Here the term Coloradans is used as a surrogate for a longer phrase which could have read, "4[illegible] of all persons enumerated by the Census Bureau in Colorado in 1980.") Use of the term, "Coloradan," not part of precise demographic vocabulary, not only helped to reduce sentence length, but also conveys a bit of sentiment. The numbers and percents reported in this Source Book represent real people with problems, hopes, and dreams. Through better understanding of them, as a collective, educators can better serve the needs and interests of the people. It is to those "real people" and the educators and policy makers who serve them, that this Source Book is dedicated.

THE COLORADO POPULATION: COUNT, CHARACTERISTICS, AND CHANGE
WITH IMPLICATIONS FOR EDUCATIONAL PLANNING AND POLICY

Population Size and Growth

The Colorado population grew almost three times faster than the national average for the decade 1970-1980. During that period, the Colorado population expanded by 30%, while the U.S. population grew by 11% (Table 1). The urban population of Colorado grew by 34% while the rural population grew by 18%. Population estimates for 1981 [1] indicated that growth was continuing, albeit at a slower rate. The state's annual growth rate was 2.7% during the 1970's and was estimated to be 2.1% in 1981. The state was estimated to have about 65,000 more people in July, 1981, than in April, 1980.

Has this growth in population changed the "typical profile" of Coloradans? Do Coloradans in 1980 have the same demographic characteristics as Coloradans a decade ago? Are any changes in Colorado also evident nation-wide? For effective educational planning, these are important questions. Insights are provided in this section of the Source Book, under major headings which discuss: age and sex, race and ethnicity, family and household size and marital status, income, educational characteristics, labor force characteristics, and in-migration as a factor in state growth.

Age and Sex

The Colorado population was younger than the population of the nation as a whole in 1980, and (as nationally) the median age of the Colorado population was higher in 1980 than in 1970. Colorado median age was 28.6 years in 1980 and 26.2 years in 1970. U.S. median age was 30 years in 1980 and 27.9 years in 1970 (Table 2).

As noted in Table 2, the 1980 proportion of Coloradans under age 15 was the same as nation-wide--22%. However, there were 16% more children under the age of 5 in Colorado in 1980 than ten years earlier. Colorado had a greater proportion of people between 15 and 64 years of age in 1980 than did the nation (CO = 67%; U.S. = 65%). Twenty to 34 year olds, in particular, had greater representation in Colorado than nation-wide (CO = 29%; U.S. = 26%). A smaller proportion of people 65 and older were in Colorado in 1980 than in the nation (CO = 8%; U.S. = 11%). As indicated in Table 3, the 1980 Colorado population was almost evenly divided, males and females.

For youth educators, the increase in numbers of young children in Colorado is of interest. For adult educators, the increased numbers of young-to-middle-age adults in the state is of particular interest. As other characteristics (as occupation and education) are discussed in the pages that follow, more insights will be developed about those adults.

Age distribution for the Colorado population is reported by geographic region of the state and by county in later sections and appendices to this Source Book. Persons interested in finer detailing of age categories should refer to the 1980 Census Statistical File Tape Three (STF-3) referenced as source material on Table 2.

Table 1. Urban and Rural Population for Colorado and the U.S., and Percent Change 1970 to 1980.

	COLORADO					U.S.				
	1980		1970			1980		1970		
	N	%[1]	N	%	% Change 1970 to 1980	N	%	N	%	% Change 1970 to 1980
Total	2,889,964	100	2,207,259	100	31	226,545,805	100	203,211,926	100	11
Urban	2,329,695	81	1,733,311	79	34	167,554,594	74	149,324,930	73	12
Inside Urbanized Areas[2]	2,016,857	70	1,424,011	65	42	139,374,966	62	118,446,566	58	18
Outside Urbanized Areas[3]	312,838	11	309,300	14	1	28,179,628	12	30,878,364	15	-9
Rural[4]	560,269	19	473,948	21	18	58,991,211	26	53,886,996	27	9
Farm[5]	59,152	2	-	-	-	5,543,070	2	-	-	-
Non-Farm	501,117	17	-	-	-	53,448,141	24	-	-	-

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

[2]Urbanized areas defined as central city(s) and surrounding closely settled territory that together have minimum population of 50,000.

[3]"Outside urbanized areas" refers to places of 2,500 or more that are not included in urbanized areas.

[4]The population not classified as urban (FN 2 and 3) constitute the rural population.

[5]In 1980, farms were defined as places from which sales of crops, livestock and other farm products amounted to $1000 or more during the previous year. This definition differs from the 1970 definition; therefore 1970 and 1980 data cannot be compared.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3 Tables 1 and 70; CO 1970 Census, Vol. 1, part 7, Table 2; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-1; U.S. 1970 Census, Vol. 1, part A, section 1, Table 4.

Table 2. Age Distribution of Population, Colorado and U.S., and Percent Change 1970 to 1980.

	COLORADO					U.S.				
	1980		1970			1980		1970		
	N	%[1]	N	%	% Change 1970 to 1980	N	%	N	%	% Change 1970 to 1980
Total	2,889,964	100	2,207,259	100	31	226,545,805	100	203,211,926	100	11
0 - 4 Years	216,092	7	186,368	8	16	16,347,052	7	17,154,337	8	-5
5 - 9 Years	212,784	7	224,171	10	-5	16,585,965	7	19,956,247	10	-17
10 - 14 Years	226,074	8	223,679	11	-3	18,365,171	8	20,789,468	10	-12
15 - 19 Years	268,942	9	217,451	10	24	21,176,175	9	19,070,348	9	11
20 - 24 Years	302,181	10	204,508	9	48	21,301,790	9	16,371,021	8	30
25 - 29 Years	302,655	10	157,420	7	92	19,440,597	9	13,476,993	7	44
30 - 34 Years	268,476	9	133,784	6	101	17,661,538	8	11,430,436	6	55
35 - 44 Years	347,299	12	255,624	12	36	25,638,130	11	23,087,805	11	11
45 - 54 Years	270,033	9	234,200	11	15	22,833,545	10	23,219,957	11	-2
55 - 59 Years	125,784	4	93,164	4	35	11,587,723	5	9,973,028	5	16
60 & 61 Years	44,355	2	[78,999][2]	[4]	[31]	[10,071,256]	[4]	[8,616,784]	[4]	[17]
62 - 64 Years	58,889	2								
65 - 74 Years	148,015	5	111,442	5	33	15,652,870	7	12,435,456	6	26
75 - 84 Years	74,381	3	60,207	3	24	7,678,571	3	[7,630,046]	[4]	[30]
85 Yrs. & Older	24,004	1	16,242	1	48	2,211,422	1			
Median Age	28.6 Years		26.2 Years			30.0 Years		27.9 Years		

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sum of percents and 100%.

[2]Fewer categories reported; bracketed data are for broader categories.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 15, Colorado 1970, Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 20; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-1; U.S. 1970, Census U.S. Summary, Vol. 1, pt. 1, Table 49; Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report (No. 2), Oct. 1981.

Table 3. Colorado Provisional Population Count by Age and Sex, 1970 and 1980.

	1980						1970					
	BOTH SEXES	%	MALE	%	FEMALE	%	BOTH SEXES	%	MALE	%	FEMALE	%
TOTAL	2,888,834[1]	100	1,433,737	49.6	1,455,097	50.4	2,209,596	100	1,090,532	49.4	1,119,064	50.6
0– 4	216,399	7.5	110,885	3.8	105,514	3.7	186,403	8.4	95,148	4.3	91,255	4.1
5– 9	213,008	7.4	108,918	3.8	104,090	3.6	224,441	10.2	114,264	5.2	110,177	5.0
10-14	226,024	7.8	115,077	4.0	110,947	3.8	233,959	10.6	119,198	5.4	114,760	5.2
15-19	268,522	9.3	137,571	4.8	130,951	4.5	217,466	9.8	110,518	5.0	106,947	4.8
20-24	302,482	10.5	154,311	5.3	148,171	5.2	204,652	9.3	103,986	4.7	100,666	4.6
25-29	302,474	10.5	153,452	5.3	149,002	5.2	157,593	7.1	77,494	3.5	80,099	3.6
30-34	266,781	9.2	136,066	4.7	130,715	4.5	133,956	6.1	66,108	3.0	67,848	3.1
35-39	193,477	6.7	97,232	3.4	96,245	3.3	127,280	5.8	63,110	2.9	64,170	2.9
40-44	153,403	5.3	76,635	2.6	76,768	2.7	128,671	5.8	63,153	2.8	65,518	3.0
45-49	137,874	4.8	69,020	2.4	68,854	2.4	125,058	5.7	61,037	2.8	64,021	2.9
50-54	132,954	4.6	64,889	2.2	68,065	2.4	109,417	5.0	54.224	2.5	55,192	2.5
55-59	125,651	4.3	60,283	1.8	65,368	2.2	93,252	4.2	45,024	2.0	48,228	2.2
60-64	102,524	3.5	48,872	1.6	53,652	1.8	79,065	3.6	37,733	1.7	41,331	1.9
65-69	84,113	2.9	37,858	1.2	46,255	1.6	62,119	2.8	28,192	1.3	33,927	1.5
70-74	64,501	2.2	27,664	1.0	36,837	1.2	49,398	2.2	21,163	1.0	28,235	1.2
75-79	44,931	1.6	17,632	.7	27,299	1.0	36,881	1.7	15,010	.7	21,871	1.0
80-84	29,367	1.0	10,052	.5	19,315	.7	23,361	1.1	9,096	.4	14,265	.7
85+	24,349	.8	7,320	.1	17,029	.5	16,254	.7	6,072	.3	10,182	.4
Median Age	28.6						26.2					

[1] The 1980 provisional count of the Colorado population was 1130 persons less than the final count of 2,889,964.

Source: Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report, No. 2, Oct. 1981, Colorado State Demographer's Office.

Race and Spanish-Origin

In 1980, 89% (1970 = 96%) of the Colorado population were White, about 4% were Black and about 8% were of other races (Table 4). Nation-wide, 1980, about 83% of the population were White, 12% Black and 5% of other races [2]. Of those of "other races" in Colorado, 1980, it is known that 1% were Asian or Pacific Islanders and .6% were American Indian [3]. A report of provisional counts, indicated that there were just under 30,000 Asians and Pacific Islanders in Colorado in 1980, up 188% from 1970 [4]. The same report indicated there were just under 18,000 American Indians in the state in 1980, up 101% since 1970.

In the 1980 Census, in a question separate from one about racial identity, people were asked whether they were of Spanish-origin. Twelve percent of Coloradans reported themselves to be of Spanish-origin (Table 4). Nation-wide, 6.5% of the population was of Spanish-origin [5]. Persons of Spanish-origin may be of any race, but are normally classified white.

For educators, the racial/ethnic mix observed in Colorado in the 1980's is of interest. Additional insights, particularly about English language capabilities of persons with other native languages, may be found in the "Educational Characteristics" portion of this chapter. Also, the population is characterized by race and Spanish-origin for each of Colorado's 63 counties (Appendix A). A report by the State Demographer (footnote 5, above), discusses race and ethnic change in Colorado, 1970 to 1980, describes differences in the way questions were asked, 1970 and 1980, and notes precautions in comparing data for the two periods. Two other sources are recommended: (1) 1980 Census of Population and Housing, Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic and Housing Characteristics, pt. 7, Bureau of the Census, Nov. 1982 (Publication # PH-C80-S2-7); and 1980 Census, Statistical Tape File Three (STF-3) for Colorado (discussed in an earlier section of this report). The publication and tape file contain displays in which the Colorado population is stratified by race and/or Spanish-origin, and further, by characteristics as age, sex, family income, school enrollment, etc.

Family and Household Size, Marital Status

As indicated in Table 5, family size in Colorado decreased over the decade, 1970 to 1980. In 1980, the average number of persons per family was 3.19 (3.55, 1970). Similarly, the size of households (which may include non-family members and people who live alone) decreased between 1970 and 1980. On average, the number of persons per Colorado household was 2.65 in 1980 (3.08, 1970). The number of Colorado families with children under age 18 grew by almost 26% during the decade, three times the national rate [6]. Yet, a somewhat smaller proportion of Coloradans (57.8%) were married in 1980 than in 1970 (62.4%) (Table 6).

Considering the increase in numbers of young adults in the population, it is not surprising that there are more families with "dependent" children. As well, the trend to delay child-bearing, discussed in recent years, suggests that parents of young children may be, on average, older than in decades past. Thus, educational interests of middle-age adults in the '80's may more frequently include matters associated with child-rearing, family relations, and the balancing of family and career concerns. As well, these adults may have even more severe restrictions of time and energy to devote to learning.

Together, declining family size and increase in families with children under 18, suggest that the number of families with only one child is increasing. These children have special socialization needs, met in larger families by

Table 4. Colorado Population by Race and Spanish-Origin, 1970 and 1980.[1]

	1970		1980	
	N	%	N	%
Race:				
White	2,112,352	95.7	2,571,498	89.0
Black	66,411	3.0	101,703	3.5
Other	28,496	1.3	216,763	7.5
Persons of Spanish-Origin:	225,506	10.2	339,717	11.7

[1]Race and Spanish-Origin were enumerated differently in 1970 and 1980. Adjustments allowing comparisons over time have not yet been made. Persons of Spanish-Origin may be of any race.

Source: Colorado Demographic Trends, 1970-1980, Table 1; compiled by Colorado Demographic Section, 1982.

Table 5. Living Arrangements of Colorado Population and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.

	1970		1980		% CHANGE
	N	%	N	%	1970 to 1980
Persons in Households[1]	2,124,732	96.3	2,815,766	97.4	32.5
Persons in Group Quarters[2]	82,527	3.7	74,198	2.6	-10.9
Number of Persons Per Household	3.08		2.65		-13.9
Number of Persons Per Family	3.55		3.19		

[1]A household includes all persons who occupy a housing unit; families and non-related individuals who live in the same quarters are included in the count of households, along with persons who live alone.

[2]Examples of group quarters include college dormitories, homes for elderly, military barracks, mental institutions.

Source: Colorado Demographic Trends, 1970-1980, Table 1, compiled by Colorado Demographic Section, 1982; 1980 Census of Population and Housing Supplementary Reports: Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, pt. 7, Colorado, Issued November 1982; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 22.

Table 6. Marital Status of Colorado Population Age 14 and Older, 1970 and Age 15 and Older, 1980.

Marital Status:	1970 N of Persons 14 Years and Older	1970 %	1980 N of Persons 15 Years and Older	1980 %
Total Population	1,608,650	100	2,234,182	100
Single	415,970	25.8	605,231	27.1
Now Married (except those separated)	1,003,544	62.4	1,289,385	57.8
Now Married, But Separated	20,547	1.3	38,502	1.7
Widowed	102,405	6.4	123,467	5.5
Divorced	66,184	4.1	177,602	7.9

Source: Colorado Demographic Trends, 1970-1980, Table 1; Compiled by Colorado Demographic Section, 1982.

siblings. Educational programs for parents can help them recognize the special needs of their "only child," and ways these needs can be addressed.

Household Income

A review of Table 7 indicates that, in terms of household income, Coloradans were somewhat better off in 1979 than other Americans. Twenty-five percent of Colorado households had income less than $10,000 as compared with 29% of U.S. households. Thirty-three percent of Colorado households had income of $25,000 or greater as compared with 30% of U.S. households. Median income for Colorado households, 1979, was $18,057 as compared to $16,830 nation-wide. Recall from earlier mention that Colorado average household size in 1980 was 2.65 persons. In comparison, average Colorado family size was 3.19 persons and Colorado median family income, 1979, was $21,280. Per capita income in Colorado in 1979 was $7,999 [7]. Still, about 7% of Colorado families were determined to have incomes below the 1979 poverty level [8]. (The threshold of poverty varies, dependent on factors as family or household size, age of householder, etc. See footnote 6, Table 7 for examples.) One can expect that some of these families "in poverty" are retired couples on fixed incomes, while others are younger with dependent children.

As footnoted in Table 7, the Colorado median household income for 1979 ($18,057) increased by almost 150% since 1969 ($7,323). Factors as inflation, cost of living, and declining household and family size must be considered when interpreting these figures.

The 1980 Census provides some insights about cost of living. In cases where housing units were specified as being renter-occupied, the median monthly gross rent paid was $252 (x 12 = $3024 per year) [10]. In 79% of those units, renters paid extra for one or more utilities [11]. In cases where non-condominium housing units were specified as being owner-occupied and with a mortgage, median monthly owner costs were $422 (x12 = $5064 per year) [12]. For owner-occupied units without mortgages, median monthly costs were $125 (x 12 = $1500 per year) [13]. Costs included some, but not all, non-mortgage expenses of home ownership.

For educators of adults, income characteristics are of interest because they are integral in socio-economic-status (SES). It is known that people of higher SES groups are more frequent participants in adult and continuing education programs. Thus, these income data suggest that the majority of Coloradans have a propensity for on-going education (lifelong learning). Those Coloradans with lower incomes (who may also be of lower socio-economic-status) are likely to be more difficult to recruit and hold in educational programs, and they will have little discretionary income to contribution to education program fees. To the extent these low income people also possess lower levels of schooling and are of labor force age, they, their families, and the state, could benefit by their participation in basic education and job training programs. Household income is reported for persons living in different geographic regions of Colorado in a later section and appendices of this report.

Educational Characteristics

Years of School Completed and School Enrollment

School completed. Consistent with other Americans, Coloradans had completed more years of schooling in 1980 than had the 1970 state population (Table 8). In 1980, 23% of Coloradans had completed four or more years of college, representing a ~~111%~~ 124% increase in college graduates since 1970. The proportion and actual number of people with fewer than 12 years of schooling declined between 1970 and 1980. In 1970 there were 411,837 people in Colorado (36%), age 25

Table 7. Household Income for Colorado and U.S. Households, 1979.[1]

	Colorado 1979[2]		U.S. 1979[3]	
	N	%[4]	N	%
Total Households	1,062,879	100	80,433,749	100
Less Than $2,500	38,475	4	[5] 10,602,495	13
$2,500 to $4,999	75,763	7		
$5,000 to $7,499[6]	76,444	7	6,427,456	8
$7,500 to $9,999	79,456	7	6,391,051	8
$10,000 to $14,999	164,170	15	12,352,784	15
$15,000 to $19,999	153,129	14	11,378,390	14
$20,000 to $24,999	139,012	13	9,972,264	12
$25,000 to $29,999	105,116	10	12,712,171	16
$30,000 to $34,999	74,621	7		
$35,000 to $39,999	48,907	5	6,908,694	9
$40,000 to 49,999	53,773	5		
$50,000 to $74,999	37,620	4	3,688,444	5
$75,000 or More	16,393	2		

[1]A household includes all persons who occupy a housing unit; families and nonrelated individuals who live in the same quarters are included in the count of households, as well as persons who live alone. The average number of persons per household in Colorado, 1980, was 2.65 (U.S., 2.75). Income data is reported for the year (1979) preceding the 1980 census.

[2]Median 1979 Colorado household income was $18,057 (median 1969 Colorado household income was $7,323).

[3]Median 1979 U.S. household income was $16,830.

[4]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

[5]Fewer categories were reported for U.S.; bracketed data are for broader categories.

[6]The threshold of poverty varies due to factors as size of family, number of children, age of householder or unrelated individual. Examples of poverty thresholds: family of 4, 1979 = $7412 (non-farm family of 4, 1969 = $3745); 2 person household, householder under 65 years, 1979 = $4876; 1 person household, householder over 65 years = $3479.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3, Tables 68 and 69; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Tables P-1 and P-4.

Table 8. Years of School Completed, 1980 and 1970, for Colorado and U.S. Population 25 Years of Age and Older.

	COLORADO					U.S.				
	1980		1970			1980		1970		
	N	%[1]	N	%	% CHANGE 1970 to 1980	N	%	N	%	% CHANGE 1970 to 1980
Total Population Age 25 and Older	1,663,891	100	1,141,138	100	46	132,775,652	100	109,899,359	100	21
0 to 8 Years of Schooling	175,724	11	228,033	20	-23	24,370,124	18	31,087,390	28	-22
9 to 11 Years of Schooling	179,681	11	183,804	16	-2	20,320,142	15	21,285,922	19	-5
4 Years High School or GED	575,365	35	392,787	34	46	45,691,481	34	34,158,051	31	34
1-3 Years College	351,108	21	166,188	15	111	20,800,462	16	11,650,730	11	79
4 Years College	[382,013][2]	[23]	96,800	9	[124]	[21,593,443]	[16]	6,657,604	6	[84]
5+ Years College			73,526	6				5,059,662	5	

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for any differences between column runs and 100%.

[2]Fewer categories reported; bracketed data are for broader categories.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, Advance Estimates, pt. 7, Nov. 1982; CO 1970, Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 46; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-2; U.S. 1970 Census, U.S. Summary, Vol. 1, Pt. 1, Table 88.

years and older, with less than 12 years schooling. In 1980 there were 355,405 Coloradans of that age (22%) with less than 12 years schooling or 23% fewer than in 1970.

Until Census data is more accessible, it is not possible to precisely explain factors associated with the decline in the "less schooled" population. One can speculate that attrition is a major factor (i.e., out-migration from the state; mortality rates of older people who had attended fewer years of school). Emphasis in Colorado on a high technology economy, and accompanying need for more schooling is also a factor. Encouragement and incentives for advanced schooling by organizations as labor unions, the military and the Veterans Administration, coupled with availability of GED equivalency exams and educational programs have also contributed. Finally, in a time when participation in post-secondary education has become the norm, people with less than 12 years schooling may be prone to exaggerate when reporting such "sensitive" matters.

Colorado-U.S. comparisons (Table 8) show that schooling levels continue to be higher in the state than nation-wide. Forty-four percent of Coloradans had completed one or more years college in 1980, as compared with 32% of all Americans. A higher proportion of the U.S. population (18%) had less than 9 years schooling, as compared with 11% of the Colorado population.

When the 18 to 24 year old Colorado population is included, the proportion of people completing varying levels of schooling changes slightly (Table 9). The proportion of people age 18 and older completing four or more years of college (20%) is slightly lower than the 25 and older population (23%), and the proportion completing a minimum of 12 years schooling is slightly higher (18+ = 37%; 25+ = 35%).

Considering the importance of basic academic and life coping skills in a state that is oriented to technology and rapid change, it is encouraging to know that the proportion of the adult population with less than 12 years of schooling is declining. However, the 22% of Coloradans (age 25 and older) with less than 12 years schooling remain a concern. For education program planning and policy development, several important questions about that segment of the population remain unanswered until 1980 Census data is more accessible. For example: Of the 22%, what proportion are of typical labor force age? What proportion are working (vs. unemployed)? What proportion have incomes below the poverty line? Answers to these and related questions will help planners better target programs.

At the upper end of the "schooling continuum" other concerns emerge. Not only does rapid change create need and demand for continuing education experiences, but also, studies have substantiated that people who possess higher levels of schooling are the ones most likely to continue to participate, at least periodically, in other educational experiences [9]. They look for professional development opportunities for job advancement and job satisfaction, and for the preparation necessary to make career changes. They also look for formal and informal learning experiences to enhance their personal and family life, their use of leisure, and their interaction and effectiveness in community affairs. When Census data are directly accessible, it would be helpful to sort the college graduate population by characteristics as age, income, occupation and industry of employment. Insights from this analysis would be helpful for continuing education planning and policy.

For purposes of planning and policy, the proportion of adults with varying levels of schooling has been traced by geographic region of the state and by county of residence. Please refer to the next major section and appendices of this Source Book.

School enrollments (Table 10). Consistent with the national picture, nursery school and college enrollments in Colorado increased considerably in the decade, while kindergarten through primary enrollments declined somewhat. There

Table 9. Years of School Completed by Persons 18 Years of Age and Older, Colorado, 1980: Numbers and Percents.

	N	%[1]
Total Population Age 18 and Older	2,079,958	100
0 to 11 Years of Schooling	442,195	21
4 Years High School or GED	760,961	37
1 to 3 Years College	464,406	22
4 Years College	230,999	11
5+ Years College	181,397	9

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

Source: CO 1980 Census, Advance Estimates, Pt. 7, Nov. 1982.

Table 10. School Enrollment of Colorado and U.S. Population Age 3 and Older, 1980, and Age 3 to 34, 1970.[1]

	COLORADO				U.S.			
	1980 (Age 3+)		1970 (Age 3-34)		1980 (Age 3+)		1970 (Age 3-34)	
	N	%[2]	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total Enrolled	801,091	100	701,216	100	62,134,476	100	59,458,108	100
Public	719,396	90	--	-	--	-	--	-
Private	81,695	10	--	-	--	-	--	-
Nursery School	38,061	5	16,203	2	2,405,219	4	953,712	2
Public	15,801	2	6,708	1	861,106	1	303,279	1
Private	22,260	3	9,495	1	1,544,113	3	650,433	1
Grades K-8	396,754	50	409,214	58	32,021,321	52	36,234,617	61
Public	369,253	46	379,570	54	28,303,589	46	31,919,587	54
Private	27,501	3	29,644	4	3,717,732	6	4,315,030	7
High School	187,203	23	164,823	24	15,165,732	24	14,480,634	24
Public	177,485	22	153,984	22	13,839,735	22	13,063,465	22
Private	9,718	1	10,839	2	1,325,997	2	1,417,169	2
College	179,073	22	101,166	14	12,542,204	20	6,966,033	12
Public	156,857	19	--	-	--	-	4,626,053	8
Private	22,216	3	--	-	--	-	2,339,980	4
Enrolled Persons Age 35 and Older	--	-	9,810	1	--	-	823,112	1

[1]Persons counted as enrolled are those who "attended regular school or college" at any time between the period Feb. 1, 1980 and the time of enumeration, April, 1980. In 1980 all enrolled persons age 3 and older were categorized by the kind of school in which they were enrolled. In 1970, the Census Bureau reported a pooled count of enrolled persons 35 and older, but did not note the kind of school in which these persons were enrolled (e.g., high school, college).

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for difference in sums of percents of appropriate sub-categories and 100%.

Sources: CO Census 1980, STF-3, Tables 44 and 45; CO 1970, Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 51; U.S. Census 1980, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-2; U.S. 1970, Census U.S. Summary, Vol. 1, Pt. 1, Table 88.

were about 38,000 children in nursery school in Colorado in 1980 (5% of the enrolled population), as compared to about 16,000 children in nursery school, 1970 (2% of the enrolled population). Four percent of the enrolled U.S. population were in nursery school in 1980 (2%, 1970). In 1980, 50% of the enrolled Colorado population were in grades k-8, as compared to 58% in 1970. In the U.S., 52% of enrolled persons were in grades k-8 in 1980 (61%, 1970).

Decade increases in the Colorado young-to-middle-age population and of children under age five have likely contributed to higher college and nursery school enrollments. Other factors associated with college enrollments include technology emphasis, Veteran's Administration programs, and the extension of some college degree programs to off-campus settings. Relative economic affluence and student loan programs early in the decade likely also contributed to more teenage and adult college enrollments. A different economic rationale might account for continuing enrollments late in the decade. Young to middle-age adults, finding themselves under-employed or unemployed, often view advanced education or career change as the only hope for better circumstances. Increases in occupational opportunities for women would also help account for increases in college enrollments and for increases in nursery school enrollments.

As indicated by the age distribution of the Colorado population (Table 2), the decline in primary school enrollments can be expected to be partly off-set by the 16% decade increase in children under age five. This observation assumes that Colorado will "hold" its population of families with young children.

Regional and county school enrollments have been traced. They are included in the next section and appendices of this report.

Interpretation notes. To better interpret the educational characteristics just presented, several points of information are offered. It is helpful to know how Census questions were phrased, and the order in which they were asked. Following several questions about matters as sex, age and marital status, a question regarding school enrollment was asked. People were asked to tell whether since February 1, 1980, they had attended "regular school or college at any time." They were told to "count nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree." They were given four choices:

- No, has not attended since February 1
- Yes, public school, public college
- Yes, private school, church-related
- Yes, private school, not church-related

In the following question, people were asked to tell "the highest grade (or year) of regular school this person has ever attended." They were instructed that if the person was attending school at the time, to indicate the grade they were in. Those completing high school by equivalency test ("GED") were instructed to mark the category "12 years." (People were given 23 choices including nursery school, kindergarten, 12 years of elementry through high school, 8 [or more] years of college, and a category, "never attended school.")

A third education question was then posed, asking if the person had finished the highest grade (or year) of school attended. Three choices were given:

- Now attending this grade (or year)
- Finished this grade
- Did not finish this grade

Respondents were asked to answer each of the questions for each member of their household. Data obtained from the three education-related questions were combined by the Census Bureau to allow grouping of people in various categories (similar to the categories reported in Tables 8, 9 and 10).

Given the questions asked, explanatory notes provided to respondents, and ordering of items in the Census questionnaire, it is likely that "years of school completed" beyond 12 years is under-reported. Instructions and response categories did not specifically accomodate a reporting of years of non-collegiate post-secondary education (e.g. trade or technical school). It is also likely that college-level enrollment data are under-reported for the same reason, and because response categories did not accomodate a reporting by non-degree students enrolled in college classes. In interpreting education characteristics, consider too that the number of years of formal schooling one has experienced is sometimes a weak surrogate for how "learned" a person is. Functional illiteracy has been much discussed in the decade. In contrast, a great number of adults develop high levels of expertise by participation in occupationally-related short courses offered by business, industry, unions and military, or through other non-formal avenues.

English Speaking Proficiency (Table 11)

In 1980 most people, five years and older, in Colorado and in the nation, spoke only English at home (89%). Two percent of the youth population, age five to 17, were reported to live in homes where languages other than English were spoken and to have good command of spoken English. Less than 1% of youth were reported to have deficiencies in English speaking skills.

Eight percent of the adult population (18 and older) were reported to live in homes where languages other than English were spoken and to have good command of spoken English. About 2% of adults were reported to have English deficiencies.

Percents representing people with inadequate English speaking ability are small. However, the importance of language proficiency for the several thousand Coloradans with language deficiencies cannot be overlooked. For adult education planning and policy purposes, the location of groups of adults with language deficiencies has been traced. Their location is noted by geographic region of the state in a later section and appendices of this Source Book.

For interpretation of the language item, be aware that the Census Bureau inquired about English speaking ability only. One cannot necessarily infer that those people with good speaking skills are also proficient in reading, writing and comprehension skills. In contrast, it cannot be inferred that people with poor speaking skills are also unable to read or comprehend English.

Labor Force Characteristics

Levels, Sector, and Industry of Employment; Occupation of Workers

Levels of employment and disability consideration. In 1980 almost 1.4 million Coloradans (62%) age 16 and older, were reported as employed [14]. This represents a 58% increase since 1970, a greater increase than state growth during the decade (Tables 12 and 1). Economic circumstances and women entering the labor force likely account for this discrepancy. Fourteen percent of the 16 and older population reported that they had been unemployed at least one week in 1979; 3% had been unemployed for 15 weeks or more during the year [15].

Table 11. Age by Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English for Persons 5 Years and Older, Colorado and U.S. 1980.

	Colorado 1980		U.S. 1980	
	N	% [1]	N	%
Total	2,673,872	100	210,204,753	100
5 to 17 Years of Age:				
Speak Only English at Home	546,213	20	42,922,138	20
Speak a Language Other Than English at Home:				
Spanish Language Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well or Very Well	29,138	1	2,474,619	1
Speak English Not Well or Not At All	4,029	0	472,432	0
Other Language Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well or Very Well	12,598	1	1,400,917	1
Speak English Not Well or Not At All	1,936	0	181,130	0
18 Years of Age and Older:				
Speak Only English at Home	1,843,283	69	144,309,205	69
Speak a Language Other Than English at Home:				
Spanish Language Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well or Very Well	130,427	5	5,879,301	3
Speak English Not Well or Not At All	16,208	1	2,291,541	1
Other Language Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well or Very Well	80,810	3	8,922,069	4
Speak English Not Well or Not At All	9,230	1	1,351,688	1

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; percents of less than .5 rounded to 0; difference between column total and 100% due to rounding errors.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 27; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-2.

Table 12. Class of Employed Workers Age 16 and Older for Colorado and U.S., and Percent Change 1970 to 1980.

	COLORADO					U.S.				
	1980		1970			1980		1970		
	N	%[1]	N	%	% Change 1970 to 1980	N	%	N	%	% Change 1970 to 1980
Total	1,362,017	100	862,824	100	58	97,631,061	100	76,553,599	100	28
Private Wage & Salary Worker	1,008,164	74	599,330	69	68	73,781,491	76	57,917,538	76	27
Federal Government Worker	64,150	5	47,912	6	34	3,784,035	4	3,284,241	4	15
State Government Worker	63,322	5	42,309	5	50	4,552,762	5	3,016,396	4	51
Local Government Worker	112,762	8	73,298	8	54	8,389,001	9	6,020,000	8	39
Self-Employed Worker	106,011	8	93,394	11	14	6,617,700	7	5,911,204	8	12
Unpaid Family Worker	7,608	1	6,581	1	16	506,072	1	404,220	1	25

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for difference in sum of percents and 100%.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 67; CO 1970, Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 56; U.S. Census 1980, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-3; U.S. 1970, Census U.S. Summary, Vol. 1, Pt. 1, Table 93.

Of the 16 to 64 year old population (not living in institutions), 3% reported disabilities which prevented them from working. Another 4% reported disabilities which did prevent them from working. Of these, three-quarters were in the labor force in 1980. The other one-quarter was not in the labor force [16].

Sector ("class") of employment (Table 12). As in the U.S., almost three quarters of the Colorado employed population held jobs as private-sector wage and salary workers in 1980. In Colorado, this proportion (74%) was somewhat higher than in 1970 (69%). Smaller proportions of self-employed (8%) and federal government workers (5%) were in the state in 1980 than in 1970 (11% and 6%, respectively).

Industry of employment (Table 13). Among industries in which Coloradans were employed in 1980, the greatest proportions of workers were associated with trade-related industries (22%) or professional services industries (21%). Nine percent of Colorado workers, age 16 and older, worked in educational service organizations in 1980. These proportions are generally comparable to those nation-wide, with the exception that a considerably greater proportion of U.S. workers (23%) were employed in manufacturing industries in 1980 than were Colorado workers (14%).

1980 Census data on industry of employment were reported for workers, age 16 and older; 1970 data were reported for workers 14 and older. Thus, precise comparisons, 1970 to 1980, cannot be made. Cursory comparisons, 1970 to 1980, for Colorado and the U.S. show proportions of workers in construction, transportation-comunications-public utilities, trade, finance, business-repair services and professional services up slightly (2% or less). Proportions of workers in the Census category agriculture-forestry-fisheries-mining held stable 1970 to 1980 (CO = 6%; U.S. = 4%), as did proportions of workers in public administration (CO = 6%; U.S. = 5%). Slight decline in the proportion of workers in personal-entertainment-recreation services was noted in Colorado and the U.S. (CO = 6%, 1970 to 5%, 1980; U.S. = 5%, 1970 to 4%, 1980). The proportion of professional service workers nation-wide was 3% higher in 1980 than 1970, somewhat more than in Colorado (1%).

Occupation of workers. In 1980, Colorado had a somewhat greater proportion of workers in managerial-professional, and technical-sales-administrative support occupations than did the U.S. (CO = 58%; U.S. = 52%; Table 14). Colorado and U.S. proportions of workers were the same, 1980, in farming-forestry-fishing occupations (3%) and in precision production occupations (13%). A slightly smaller proportion of Colorado workers than U.S. workers were employed in service occupations as household and protective services in 1980 (CO = 13%; U.S. = 14%). Colorado also had a smaller proportion of machine operators, transport workers and laborers (CO = 13%; U.S. = 19%).

Occupational categories were revised for use in the 1980 Census. Thus current Census reports and tapes do not allow easy comparison of 1970 and 1980 data. As a point of information, 1970 occupational data is reported in Table 15. (Note that the table represents a slightly different age grouping of workers, as well as somewhat different occupational categories.)

Interpretation notes and other references. Additional analysis of labor force data would be useful. For example, it is important to know schooling levels, age, and income of people in various occupations and industries in order to best plan and target adult, continuing, and vocational education programs. This kind of analysis will be possible when full Census tapes are released--likely sometime in 1983 or 1984.

In the meantime, the descriptive data available substantiate that, consistent with higher schooling levels, most Colorado workers are in quite highly skilled or professional occupations. One can infer (given population changes as described earlier, changing technology, and competition for scarce jobs during a time of economic recession) that education programs are needed in Colorado which address adult workers' needs for professional and technical up-dating,

Table 13 . Industry of Employment of Colorado and U.S. Employed Population, 1980 and 1970.[1]

	COLORADO				U.S.			
	1980		1970		1980		1970	
	N of Employed Persons 16 Years & Older	% Employed Persons 16 Years & Older[2]	N of Employed Persons 14 Years & Older	% Employed Persons 14 Years & Older	N of Employed Persons 16 Years & Older	% Employed Persons 16 Years & Older	N of Employed Persons 14 Years & Older	% Employed Persons 14 Years & Older
Total	1,362,017	100	836,303	100	97,631,061	100	77,308,792	100
Ag, Forestry, Fisheries, Mining	78,817	6	50,559	6	3,927,232	4	3,304,553	4
Construction	107,063	8	51,023	6	5,765,627	6	4,219,249	5
Manufacturing:								
Non-durable Goods	64,253	5	49,066	6	8,338,885	9	7,622,771	10
Durable Goods	128,052	9	68,995	8	13,459,286	14	11,124,157	14
Not Specified	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,263	0
Transportation	63,431	5	[58,347][3]	[7]	4,230,987	4	[4,906,111]	[6]
Communications & Other Public Utilities	45,237	3			2,826,010	3		
Wholesale Trade	61,712	5	[177,337]	[21]	4,250,145	4	2,989,063	4
Retail Trade	236,814	17			15,795,183	16	11,624,327	15
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate	96,725	7	44,851	5	5,821,955	6	3,651,597	5
Business and Repair Services	64,633	5	27,327	3	4,073,316	4	2,252,914	3
Personal, Entertainment, Recreation Services	63,333	5	46,853	6	4,092,479	4	3,884,793	5
Professional & Related Services:								
Health Services	89,750	7	[168,218]	[20]	7,194,558	7	[12,779,563]	17
Educational Services	116,783	9			8,445,564	9		
Other Prof. & Related Services	68,347	5			4,142,003	4		
Public Administration	77,067	6	53,604	6	5,267,831	5	4,055,947	5
Industry Not Reported	0	0	40,123	5	0	0	4,760,484	6

[1] 1980 data is for employed persons age 16 and older; 1970 data is for employed persons age 14 and over.

[2] Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; percents less than .5 rounded to 0, difference between column total and 100% due to rounding error.

[3] More industry categories were used in 1980 than in 1970. Bracketed data are for broader 1970 categories.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3 Table 65; CO 1970, Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 47; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-3; U.S. 1970. Census U.S. Summary, Vol. p. 2, Table 235.

Table 14. Occupation of Employed Persons Age 16 and Older for Colorado and U.S. 1980.

	Colorado 1980		U.S. 1980	
	N Employed 16 Years & Older	% [1]	N Employed 16 Years & Older	%
Total	1,362,017	100	97,631,061	100
Managerial and Professional Specialty Occupations:				
Exec., Admin., Managerial	166,425	12	10,196,035	10
Professional Specialty	186;128	14	12,124,650	12
Technical, Sales & Admin. Support Occupations:				
Technicians & Related Support	50,279	4	3,013,725	3
Sales	148,583	11	9,727,163	10
Admin. Support, Clerical	234,525	17	16,723,748	17
Service Occupations:				
Private Household	5,132	1	563,644	1
Protective Services	17,940	1	1,473,088	2
Other Services	154,562	11	10,643,399	11
Farming, Forestry & Fishing Occupations	37,135	3	2,758,089	3
Precision Production, Craft & Repair Occupations	180,729	13	12,515,360	13
Operators, Fabricators & Laborers:				
Machine Operators, Assemblers, Inspectors	69,738	5	9,120,394	9
Transportation & Material Moving	57,545	4	4,359,494	5
Handlers, Equipment Cleaners, Helpers & Laborers	53,296	4	4,412,272	5

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; differences between column totals and 100% due to rounding error.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 66; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-3.

Table 15. Occupation of Employed Persons Age 14 and Older for Colorado and U.S. 1970.

	Colorado 1970		U.S. 1970	
	N Employed 14 Years & Older	% [1]	N Employed 14 Years & Older	%
Total	836,303	100	77,308,792	100
Professional, Technical & Kindred Workers	142,924	17	10,830,693	14
Managers & Administrators, Except Farm	76,198	9	6,139,377	8
Sales Workers	62,580	7	5,267,447	7
Clerical & Kindred Workers	148,252	18	13,034,691	17
Craftsmen, Foremen & Kindred Workers	98,470	12	9,996,459	13
Operatives, Except Transport	64,686	8	9,816,15	13
Transport Equipment Operatives	28,412	3	2,766,187	4
Laborers, Except Farm	31,890	4	3,213,154	4
Farmers & Farm Managers	18,700	2	1,343,094	2
Farm Laborers & Foremen	12,390	1	923,866	1
Service Workers, Except Private Household	101,605	12	8,064,517	10
Private Household Workers	9,183	1	1,089,115	1
Occupation Not Reported	41,013	5	4,824,037	6

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; difference between column total and 100% due to rounding error.

Sources: CO 1970 Census, Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 46; U.S. 1970, Census U.S. Summary, Vol. pt. 2, Table 221.

up-grading, and career changes. Also, since Colorado has high proportions of (a) skilled and professional workers, (b) young to middle-aged adults, (c) college graduates, and (d) middle to upper-middle income people, several other educational needs can be inferred. It is known that adults from higher socio-economic-status backgrounds (and later, their children) have potential to make disproportionately large contributions to the community/ state leadership pool, to business-industry creativity and profit, and to local/state tax revenues. It follows that these adults, their community and state, and the private sector, could benefit from the provision of learning resources and activities which (a) address other roles that adults fulfill and which (b) complement their occupational roles by (c) promoting balanced life perspectives and the development of creative potential. Some examples of these non-occupational learning resources and activities include:

- time and stress management;
- preventative health practices;
- family and interpersonal relations;
- financial planning and management;
- planning for adjustment to retirement;
- self-sufficiency and mental relief skills (as gardening and food processing, home maintenance, wood working);
- civic concerns, civic participation and decision-making;
- creative expression (as writing, art and literature); and
- use of microcomputers and other technology for information retrieval, sorting and processing.

Selected labor force characteristics of the population have been traced by geographic region of Colorado. They are noted in the next section and appendices to this report. The Colorado Department of Labor and Employment publishes, monthly, the Colorado Labor Force Review. Labor force and employment trends are carefully monitored in this Review. Persons interested in subscribing should contact the Department's Division of Employment and Training.

Labor Force Characteristics of Teenagers

The Census Bureau has provided fairly detailed information about levels of youth employment in 1980. It has also provided some insight into relationships between youth employment status and high school completion (Table 16).

In Colorado, 21% of 16 to 19 year olds were employed in 1980 (three percent of these were in the Armed Forces). Another 68% were students. Three percent reported that they were unemployed, and another 8% reported that they were not in the labor force.

Thirteen percent of Colorado 16 to 19 year olds had not completed high school and were not enrolled in school at the time of the 1980 Census. Presumably, they had, at least temporarily, dropped out of school. Of unemployed youth, 58% were high school drop-outs, as compared to 42% who were high school graduates. Of youth not in the labor force and not enrolled in school, 65% were high school drop-outs.

These proportions are generally consistent with those nation-wide. One exception is that a higher percent of youth enumerated in Colorado were in Armed Forces than was true for the U.S. (CO = 3%; U.S. = 1%).

These data substantiate the importance of high school completion in securing a job, and the difficulties older youth have in finding jobs. The proportions of youth who were not enrolled in school and were not in the labor force may be accounted for by several factors. Older teenagers often remain dependent on parents for support and therefore may not be encouraged or compelled to seek work. Some who had sought work may have been frustrated in their attempts,

Table 16. School Enrollment, Years of School Completed and Labor Force Status of Persons 16 to 19 Years Old for Colorado and U.S., 1980.

	Colorado 1980		U.S. 1980	
	N	% [1]	N	%
Total	218,982	100	17,105,415	100
Armed Forces	6,333	3	223,687	1
Civilian:				
Enrolled in School	149,479	68	11,982,393	70
Not Enrolled in School:				
High School Graduate:				
Employed	26,433	12	1,856,630	11
Unemployed	2,925	1	275,176	2
Not in Labor Force	5,935	3	493,728	3
Not High School Graduate:				
Employed	12,947	6	920,130	5
Unemployed	4,104	2	344,511	2
Not in Labor Force	10,826	5	1,009,160	6

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

Sources: CO 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 47; U.S. 1980 Census, Provisional Estimates Supplementary Report, Table P-2.

and withdrew from the active labor force. And, a small number can be expected to have had disabling conditions which prevented them from working.

In-Migration to Colorado as a Factor in Population Growth

Documenting movements of a population is a complex matter involving factors as in- and out-migration from a place, and temporary vs. longer-term trends. The Census provides some insights about in-migration to Colorado. As noted in Table 17, of people over 5 years of age in Colorado in 1980, over 500,000 (21% of the population) had lived in a different state in 1975. Of these, 34% lived in the North Central U.S., 30% in the West, 23% in the South, and 13% in the North East U.S. in 1975. (Refer to Figure 1 for states comprising the four regions of the U.S.) These data suggest that in-migration to Colorado is a major factor in the state's population growth. Similar findings were noted in the 1970 Census (Table 17).

One cannot ascertain from these data (a) whether in-migrants since 1975 lived only in Colorado since leaving another state; (b) whether in-migrants since 1975 had lived in Colorado sometime earlier and were returning to the state; or (c) whether people who reported living in Colorado, 1975, had temporarily left the state after 1975 and returned in time to be enumerated in Colorado in 1980. More importantly for education planning and policy, these data do not tell us to what extent recent in-migrants to Colorado are similar to (or different than) longer-term residents.

Until Census data is fully accessible, comparisons of characteristics of in-migrants with those of longer-term residents is not possible. However, given data already presented, it is appropriate to suggest that in-migrants account for some of the increases in the urban population, the proportion of young to middle-aged adults in the population, and increases in the pre-school age population. In-migration has also contributed to a more heterogenous racial mix, and likely, to the increased proportion of unmarried adults in Colorado. The state has, it seems, attracted in-migrants with population characteristics most like many longer-term residents (e.g., people with advanced levels of schooling, higher incomes and professional or technical occupations).

Data in Table 17 confirm that Coloradans, like other Americans, are highly mobile. Not only do they make major moves from state to state, but also within the state. Only 40% of Coloradans (age 5 and older) lived in the same house in 1975 and 1980. Twenty-three percent lived in different houses in the same Colorado county, 1975 and 1980. Fifteen percent lived in different Colorado counties, 1975 and 1980.

For state education planning and policy purposes, these insights are important because they contribute a major portion of changing population characteristics. For local/regional purposes, in-migration has been noted by geographic region and county of the state in the next section and appendices of this Source Book.

Education Planning: Methods for Developing Increased Understanding of Educational Audiences

Census data provide important insights, but are limited by their generality and timeliness. Other sources of information are needed to complement, to localize, and otherwise help to explain Census reports. Observation in local areas and discussion with lay leaders, business people, government officials and academicians are important ways to gather information. Review of secondary data sources (e.g. Department of Labor, State Department of Education) other than the Census is another way.

Education planners and administrators can also collect information specific to their purposes. Profiles of participants in local education programs can be developed. Surveys of educational needs and interests of citizens in

Table 17. Place of Residence of Colorado Persons 5 Years of Age and Older, 1975 and 1965; Numbers, Percents and Percent Change Between 1970 and 1980 Census[1]

	Place of Residence, 1975		Place of Residence, 1965		% Change In
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	Category, 1970 to 1980
Total Population 5 Years and Older	2,676,133	100	2,021,277	100	32
Lived In Same House	1,065,700	40	867,755	43	23
Lived In Different House In U.S.	1,555,113	58	1,001,261	50	55
Same Colorado County	607,818	23	405,488	20	50
Different County	947,295	35	595,773	29	59
Different Colorado County	395,956	15	238,050	12	66
County In Different State	551,339	21	357,723	18	54
State In Northeast U.S.[2]	72,229	3	36,289	2	99
State In North Central U.S.[3]	185,383	7	130,069	6	43
State In South U.S.[4]	125,980	5	78,800	4	60
State In West U.S.[5]	167,747	6	112,565	6	49
Lived Abroad	55,320	2	35,131	6	57
Moved, But Residence Not Reported	0	0	117,130	2	--

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

[2]Northeast states = CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT.

[3]North Central states = IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI.

[4]South states = AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, WV (plus Wash. D.C.).

[5]West states = AL, AZ, CA, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY (plus Colorado).

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 34; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 145.

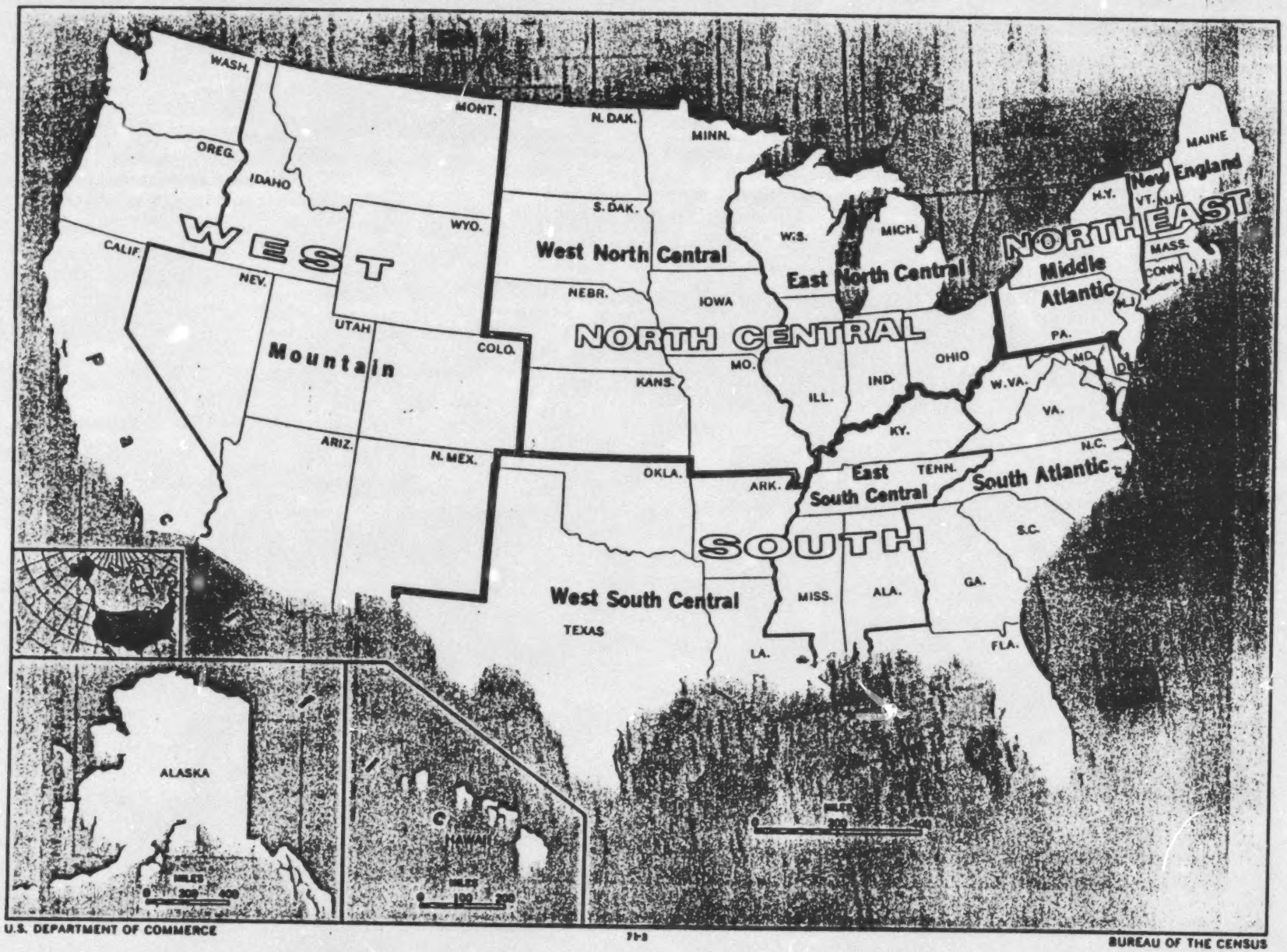


Figure 1. Regions and Geographic Divisions of the United States.

local communities or educational service areas can be conducted. When these tasks are undertaken, it is recommended that at least some demographic characteristics of the participant or survey group be assessed. In so doing, educators will be able to detect changes which occur between decades. They will be able to determine whether newcomers to the area have different needs and interests than do longer-term residents. They will be able to tell if people in certain occupations, or of certain ages, more frequently participate in their programs. Insights as these should result in more effective education planning, programs and policies, as well as more effectively targeted publicity campaigns.

In order to make sound comparisons and note changes over time, demographic questions asked by educators should be comparable with those asked in the Census. For this reason, questions asked in the 1980 Census have been reviewed and adapted to meet Colorado educators' interests. Sample demographic questions that would allow local survey data to be compared with Census reports are included in Appendix B of this Source Book.

THE COLORADO POPULATION AS VIEWED FROM WITHIN:

1980 POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS IN EIGHT MULTI-COUNTY AREAS

For State education planning and policy development, and for the purposes of education institutions, it is important to know whether population characteristics vary in different areas of the State. In this section of the Source Book, Colorado is divided into eight geographic areas, and characteristics of the population in those areas are compared. Data in tables are briefly discussed; results of regional comparisons are summarized at the end of the chapter.

The Eight Multi-County Areas

The eight geographical areas (or regions) are outlined in the map in Figure 2. Counties contained in each area are noted in the same figure. The eight areas approximate, but are not exactly the same as service areas of Colorado's public post-secondary schools and colleges. They also approximate historic and contemporary population groupings. (In Appendix B, population characteristics are displayed for a different set of Colorado regions. In that appendix, the State is divided into four, rather than eight multi-county areas. These four areas are consistent with the regions which the Colorado Commission on Higher Education refers to in its master planning documents.)

Population characteristics presented in this section (and in Appendix B) were gleaned from the 1980 Census. It would be useful to compare 1980 with earlier data. Resource limitations prevented making those comparisons at this time.

The Eight Regions: General Population Characteristics

Population Counts and Urban-Rural Distinctions

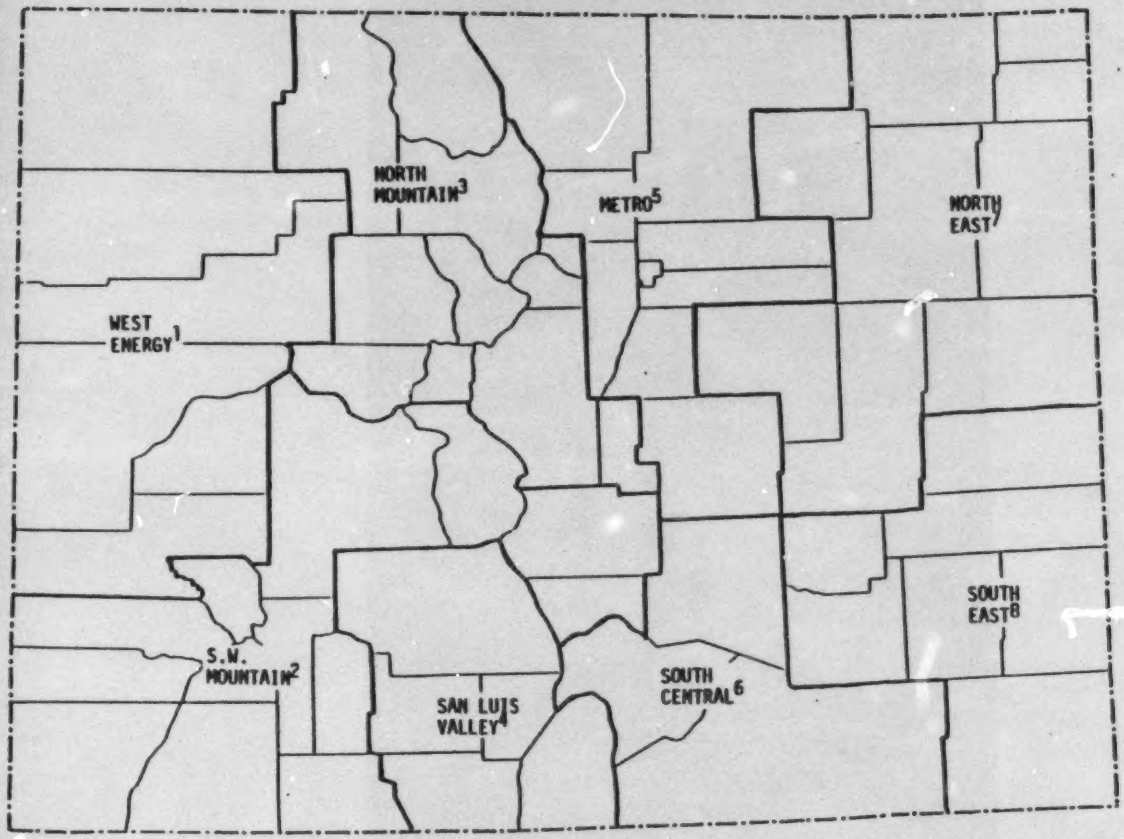
1980 population counts and percent of the population classified as urban or rural are noted in Table 18 for each of the eight multi-county regions. The majority of the State's residents lived inside urbanized areas of 50,000 or more in the Metro region. Proportions show the Metro region to be highly urbanized. Yet consider that in terms of numbers, the Metro region included almost 40% of the State's 1980 rural population as well. The majority of Metro region people classified as rural did not live on farms in 1980. However, again in terms of numbers, the Metro region had more people living on farms than did any other region of the State.

Five of the eight regions were predominantly rural in 1980 (South West Mountain, North Mountain, San Luis Valley, North East, and South East). In all but one of these regions, more than 25% of the people lived in towns with populations between 2,500 and 49,999 (North Mountain excluded). The North Mountain area was highly rural non-farm in character (81%). Regions with the greatest proportion of on-farm residents were the North East region (17%) and the South East region (11%).

The South Central region, which includes Pueblo County, was predominantly urban (84%), although 26% of its 1980 population lived in smaller towns or in rural places. The West Energy region represented an almost even balance between urban (52%) and rural (48%) people in 1980.

In summary, and with the qualifiers noted above, two of the eight regions can be characterized as predominantly urban (Metro; South Central). Five of the regions are predominately rural (South West Mountain; North Mountain; San Luis Valley, North East, South East). The eighth region (West Energy) is almost evenly divided, rural and urban.

Figure 2. The State of Colorado as Comprised of Eight Multi-County Areas.



[1] West Energy counties = Delta, Garfield, Mesa, Moffat, Montrose, Rio Blanco.

[2] S.W. Mountain counties = Archuleta, Custer, Chaffee, Delores, Fremont, Gunnison, Hinsdale, La Plata, Mineral, Montezuma, Ouray, San Juan, San Miguel.

[3] North Mountain counties = Clear Creek, Eagle, Gilpin, Grand, Jackson, Lake, Park, Pitkin, Routt, Summit, Teller.

[4] San Luis Valley counties = Alamosa, Conejos, Costilla, Rio Grande, Saguache.

[5] Metro counties = Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Denver, Douglas, El Paso, Jefferson, Larimer, Weld.

[6] South Central counties = Huerfano, Las Animas, Pueblo.

[7] North East counties = Elbert, Kit Carson, Lincoln, Logan, Morgan, Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington, Yuma.

[8] South East counties = Baca, Bent, Cheyenne, Crowley, Kiowa, Otero, Prowers.

Table 18. Selected General Characteristics of the Population for Eight Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION[2]	WEST-ENERGY	S.W. MOUNTAIN	NORTH MOUNTAIN	SAN LUIS VALLEY	METRO	SOUTH-CENTRAL	NORTH-EAST	SOUTH-EAST
Total Population	169,009	110,538	87,194	37,110	2,200,507	147,309	84,219	54,078
Urban	52%[3]	44%	17%	29%	90%	84%	36%	44%
Inside Urbanized Areas	34	0	0	0	84	74	0	0
Outside Urbanized Areas	19	44	17	29	6	9	36	44
Rural	48	56	83	71	10	16	64	56
Farm	4	4	2	7	1	2	17	11
Non-Farm	43	52	81	64	9	15	47	45
1975 PLACE OF RESIDENCE OF PERSONS 5 YEARS AND OLDER LIVING IN COLORADO IN 1980								
Total Population 5 Yrs. & Older	155,072	102,335	[illegible],517	33,856	2,040,860	136,338	77,543	49,612
Lived in Same House, 1975	37%	41%	29%	58%	38%	54%	51%	55%
Lived in Different House in U.S., 1975	62	58	70	41	59	45	48	44
Same Colorado County	25	21	19	18	22	29	22	23
Different County	37	37	51	23	37	16	26	21
Different Colorado County	18	16	22	14	15	6	15	11
County in Different State	19	21	29	10	22	10	11	10
State in Northeast U.S.[4]	1	1	5	0	3	1	0	0
State in North Central U.S.[4]	5	6	10	2	7	3	6	4
State in South U.S.[4]	3	4	6	2	5	2	1	3
State in West U.S.[4]	10	10	9	5	6	4	3	3
Lived Abroad, 1975	1	1	1	1	2	1	0	1
AGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION								
Total Population	169,009	110,538	87,194	37,110	2,200,507	147,309	84,219	54,078
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	8%	7%	8%	9%	7%	7%	8%	8%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8	7	7	9	7	7	8	8
10 to 14 Yrs.	8	8	7	8	8	8	8	8
15 to 19 Yrs.	9	10	7	11	9	10	9	10
20 to 24 Yrs.	9	10	12	9	11	9	8	7
25 to 29 Yrs.	10	10	16	8	11	8	8	7
30 to 34 Yrs.	8	8	13	7	10	7	7	7
35 to 44 Yrs.	12	11	13	10	12	10	11	10
45 to 54 Yrs.	9	10	8	9	9	10	10	10
55 to 59 Yrs.	5	5	3	5	4	5	5	6
60 to 64 Yrs.	4	4	2	4	3	5	4	5
65 to 74 Yrs.	7	7	3	7	5	8	8	8
75 Yrs. & Older	4	4	1	5	3	5	6	6

[1] Refer to Figure 2 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the eight areas of Colorado.

[2] Definitions: "Urbanized Areas" = central city(s) & surrounding closely settled territory that together have minimum population of 50,000. "Outside Urbanized Areas" = places of 2,500 or more that are not included in urbanized areas. "Rural Population" = those not classified as urban. "Farms" = places from which sales of crops, livestock and other farm products amounted to $1000 or more during the previous year.

[3] Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in appropriate column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

[4] Refer to Figure 1 for a listing of states that comprise northeast, north central, south and west U.S.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (urban-rural = Tables 1 & 7; 1975 residence = Table 34; age = Table 15).

Population Stability

Inter-regional comparisons of place of residence 1975 and 1980 show considerable variation between regions (Table 18). South Central, South East, San Luis Valley and North East regions had most stable populations between 1975 and 1980. In those regions, about three-quarters or more of the population reported (in 1980) that they had lived in the same house or the same county in 1975. In each of these regions, about 10% of the population had lived in other states in 1975. Until further analysis is possible, it is not known if people who had moved from one Colorado county to another between 1975 and 1980, came predominately from neighboring counties within the region.

The South Central region, whose population numbers are particularly influenced by urban Pueblo, had the most stable population in the five year period. Eighty-three percent of that region's population lived in the same house or county, 1975 and 1980.

In contrast, the North Mountain region had proportionately fewer people who had resided in the same house or county, 1975 and 1980 (48%). Twenty-nine percent of the population in the North Mountain region had lived in a different state in 1975. In Metro, West Energy and South West regions, about 50% of the population reported that they had lived in the same house or county, 1975 and 1980. In these regions, about 20% of the population had lived in a different state in 1975.

In all regions, newcomers from out-of-state tended to be from states in the north central, southern or western U.S. Colorado is part of the Census Bureau's western region and is adjacent to states in the Bureau's north central and southern regions. Additional analysis is needed to determine whether most of these people came from neighboring states.

Age Distribution

Inter-regional comparisons show that the San Luis Valley had the greatest proportion of pre-school age children (9%) (Table 18). Metro, South West and Southern Cental regions had 7% of their populations in that age group in 1980. In other regions, 8% of the population were of pre-school age. The San Luis Valley area also had the highest proportion of youth, age 5 to 19 (28%). In contrast, the North Mountain region had 21% of its population in the 5 to 19 year old age group. Proportions of the population, age 5 to 19, in other regions varied from 24% to 26%.

Proportions of young adults in the population, age 20 to 29, varied considerably between regions (14% to 28%). The North Mountain region had 28% of its population in that age category; Metro, South West and West Energy areas had about 20% of their population in that age grouping; and other regions had fewer people of that age, with the South East having the lowest proportion of 20 to 29 year olds (14%).

Proportions of the population, age 30 to 54, varied somewhat less between regions (26% to 34%). The North Mountain region had 34% of its population in that age grouping; the San Luis Valley had about one-quarter of its population in the age group, 30 to 54 years.

North Mountain and Metro regions had smaller proportions of people, age 55 to 64 (5% and 7%, respectively), than other regions (range = 9% to 11%). North Mountain and Metro areas also had smaller proportions of people 65 years and older (4% and 8%, respectively) than did other regions (range = 11% to 14%).

In summary, North Mountain and Metro regions were characterized by greater proportions of young-to-middle-age adults than were other regions in 1980. These two regions also had proportionately fewer children than did other regions. In contrast, South East, South Central, San Luis Valley and North East regions tended to have somewhat greater

concentrations of middle-age to older adults and youth, age 5 to 19. West Energy and South West areas tended to fall mid-way in rankings of regions in each age grouping.

Social/Educational Characteristics

Language Proficiency

As observed in State-wide data, in 1980 there were few adults in any region who were not proficient in English speaking skills (Table 19). Highest proportions of people lacking language skills were those observed in the San Luis Valley (3%) and the South East area (2%). Data in another table (Table 21) traces actual numbers of adults, age 18 and older, who were not proficient in English skills by region. As to be expected, greatest numbers and proportions of adults with limited English speaking aiblities resided in the two urban regions. According to the 1980 Census, there were over 18,000 adults in the Metro area who could not speak English well or at all. Of these, about 57% were from Spanish-language homes. There were just under 3,000 adults in the South Central region with English-speaking deficiencies. About 60% of these were from Spanish-speaking homes. Numbers of adults with English-speaking deficiencies in other regions of the State ranged from a low of about 175 persons (North Mountain area) to a high of about 1100 in the San Luis Valley. In each region, there were proportionately more people with English-speaking deficiencies from homes where Spanish was spoken than from other language homes.

Years of School Completed

In comparison to other regions, the North Mountain and Metro regions had highest proportions of people, age 18 and older, with four or more years college (26% and 22%, respectively) (Table 19). Those two regions also had smallest proportions of people with less than 12 years schooling (13% and 19%, respectively).

In contrast, South East, South Central, San Luis Valley and North East regions had proportionately fewer people with four or more years college (range = 109% to 13%) and proportionately more people with less than 12 years schooling (range = 30% to 36%). In West Energy and South West regions, about one-third of the regional populations had schooling beyond high school and about one-quarter of the populations had competed less than 12 years schooling.

Data in Table 20 trace regional locations of Coloradans, 18 years and older, with less than 12 years schooling. As to be expeted, largest numbers of this group are concentrated in the Metro region.

School Enrollment

Proportions of the population enrolled in nursery school varied somewhat between regions in 1980 (range = 2% to 5%) (Table 19). Population proportions of students enrolled in kindergarten through eighth grade varied considerably by region (range = 48% to 60%). Metro and South West regions had smallest proportions of k-8 students (48%, 49% respectively), while the South East region had the highest proportion of k-8 students (60%). Proportions of high school students also varied by region (range = 21% to 30%). Comparatively, the Metro region had the smallest proportion of high school students (21%) and the North East had the largest proportion (30%).

Proportions of the enrolled population, in college, varied considerably by region. In Metro and South West regions, almost one-quarter of all enrolled students were enrolled in college in 1980. In San Luis Valley and South Central regions, 17% of all enrolled students were in college. In West Energy and North Mountion areas, 12% of students were in college. In North East and South East regions, 9% of students were in college.

Table 19. Selected Social Characteristics of the Population for Eight Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

AGE BY LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH FOR PERSONS 5 YEARS AND OLDER	WEST-ENERGY	S.W. MOUNTAIN	NORTH MOUNTAIN	SAN LUIS VALLEY	METRO	SOUTH-CENTRAL	NORTH-EAST	SOUTH-EAST
Total Population 5 Yrs. & Older	154,987	102,381	80,600	33,875	2,038,762	136,326	77,334	49,607
5 to 17 Yrs. of Age								
Speak Only English at Home	22%[2]	20%	19%	16%	20%	21%	22%	21%
Speak a Language Other Than English at Home								
Spanish Language Spoken at Home:								
Speak English Well/Very Well	1	1	1	9	1	2	1	3
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Other Languages Spoken at Home:								
Speak English Well/Very Well	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 Yrs. of Age and Older:								
Speak Only English at Home	72	71	75	42	70	57	70	61
Speak a Language Other Than English at Home								
Spanish Language Spoken at Home:								
Speak English Well/Very Well	3	5	3	27	4	15	3	11
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	2
Other Languages Spoken at Home:								
Speak English Well/Very Well	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	2
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OLDER								
Total Population 18 Yrs. & Older	119,679	80,232	64,784	25,180	1,588,945	104,426	59,127	37,585
0 to 11 Yrs. of Schooling	26%	25%	13%	36%	19%	33%	30%	36%
4 Yrs. High School or GED	39	38	35	34	36	38	42	37
1 to 3 Yrs. College	21	21	25	17	23	18	17	16
4 Yrs. College	8	10	17	7	12	6	7	6
5+ Yrs. College	5	6	9	6	10	5	4	4
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT OF PERSONS 3 YEARS & OLDER								
Total Enrolled Population, 3 Yrs. & Older[3]	40,536	29,081	18,439	10,784	628,338	40,107	20,293	13,513
Public	95%	95%	94%	99%	88%	94%	97%	97%
Private	5	5	6	1	12	6	3	3
Nursery School	4	4	5	3	5	4	3	2
Public	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
Private	2	1	3	0	3	2	1	1
Grades K-8	58	49	58	54	48	53	58	60
Public	56	47	56	54	44	50	57	59
Private	2	2	1	0	4	2	1	1
High School	25	24	25	26	23	27	30	29
Public	25	23	25	26	21	26	30	28
Private	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
College	12	23	12	17	24	17	9	9
Public	11	22	11	17	21	16	9	9
Private	1	1	1	0	3	1	0	0

[1] Refer to Figure 2 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the eight areas of Colorado.

[2] Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in appropriate column sums & 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

[3] Persons counted as enrolled are those who "attended regular school or college" at any time between the period Feb. 1, 1980 and the time of enumeration, April, 1980.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (language = table 27; school completed = table 50; school enrollment = tables 44 & 45).

Table 20. The Population, Age 18 Years and Older, of Eight Multi-County Areas in Colorado; Number and Percent of Persons of that Age with Less than 12 Years Schooling.[1]

	Persons 18 Years and Older		Persons 18 Years and Older With Less Than 12 Years Schooling	
	N	%[2]	N	%
Colorado	2,079,958	100	442,195	100
West Energy Area	119,679	6	31,010	7
S.W. Mountain Area	80,232	4	20,287	5
North Mountain Area	64,784	3	8,473	2
San Luis Valley Area	25,180	1	9,175	2
Metro Area	1,588,945	76	307,329	70
South Central Area	104,426	5	34,336	8
North East Area	59,127	3	17,867	4
South East Area	37,585	2	13,718	3

[1]Refer to Figure 2 for listing of counties comprising each multi-county area.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent, rounding error accounts for any differences in column sums and 100%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 15 and 50.

Table 21. The Population, Age 18 Years and Older, of Eight Multi-County Areas in Colorado; Number and Percent of Persons of that Age Who Live in Homes Where a Language Other than English is Spoken and Do Not Speak English Well.[1]

	Persons 18 Years and Older		Persons 18 Years and Older in Homes Where Language Other Than English is Spoken: Spanish Spoken at Home: Persons Who Do Not Speak English Well or At All		Persons 18 Years and Older in Homes Where Language Other Than English is Spoken: Other Language Spoken at Home: Persons Who Do Not Speak English Well or At All	
	N	%[2]	N	%	N	%
Colorado	2,079,958	100	16,208	100	9,230	100
West Energy Area	119,679	6	757	5	317	3
S.W. Mountain Area	80,232	4	378	2	174	2
North Mountain Area	64,784	3	174	1	99	1
San Luis Valley Area	25,180	1	1,096	7	42	1
Metro Area	1,588,945	76	10,710	66	7,983	86
South Central Area	104,426	5	1,820	11	377	4
North East Area	59,127	3	359	2	187	2
South East Area	37,585	2	914	6	51	1

[1]Refer to Figure 2 for listing of counties comprising each multi-county area.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 15 and 27.

Household Income

For simplicity in comparing household income levels between the eight regions, it is useful to combine income categories. When the 12 income categories noted in Table 22 are collapsed to form only three income groupings, patterns emerge. The three groupings are for household income (1) near or below the poverty line ($0 to $7,499); (2) above the poverty line to include median Colorado household income ($7,500 to $19,999); and (3) above Colorado median household income ($20,000 and over). (See footnote 1, Table 22 for further insights about these three groupings.)

Six of the eight regions had proportionately more households with income above $20,000 and proportionately fewer households with income below $7,500. The North Mountain area appeared as most affluent, with 51% of households having income above $20,000 and only 13% having income less than $7,500. The Metro area was a close contender, with 47% of households with income above $20,000 and 16% with income less than $7,500. In contrast, the San Luis Valley and South East areas appeared least prosperous. In the San Luis Valley area, there were 35% of households with income less than $7,500 and 23% with income above $20,000. In the South East area there were 31% of households with income less than $7,500 and 25% with income more than $20,000.

Labor Force Characteristics

Sector ("Class") of Employment

As observed in earlier discussions of sector of employment of workers, age 16 and over, distributions show that for all eight regions the majority of workers were private sector salaried workers in 1980 (Table 23). However, the proportion of the population employed in the private sector for salary varied considerably between regions (low = 57%; high = 75%). The San Luis Valley and South East regions had proportionately fewer private wage and salary workers (57% and 59%, respectively) than other regions. In these two regions, about one-quarter of the employed population worked in local, state and federal government jobs. The North East region had the highest proportion of self-employed workers (19%).

Youth Employment and High School Completion Status

Employment rates among teenagers, age 16 to 19, were highest in North Mountain (30%) and West Energy (23%) regions (Table 23). In these regions, fewer high school dropouts than high school graduates were employed. (North Mountain employed dropouts = 8%, employed graduates = 15%; West Energy employed dropouts = 7%, employed graduates = 23%). In the other six regions of Colorado youth employment ranged from 13% to 18%, and similar to North Mountain and West Energy areas, fewer high school dropouts than graduates were employed.

Youth unemployment rates within regions did not differ much between high school graduates and dropouts. Nor did unemployment rates vary much between regions (lowest rate = 2%; highest rate = 4%). Consistent with State-wide observations made earlier in this Source Book, the proportion of the youth population within regions who were not high school graduates and also not in the labor force was somewhat higher than the proportion of high school graduates not in the labor force. The proportion of youth who were high school dropouts and not in the labor force varied between regions from a low of 4% to a high of 7%. The proportion of youthful high school graduates, not in the labor force varied from a low of 2% to a high of 4%.

Table 22 . Number of Households and Percent of Households in Various Income Groupings for Eight Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980.[1]

	WEST-ENERGY	S.W. MOUNTAIN	NORTH MOUNTAIN	SAN LUIS VALLEY	METRO	SOUTH-CENTRAL	NORTH-EAST	SOUTH-EAST
Total Number of Households	60,931	39,404	33,293	12,299	813,758	53,054	30,781	19,359
Less than $2,500	3%[2]	5%	3%	8%	3%	5%	3%	5%
$2,500 to $4,999	9	11	5	14	6	11	10	14
$5,000 to $7,499	8	10	5	13	7	10	10	12
$7,500 to $9,999	9	10	6	10	7	9	9	11
$10,000 to $14,999	16	17	14	19	15	16	18	19
$15,000 to $19,999	15	16	15	12	14	14	15	13
$20,000 to $24,999	13	12	18	10	13	12	11	10
$25,000 to $29,999	10	8	11	5	10	8	8	6
$30,000 to $34,999	6	5	8	2	7	6	5	3
$35,000 to 39,999	4	2	5	2	5	3	3	2
$40,000 to $49,999	3	3	6	2	6	4	3	2
$50,000 and over	4	3	6	2	6	3	3	2

[1]Notes: Refer to Figure 2 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the eight areas of Colorado. A household includes all persons who occupy a housing unit; families and nonrelated individuals who live in the same quarters are included in the count of households, as well as persons who live alone. The average number of persons per household in Colorado, 1980, was 2.65. Income data is reported for the year (1979) preceding the 1980 census. Median 1979 Colorado household income was $18,057. The threshold of poverty varies due to factors as size of household or family, number of children, age of householder or unrelated individual. Examples of poverty thresholds: family of 4, 1979 = $7412; 2 person household, with householder under 65 years, 1979 = $4876; 1 person household, householder over 65 years, 1979 = $3479.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, tables 68 and 69.

Table 23 . Selected Labor Force Characteristics for Eight Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

CLASS OF EMPLOYED WORKERS 16 YEARS AND OLDER	WEST-ENERGY	S.W. MOUNTAIN	NORTH MOUNTAIN	SAN LUIS VALLEY	METRO	SOUTH-CENTRAL	NORTH-EAST	SOUTH-EAST
Total Number of Workers, 16 & Older	75,137	45,411	49,026	13,492	1,064,829	55,788	37,368	20,966
Private Wage & Salary Worker	73%[2]	66%	75%	57%	76%	71%	62%	59%
Federal Government Worker	4	5	2	7	5	4	3	7
State Government Worker	4	7	2	10	4	8	3	5
Local Government Worker	8	10	9	12	8	10	11	12
Self-Employed Worker	11	11	11	13	7	7	19	16
Unpaid Family Worker	1	1	1	1	0	1	2	2
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND LABOR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS 16 TO 19 YEARS OLD								
Total Population 16 to 19 Yrs. Old	12,331	9,109	5,244	3,354	167,616	11,063	6,182	4,083
Armed Forces	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%
Civilian:								
Enrolled in School	63	73	59	72	68	72	75	71
Not Enrolled in School:								
High School Graduate:								
Employed	15	9	23	10	12	11	12	10
Unemployed	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	2
Not in Labor Force	3	4	3	4	2	4	4	4
Not High School Graduate:								
Employed	8	4	7	4	6	3	4	5
Unemployed	2	3	2	1	2	2	1	1
Not in Labor Force	6	5	4	6	5	7	4	7

[1]Refer to Figure 2 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the eight areas of Colorado.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for difference in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (class of employed workers = table 67; labor force status of 16 to 19 yr. olds = table 47).

Table 23 , continued. Selected Labor Force Characteristics for Eight Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS AGE 16 AND OLDER	WEST-ENERGY	S.W. MOUNTAIN	NORTH MOUNTAIN	SAN LUIS VALLEY	METRO	SOUTH-CENTRAL	NORTH-EAST	SOUTH-EAST
Total Number Employed, Age 16+	75,137	45,411	49,026	13,492	1,064,829	55,788	37,368	20,966
Managerial and Professional Specialty Occupations:								
Exec., Admin., Managerial	10%[2]	10%	14%	9%	13%	9%	8%	9%
Professional Specialty	12	12	12	13	14	12	9	11
Technical, Sales & Admin. Support Occupations:								
Technicians & Related Support	3	2	2	2	4	3	2	3
Sales	11	11	10	8	11	10	9	9
Admin. Support, Clerical	14	13	11	14	18	14	12	13
Service Occupations:								
Private Household	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Services	1	2	2	1	1	2	0	1
Other Services	11	15	15	12	11	14	12	13
Farming, Forestry & Fishing Occupations	5	5	3	13	2	2	20	15
Precision Production, Craft & Repair Occupations	18	17	19	12	13	14	13	12
Operators, Fabricators & Laborers:								
Machine Operators, Assemblers, Inspectors	4	3	3	5	5	7	3	5
Transportation & Material Moving	6	6	5	5	4	7	6	6
Handlers, Equipment Cleaners, Helpers & Laborers	5	4	4	6	4	5	5	5
INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYMENT OF EMPLOYED PERSONS AGE 16 AND OLDER								
Total Number Employed, Age 16+	75,137	45,411	49,026	13,492	1,064,829	55,788	37,368	20,966
Ag, Forestry, Fisheries, Mining	15%	13%	13%	17%	4%	4%	23%	17%
Construction	12	10	13	8	7	6	8	6
Manufacturing:								
Non-durable Goods	3	2	2	4	5	3	5	3
Durable Goods	4	4	3	5	10	15	2	3
Transportation, Communications & Other Public Utilities	9	6	6	7	8	9	8	9
Wholesale Trade	4	2	2	4	5	3	5	3
Retail Trade	19	21	20	14	17	19	17	17
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate	5	5	8	4	8	5	4	4
Business & Repair Services	3	3	4	2	5	4	3	3
Personal, Entertainment, Recreational Services	4	7	13	4	4	4	4	4
Professional & Related Services:								
Health Services	7	6	3	7	6	11	6	9
Educational Services	7	10	6	15	9	10	9	10
Other Prof./Related Services	4	4	4	4	5	4	3	4
Public Administration	5	7	5	7	6	5	4	5

[1] Refer to Figure 2 for listing of counties that comprise each of the eight areas of Colorado.

[2] Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for any differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .05 = 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (occupation = table 68; industry = table 65).

High school dropout rates varied some between regions, from a high of 16% (West Energy area), to a low of 9% (North East area). Dropout rates in most regions were about 12%.

Occupation of Employment

Consistent with state-wide data, managerial-professional and technical occupations were predominant in each of the eight regions in 1980 (Table 23, continuation page). In the Metro region, about 60% of workers were employed in managerial-professional and technical occupations in 1980. Close to fifty percent of workers in six of the seven other regions held managerial-professional and technical jobs. In the North East, somewhat fewer (40%) workers held managerial-professional and technical jobs in 1980.

Between regions, proportions of workers in farming occupations varied considerably. Twenty percent of workers in North East and in South East Colorado and 13% in the San Luis Valley had farming occupations in 1980. All other regions had 5% or fewer workers in farming occupations. Proportions of workers in service occupations, precision production and machine operation and manual labor did not vary greatly between regions.

Industry of Employment

Variations in industry of employment, between regions, were most evident for the agriculture-forestry-fishing-mining industry, and the manufacturing industry (Table 23, continuation page). The characteristically urban Metro and South Central regions had proportionately more workers in manufacturing industries (15% and 18%, respectively) and proportionately fewer workers in agriculture-forestry-fishing-mining industries than did other regions in the State in 1980. Highest proportions of agriculture-forestry-fishing-mining workers were noted in the North East area (23%), the San Luis Valley and South East areas (17% in each area). The most common industry of employment in each region tended to be that reflecting retail and wholesale trade.

Summary

Inter-regional comparisons of population characteristics have revealed some distinctions within the state. While four regions (West Energy, South West, South Central and North East) displayed mixed characteristics, the other four regions can be characterized in two groupings that reflect considerable difference.

According to the 1980 Census data, two rural regions (San Luis Valley and South East) are less affluent, with greater proportions of (1) agricultural and government workers, (2) young children and older people, and (3) adults with less than 12 years schooling. In contrast, the characteristically urban Metro area and the rural, non-farm, North Mountain area are more affluent, with great proportions of (1) managerial-professional and technical specialty workers, (2) young-to-middle-age adults, and (3) college graduates. (Yet in terms of numbers, the urban Metro and South Central regions have greatest numbers of people with low incomes, limited schooling, and English language deficiencies).

These regional comparisons, when coupled with education implications of state-wide data (presented in an earlier section of this Source Book), should assist education program planners and policy makers to make judgments about the priority of education needs of adults in different areas of the state. Regional data can be used to better target education publicity campaigns, on-going programs, new or experimental projects, and student grant and loan programs. More localized insights may be gained from a review of county-level data in Appendix A.

REFERENCE NOTES

[1] Colorado Population Reports, Population Estimates (CP 28-82(A)-1). Denver: State Demographer's Office, Oct. 1981, pp. 8, 9.

[2] Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report (No. 2), Denver: State Demographer's Office, Oct. 1981, p. 9.

[3] ibid.

[4] Race and Ethnic Change in Colorado as Indicated by 1970 and 1980 Census Counts. Denver: State Demographer's Office, Nov. 1981, Table 1.

[5] Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report (No. 2), Denver: State Demographer's Office, Oct. 1981, p. 9.

[6] Colorado Demographic Trends (handout prepared by Colorado Demographic Office for seminar, Colorado State University, Oct., 1982), Table 2.

[7] 1980 Census of Population and Housing, Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic and Housing Characteristics, pt. 7, Colorado. Bureau of the Census, Nov. 1982, Table P-4. (Publication #: PH-C80-S2-7).

[8] ibid.

[9] As discussed by Cross in Adults As Learners (Jossey-Bass, 1981), Peters and Gordon in Adult Learning Projects (University of Tennessee, 1974), Tough in Adult's Learning Projects (Ontario Institute for Studies in Education, 1971), and Johnstone and Rivera in Volunteers for Learning (National Opinion Research Center, Chicago, 1964).

[10] 1980 Census, Statistical Tape File 3 (STF-3), Table 127.

[11] 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 131.

[12] 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 134.

[13] ibid.

[14] 1980 Census, STF-3, Tables 15 and 67.

[15] 1980 Census, STF-3, Tables 15 and 61.

[16] 1980 Census, STF-3, Table 53.

[17] As discussed by Cross and others (Footnote 9, above).

APPENDIX A

Colorado's Sixty-Three Counties:

Selected Population Characteristics

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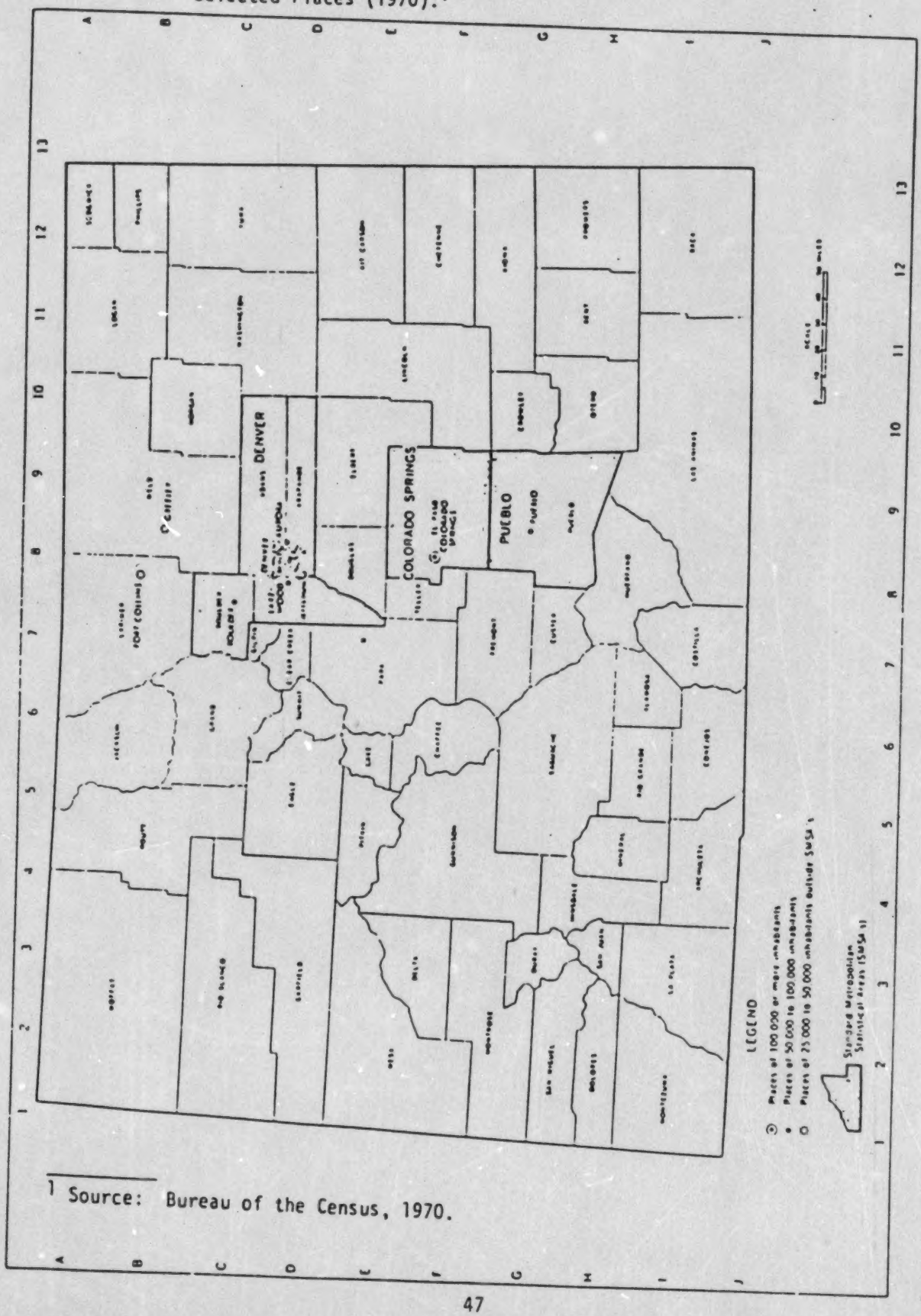
Figure A-1. Colorado Counties, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, and Selected Places (1970).[1]



[1] Source: Bureau of the Census, 1970.

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Table A-1. Persons in Households and Group Quarters, Occupied and Vacant Housing Units, and Persons Per Household: Colorado Counties and Municipalities, 1980.

	PERSONS			HOUSING UNITS				PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	TOTAL	IN HOUSEHOLDS	IN GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	Vacant NUMBER	Vacant PERCENT	
STATE OF COLORADO	2889964	2815572	74392	2194253	1061253	133000	11.14	2.65
ADAMS	245944	243871	2073	89280	84219	5061	5.67	2.90
•ARVADA	1229	--	--	366	--	--	--	--
•AURORA	29193	--	--	11931	--	--	--	--
BENNETT	942	942	--	337	304	33	9.79	3.10
•BRIGHTON	12773	--	--	4403	--	--	--	--
•BROOMFIELD	5467	--	--	1869	--	--	--	--
COMMERCE CITY	16234	15983	251	5675	5385	290	5.11	2.97
FEDERAL HEIGHTS	7846	7846	--	3579	3390	189	5.28	2.31
NORTHGLENN	29847	29683	164	9827	9543	284	2.89	3.11
THORNTON	40343	40132	211	14487	13654	833	5.75	2.94
•WESTMINSTER	32046	--	--	12194	--	--	--	--
UNINCORPORATED	70824	--	--	24612	--	--	--	--
ALAMOSA	11799	10930	869	4433	3921	512	11.55	2.79
ALAMOSA	6830	5961	869	2522	2314	208	8.25	2.58
HOOPER	71	71	--	37	27	10	27.03	2.63
UNINCORPORATED	4898	4898	--	1874	1580	294	15.69	3.10
ARAPAHOE	293621	290946	2675	113229	106018	7211	6.37	2.74
•AURORA	129395	--	--	50890	--	--	--	--
•BOW MAR	690	--	--	211	--	--	--	--
CHERRY HILLS	5127	5116	11	1579	1529	50	3.17	3.35
COLUMBINE VALLEY	923	923	--	354	309	45	12.71	2.99
DEER TRAIL	463	463	--	223	195	28	12.56	2.37
ENGLEWOOD	30021	29640	381	13359	12766	593	4.44	2.32
GLENDALE	2496	2496	--	1886	1784	102	5.41	1.40
GREENWOOD VILLAGE	5729	5729	--	1712	1638	74	4.32	3.50
•LITTLETON	28503	--	--	11198	--	--	--	--
SHERIDAN	5377	5357	20	2134	2027	107	5.01	2.64
UNINCORPORATED	84897	--	--	29683	--	--	--	--
ARCHULETA*	3664	3664	--	2044	1241	803	39.29	2.95
PAGOSA SPRINGS	1331	1331	--	529	443	86	16.26	3.00
UNINCORPORATED	2333	2333	--	1515	798	717	47.33	2.92
BACA	5419	5419	--	2480	2047	433	17.46	2.65
CAMPO	185	185	--	89	77	12	13.48	2.40
PRITCHETT	183	183	--	100	82	18	18.00	2.23
SPRINGFIELD	1657	1657	--	821	701	120	14.62	2.36
TWO BUTTES	84	84	--	46	32	14	30.43	2.63
VILAS	118	118	--	48	41	7	14.58	2.88
WALSH	884	884	--	379	319	60	15.83	2.77
UNINCORPORATED	2308	2308	--	997	795	202	20.26	2.90
BENT	5945	5511	434	2367	1999	368	15.55	2.76
LAS ANIMAS	2818	2736	82	1164	1038	126	10.82	2.64
UNINCORPORATED	3127	2775	352	1203	961	242	20.12	2.89
BOULDER	189625	181294	6331	74638	68964	5674	7.60	2.63
BOULDER	76685	68838	7847	30287	28674	1613	5.33	2.40
•BROOMFIELD	14514	--	--	5091	--	--	--	--
•ERIE	23	--	--	8	--	--	--	--
JAMESTOWN	223	223	--	107	92	15	14.02	2.42
LAFAYETTE	8985	8985	--	3703	3428	275	7.43	2.62
LONGMONT	42942	42621	321	16346	15483	863	5.28	2.75
LOUISVILLE	5593	5593	--	2264	2159	105	4.64	2.59
LYONS	1137	1130	7	475	454	21	4.42	2.49
NEDERLAND	1212	1212	--	672	534	138	20.54	2.27
SUPERIOR	208	208	--	92	82	10	10.87	2.54
WARD	129	129	--	103	68	35	33.98	1.90
UNINCORPORATED	37974	--	--	15498	--	--	--	--

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Table A-1, continued. Persons in Households and Group Quarters, Occupied and Vacant Housing Units, and Persons Per Household: Colorado Counties and Municipalities, 1980.

	PERSONS			HOUSING UNITS				PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	TOTAL	IN HOUSEHOLDS	IN GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	Vacant NUMBER	Vacant PERCENT	
CHAFFEE	13227	12572	655	5781	4758	1023	17.70	2.64
BUENA VISTA	2075	2075	--	856	743	113	13.20	2.79
PONCHA SPRINGS	321	321	--	152	124	28	18.42	2.59
SALIDA	4870	4754	116	2149	1975	174	8.10	2.41
UNINCORPORATED	5961	5422	539	2624	1916	708	26.98	2.83
CHEYENNE	2153	2142	11	958	813	145	15.14	2.63
CHEYENNE WELLS	950	939	11	422	375	47	11.14	2.50
KIT CARSON	278	278	--	153	129	24	15.69	2.16
UNINCORPORATED	925	925	--	383	309	74	19.32	2.99
CLEAR CREEK	7308	7266	42	4198	2835	1363	32.47	2.56
EMPIRE	423	423	--	201	164	37	18.41	2.58
GEORGETOWN	830	788	42	501	344	157	31.34	2.29
IDAHO SPRINGS	2077	2077	--	927	831	96	10.36	2.50
SILVER PLUME	148	148	--	132	62	70	53.03	2.26
UNINCORPORATED	3838	3838	--	2437	1434	1003	41.16	2.68
CONEJOS	7794	7794	--	3117	2356	761	24.41	3.31
ANTONITO	1103	1103	--	405	352	53	13.09	3.13
LA JARA	858	858	--	311	293	18	5.79	2.93
MANASSA	945	945	--	318	286	32	10.06	3.30
ROMEO	308	308	--	114	83	31	27.19	3.71
SANFORD	687	687	--	205	191	14	6.83	3.60
UNINCORPORATED	3893	3893	--	1764	1151	613	34.75	3.38
COSTILLA	3071	3071	--	1437	1025	412	28.67	3.00
BLANCA	252	252	--	112	81	31	27.68	3.11
SAN LUIS	842	842	--	377	293	84	22.28	2.87
UNINCORPORATED	1977	1977	--	948	651	297	31.33	3.04
CROWLEY	2988	2937	51	1361	1130	231	16.97	2.60
CROWLEY	192	192	--	81	60	21	25.93	3.20
OLNEY SPRINGS	253	253	--	134	110	24	17.91	2.30
ORDWAY	1135	1084	51	526	450	76	14.45	2.41
SUGAR CITY	306	306	--	149	122	27	18.12	2.51
UNINCORPORATED	1102	1102	--	471	388	83	17.62	2.84
CUSTER	1528	1514	14	1108	572	536	48.38	2.65
SILVER CLIFF	280	280	--	159	103	56	35.22	2.72
WESTCLIFFE	324	324	--	179	141	38	21.23	2.27
UNINCORPORATED	924	910	14	770	328	442	57.40	2.77
DELTA	21225	20933	292	9239	7924	1315	14.23	2.64
CEDAREDGE	1184	1184	--	635	548	87	13.70	2.16
CRAWFORD	268	268	--	170	116	54	31.76	2.31
DELTA	3931	3883	48	1741	1571	170	9.76	2.47
HOTCHKISS	849	849	--	405	349	56	13.83	2.43
ORCHARD CITY	1914	1914	--	795	736	59	7.42	2.60
PAONIA	1425	1425	--	655	577	78	11.91	2.47
UNINCORPORATED	11654	11410	244	4838	4027	811	16.76	2.83
*DENVER	492365	479811	12554	227879	211594	16285	7.15	2.27
*DENVER	492365	479811	12554	227879	211594	16285	7.15	2.27
UNINCORPORATED	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
DOLORES	1658	1658	--	912	584	328	35.96	2.84
DOVE CREEK	826	826	--	336	291	45	13.39	2.84
RICO	76	76	--	126	33	93	73.81	2.30
UNINCORPORATED	756	756	--	450	260	190	42.22	2.91
DOUGLAS	25153	25042	111	8674	7857	817	9.42	3.19
CASTLE ROCK	3921	3918	3	1515	1369	146	9.64	2.86
LARKSPUR	141	141	--	53	52	1	1.89	2.71
*LITTLETON	128	--	--	74	--	--	--	--
UNINCORPORATED	20963	--	--	7032	--	--	--	--

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	PERSONS			HOUSING UNITS				PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	TOTAL	IN HOUSEHOLDS	IN GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	Vacant NUMBER	Vacant PERCENT	
#EAGLE	13320	13315	5	11060	5199	5861	52.99	2.56
AVON	640	640	--	655	261	394	60.15	2.45
*BASALT	529	--	--	259	--	--	--	--
#EAGLE	950	945	5	427	357	70	16.39	2.65
GYPSUM	743	743	--	324	281	43	13.27	2.64
MINTURN	1068	1068	--	404	404	--	--	2.62
RED CLIFF	409	409	--	142	122	20	14.08	3.35
VAIL	2261	2261	--	5029	990	4039	80.31	2.28
UNINCORPORATED	6728	--	--	3820	--	--	--	--
ELBERT	6850	6818	32	2722	2277	445	16.35	2.99
ELIZABETH	789	789	--	300	275	25	8.33	2.87
KIOWA	206	206	--	93	86	7	7.53	2.40
SIMLA	494	470	24	241	195	46	19.09	2.41
UNINCORPORATED	5361	5353	8	2088	1721	367	17.58	3.11
EL PASO	309424	294116	15308	117571	107791	9780	8.32	2.73
CALHAN	541	541	--	266	237	29	10.90	2.28
COLORADO SPRINGS	215150	210643	4507	88283	81241	7042	7.98	2.59
FOUNTAIN	8324	8317	7	2823	2509	314	11.12	3.31
*GREEN MT.FALLS	589	--	--	538	--	--	--	--
MANITOU SPRINGS	4475	4438	37	2377	2126	251	10.56	2.09
MONUMENT	690	683	7	249	228	21	8.43	3.00
PALMER LAKE	1130	1130	--	538	430	108	20.07	2.63
RAMAH	119	119	--	61	49	12	19.67	2.43
UNINCORPORATED	78406	--	--	22436	--	--	--	--
FREMONT	28676	26046	2630	11485	10058	1427	12.42	2.59
BROOKSIDE	178	178	--	65	60	5	7.69	2.97
CANON CITY	13037	11256	1781	5146	4746	400	7.77	2.37
COAL CREEK	198	198	--	80	67	13	16.25	2.84
FLORENCE	2987	2948	39	1204	1106	98	8.14	2.67
PROSPECT HEIGHTS	34	34	--	24	15	9	37.50	2.27
ROCKVALE	338	338	--	150	127	23	15.33	2.66
WILLIAMSBURG	72	72	--	31	24	7	22.58	3.00
UNINCORPORATED	11840	11030	810	4785	3913	872	18.22	2.82
GARFIELD	22514	22102	412	9345	8131	1214	12.99	2.72
CARBONDALE	2084	2040	44	830	724	106	12.77	2.82
GLENWOOD SPRINGS	4637	4569	68	2160	1930	230	10.65	2.37
GRAND VALLEY	338	338	--	144	129	15	10.42	2.62
NEW CASTLE	563	563	--	255	233	22	8.63	2.42
RIFLE	3215	3158	57	1370	1170	200	14.60	2.70
SILT	923	923	--	357	331	26	7.28	2.79
UNINCORPORATED	10754	10511	243	4229	3614	615	14.54	2.91
GILPIN	2441	2392	49	2012	958	1054	52.39	2.50
BLACK HAWK	232	232	--	132	101	31	23.48	2.30
CENTRAL CITY	329	329	--	265	148	117	44.15	2.22
UNINCORPORATED	1880	1831	49	1615	709	906	56.10	2.58
GRAND	7475	7467	8	7209	2797	4412	61.20	2.67
FRASER	478	470	--	306	204	102	33.33	2.30
GRANBY	963	963	--	433	374	59	13.63	2.57
GRAND LAKE	382	382	--	637	149	488	76.61	2.56
HOT SULPHUR SPRINGS	405	403	2	179	152	27	15.08	2.65
KREMMLING	1296	1296	--	484	447	37	7.64	2.90
WINTER PARK	480	480	--	819	208	611	74.60	2.31
UNINCORPORATED	3479	3473	6	4351	1263	3088	70.97	2.75
GUNNISON	10689	9354	1335	5734	3784	1950	34.01	2.47
CRESTED BUTTE	959	959	--	549	406	143	26.05	2.36
GUNNISON	5785	4450	1335	2050	1888	162	7.90	2.36
MARBLE	30	30	--	54	12	42	77.78	2.50
MNT.CRESTED BUTTE	272	272	--	718	118	600	83.57	2.31
PITKIN	59	59	--	162	24	138	85.19	2.46
UNINCORPORATED	3584	3584	--	2201	1336	865	39.30	2.68

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	PERSONS			HOUSING UNITS				PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	TOTAL	IN HOUSEHOLDS	IN GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	VACANT NUMBER	VACANT PERCENT	
HINSDALE	488	488	--	697	163	534	76.61	2.50
LAKE CITY	206	206	--	235	80	155	65.96	2.58
UNINCORPORATED	282	282	--	462	83	379	82.03	2.43
HUERFANO	6440	6318	122	3466	2403	1063	30.67	2.63
LA VETA	611	611	--	356	263	93	26.12	2.32
WALSENBURG	3945	3899	46	1752	1518	234	13.36	2.57
UNINCORPORATED	1884	1808	76	1358	622	736	54.20	2.91
JACKSON	1863	1841	22	1061	662	399	37.61	2.78
WALDEN	947	932	15	422	361	61	14.45	2.58
UNINCORPORATED	916	909	7	639	301	338	52.90	3.02
*JEFFERSON	371753	366221	5532	138542	129778	8764	6.33	2.82
*ARVADA	83347	--	--	28994	--	--	--	--
*BOW MAR	240	--	--	90	--	--	--	--
*BROOMFIELD	749	--	--	273	--	--	--	--
EDGEWATER	5714	5570	144	2614	2479	135	5.16	2.25
GOLDEN	12237	11081	1156	5312	4727	585	11.01	2.34
LAKESIDE	19	19	--	9	9	--	--	2.11
*LAKEWOOD	112860	111128	1732	43418	41192	2226	5.13	2.70
MORRISON	478	313	165	137	129	8	5.84	2.43
MOUNTAIN VIEW	584	584	--	289	274	15	5.19	2.13
*WESTMINSTER	18165	--	--	6366	--	--	--	--
WHEAT RIDGE	30293	29857	436	13068	12627	441	3.37	2.36
UNINCORPORATED	107867	--	--	37972	--	--	--	--
KIOWA	1936	1905	31	835	718	117	14.01	2.65
EADS	878	855	23	383	364	19	4.96	2.35
HASWELL	126	118	8	49	39	10	20.41	3.03
SHERIDAN LAKE	87	87	--	33	29	4	12.12	3.00
UNINCORPORATED	845	845	--	370	286	84	22.70	2.95
KIT CARSON	7599	7531	68	3289	2765	524	15.93	2.72
BETHUNE	149	149	--	55	52	3	5.45	2.87
BURLINGTON	3107	3051	56	1293	1178	115	8.89	2.59
FLAGLER	550	550	--	311	243	68	21.86	2.26
SEIBERT	180	180	--	101	78	23	22.77	2.31
STRATTON	705	705	--	313	283	30	9.58	2.49
VONA	94	94	--	54	37	17	31.48	2.54
UNINCORPORATED	2814	2802	12	1162	894	268	23.06	3.13
LAKE	8830	8702	128	3753	3000	753	20.06	2.90
LEADVILLE	3879	3879	--	1614	1437	177	10.97	2.70
UNINCORPORATED	4951	4823	128	2139	1563	576	26.93	3.09
LA PLATA	27424	26282	1142	12154	9746	2408	19.81	2.70
BAYFIELD	724	724	--	335	266	69	20.60	2.72
DURANGO	11426	10303	1123	4365	4120	245	5.61	2.50
IGNACIO	667	662	5	272	231	41	15.07	2.87
UNINCORPORATED	14607	14593	14	7182	5129	2053	28.59	2.85
LARIMER	149184	142196	6988	62191	54086	8105	13.03	2.63
BERTHOUD	2362	2310	52	896	836	60	6.70	2.76
ESTES PARK	2703	2701	2	1922	1230	692	36.00	2.20
#FORT COLLINS	65092	58907	6185	25382	23530	1852	7.30	2.50
LOVELAND	30244	29860	384	12213	11429	784	6.42	2.61
TIMNATH	185	185	--	83	77	6	7.23	2.40
WELLINGTON	1215	1215	--	460	422	38	8.26	2.88
UNINCORPORATED	47383	47018	365	21235	16562	4673	22.01	2.84

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	TOTAL	IN HOUSEHOLDS	IN GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	Vacant NUMBER	Vacant PERCENT	
LAS ANIMAS	14897	14402	495	6426	5367	1059	16.48	2.68
AGUILAR	624	624	--	294	239	55	18.71	2.61
BRANSON	73	73	--	39	33	6	15.38	2.21
COKEDALE	90	90	--	91	45	46	50.55	2.00
KIM	100	100	--	56	38	18	32.14	2.63
STARKVILLE	127	127	--	61	48	13	21.31	2.65
TRINIDAD	9663	9177	486	3847	3516	331	8.60	2.61
UNINCORPORATED	4220	4211	9	2038	1448	590	28.95	2.91
LINCOLN	4663	4554	109	2145	1822	323	15.06	2.50
ARRIBA	236	236	--	132	108	24	18.18	2.19
GENOA	165	165	--	83	71	12	14.46	2.32
HUGO	776	743	33	382	325	57	14.92	2.29
LIMON	1805	1729	76	804	712	92	11.44	2.43
UNINCORPORATED	1681	1681	--	744	606	138	18.55	2.77
LOGAN	19800	19187	613	7820	7146	674	8.62	2.68
CROOK	177	177	--	74	59	15	20.27	3.00
FLEMING	388	388	--	173	155	18	10.40	2.50
ILIFF	218	218	--	76	68	8	10.53	3.21
MERINO	255	255	--	104	91	13	12.50	2.80
PEETZ	220	220	--	93	86	7	7.53	2.56
STERLING	11385	10829	556	4667	4392	275	5.89	2.47
UNINCORPORATED	7157	7100	57	2633	2295	338	12.84	3.09
MESA	81530	79599	1931	32573	29668	2905	8.92	2.68
COLLBRAN	344	344	--	159	135	24	15.09	2.55
DE BEQUE	279	279	--	136	107	29	21.32	2.61
FRUITA	2810	2727	83	1025	947	78	7.61	2.88
GRAND JUNCTION	28144	27060	1084	12706	11766	940	7.40	2.30
PALISADE	1551	1460	91	657	585	72	10.96	2.50
UNINCORPORATED	48402	47729	673	17890	16128	1762	9.85	2.96
MINERAL	804	804	--	697	314	383	54.95	2.56
CREEDE	610	610	--	317	239	78	24.61	2.55
UNINCORPORATED	194	194	--	380	75	305	80.26	2.59
MOFFAT	13133	13042	91	5269	4578	691	13.11	2.85
CRAIG	8133	8042	91	3287	2947	340	10.34	2.73
DINOSAUR	313	313	--	133	105	28	21.05	2.98
UNINCORPORATED	4687	4687	--	1849	1526	323	17.47	3.07
MONTEZUMA	16510	16362	148	6498	5661	837	12.88	2.89
CORTEZ	7095	7003	92	2861	2613	248	8.67	2.68
DOLORES	802	802	--	351	300	51	14.53	2.67
MANCOS	870	870	--	360	314	46	12.78	2.77
UNINCORPORATED	7743	7687	56	2926	2434	492	16.81	3.16
MONTROSE	24352	23959	393	9378	8428	950	10.13	2.84
MONTROSE	8722	8412	310	3525	3254	271	7.69	2.59
NATURITA	819	819	--	318	276	42	13.21	2.97
NUCLA	1027	1027	--	399	351	48	12.03	2.93
OLATHE	1262	1189	73	471	428	43	9.13	2.78
UNINCORPORATED	12522	12512	10	4665	4119	546	11.70	3.04
MORGAN	22513	22161	352	9019	7981	1038	11.51	2.78
BRUSH	4082	3861	221	1669	1493	176	10.55	2.59
FORT MORGAN	8768	8637	131	3591	3366	225	6.27	2.57
HILLROSE	213	213	--	101	78	23	22.77	2.73
LOG LANE VILLAGE	709	709	--	247	216	31	12.55	3.28
WIGGINS	531	531	--	223	175	48	21.52	3.03
UNINCORPORATED	8210	8210	--	3188	2653	535	16.78	3.09

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-- indicates zero, suppressed entry, or lack of information.

Source: Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report, No. 2, Oct. 1981, Colorado State Demographer's Office.

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Table A-1, continued. Persons in Households and Group Quarters, Occupied and Vacant Housing Units, and Persons Per Household: Colorado Counties and Municipalities, 1980.

	PERSONS			HOUSING UNITS				PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	TOTAL	IN HOUSEHOLDS	IN GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	Vacant NUMBER	Vacant PERCENT	
OTERO	22567	22040	527	8847	7937	910	10.29	2.78
CHERAW	233	233	--	102	81	21	20.59	2.88
FOWLER	1227	1184	43	534	495	39	7.30	2.39
LA JUNTA	8338	8036	302	3271	3007	264	8.07	2.67
MANZANOLA	459	448	11	179	159	20	11.17	2.82
ROCKY FORD	4804	4726	78	1895	1706	189	9.97	2.77
SWINK	668	668	--	273	246	27	9.89	2.72
UNINCORPORATED	6838	6745	93	2593	2243	350	13.50	3.01
OURAY	1925	1925	--	1189	723	466	39.19	2.66
OURAY	684	684	--	444	280	164	36.94	2.44
RIDGEWAY	369	369	--	156	126	30	19.23	2.93
UNINCORPORATED	872	872	--	589	317	272	46.18	2.75
PARK	5333	5321	12	4873	1857	3016	61.89	2.87
ALMA	132	132	--	153	56	97	63.40	2.36
FAIRPLAY	421	409	12	228	169	59	25.88	2.42
UNINCORPORATED	4780	4780	--	4492	1632	2860	63.67	2.93
PHILLIPS	4542	4481	61	2014	1753	261	12.96	2.56
HAXTUN	1014	998	16	483	438	45	9.32	2.28
HOLYOKE	2092	2047	45	952	845	107	11.24	2.42
PAOLI	81	81	--	26	23	3	11.54	3.52
UNINCORPORATED	1355	1355	--	553	447	106	19.17	3.03
PITKIN	10338	10320	18	8501	4519	3982	46.84	2.26
ASPEN	3678	3678	--	3663	1782	1881	51.35	2.06
*BASALT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SNOWMASS	999	999	--	1736	446	1290	74.31	2.24
UNINCORPORATED	5661	5643	18	3102	2291	811	26.14	2.46
PROWERS	13070	12920	150	5452	4658	794	14.56	2.77
GRANADA	557	557	--	222	182	40	18.02	3.06
HARTMAN	122	122	--	49	39	10	20.41	3.13
HOLLY	969	917	52	444	380	64	14.41	2.41
LAMAR	7713	7615	98	3215	2842	373	11.60	2.68
WILEY	425	425	--	184	152	12	7.32	2.80
UNINCORPORATED	3284	3284	--	1358	1063	295	21.72	3.09
PUEBLO	125972	123358	2614	49095	45095	4000	8.15	2.74
BOONE	431	431	--	157	139	18	11.46	3.10
PUEBLO	101686	99101	2585	40012	37240	2772	6.93	2.66
RYE	232	232	--	117	95	22	18.80	2.44
UNINCORORATED	23623	23594	29	8809	7621	1188	13.49	3.10
RIO BLANCO	6255	6023	232	2524	2104	420	16.64	2.86
MEEKER	2356	2342	14	981	846	135	13.76	2.77
RANGELY	2113	1895	218	743	684	59	7.94	2.77
UNINCORPORATED	1786	1786	--	800	574	226	28.25	3.11
RIO GRANDE	10511	10256	255	4441	3522	919	20.69	2.91
*CENTER	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
DEL NORTE	1709	1663	46	678	576	102	15.04	2.89
MONTE VISTA	3902	3901	1	1503	1364	139	9.25	2.86
UNINCORPORATED	4900	4692	208	2260	1582	678	30.00	2.97

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Source: Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report, No. 2, Oct. 1981, Colorado State Demographer's Office.

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Table A-1, continued. Persons in Households and Group Quarters, Occupied and Vacant Housing Units, and Persons Per Household: Colorado Counties and Municipalities, 1980.

	PERSONS			HOUSING UNITS				PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	TOTAL	IN HOUSEHOLDS	IN GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	VACANT NUMBER	VACANT PERCENT	
ROUTT	13404	13297	107	7281	4934	2347	32.23	2.69
HAYDEN	1720	1720	--	618	577	33	5.41	2.98
OAK CREEK	929	926	3	518	370	148	28.57	2.50
STEAMBOAT SPRINGS	5098	5016	82	3481	2051	1430	41.08	2.45
YAMPA	472	472	--	208	159	49	23.56	2.97
UNINCORPORATED	5185	5163	22	2464	1777	687	27.88	2.91
SAGUACHE	3935	3915	20	1884	1360	524	27.81	2.88
BONANZA	8	--	--	38	6	32	84.21	1.33
*CENTER	1630	--	--	615	--	--	--	--
CRESTONE	54	54	--	55	24	31	56.36	2.25
MOFFAT	105	105	--	41	35	6	14.63	3.00
SAGUACHE	656	652	4	301	240	61	20.27	2.72
UNINCORPORATED	1482	--	--	834	--	--	--	--
SAN JUAN	833	833	--	475	318	157	33.05	2.62
SILVERTON	794	794	--	429	302	127	29.60	2.63
UNINCORPORATED	39	39	--	46	16	30	65.22	2.44
SAN MIGUEL	3192	3192	--	1739	1250	489	28.12	2.55
NORWOOD	478	478	--	192	180	12	6.25	2.66
OPHIR	38	38	--	24	20	4	16.67	1.90
SAWPIT	41	41	--	26	19	7	26.92	2.16
TELLURIDE	1047	1047	--	565	445	120	21.24	2.35
UNINCORPORATED	1588	1588	--	932	586	346	37.12	2.71
SEDGWICK	3266	3215	51	1448	1260	188	12.98	2.55
JULESBURG	1528	1477	51	694	635	59	8.50	2.33
OVID	439	439	--	182	166	16	8.79	2.64
SEDGWICK	258	258	--	114	97	17	14.91	2.66
UNINCORPORATED	1041	1041	--	458	362	96	20.96	2.88
SUMMIT	8848	8848	--	10261	3571	6690	65.20	2.77
BLUE RIVER	230	230	--	306	96	210	68.63	2.40
BRECKENRIDGE	818	818	--	1568	366	1202	76.66	2.23
DILLON	337	337	--	750	138	612	81.60	2.44
FRISCO	1221	1221	--	856	477	379	44.28	2.56
SILVERTHORNE	989	989	--	494	396	98	19.84	2.50
UNINCORPORATED	5253	5253	--	6287	2098	4189	66.63	2.50
TELLER	8034	7988	46	5100	2882	2218	43.49	2.77
CRIPPLE CREEK	655	609	46	594	263	331	55.72	2.32
*GREEN MT.FALLS	18	--	--	20	--	--	--	--
VICTOR	265	265	--	334	112	222	66.47	2.37
WOODLAND PARK	2634	2634	--	1094	916	184	16.82	2.89
UNINCORPORATED	4462	--	--	3058	--	--	--	--
WASHINGTON	5304	5281	23	2413	2017	396	16.41	2.62
AKRON	1716	1693	23	817	737	80	9.79	2.30
OTIS	534	534	--	259	225	34	13.13	2.37
UNINCORPORATED	3054	3054	--	1337	1055	282	21.09	2.89

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Table A-1, continued. Persons in Households and Group Quarters, Occupied and Vacant Housing Units, and Persons Per Household: Colorado Counties and Municipalities, 1980.

	PERSONS			HOUSING UNITS				PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	TOTAL	In HOUSEHOLDS	In GROUP QUARTERS	TOTAL	OCCUPIED	Vacant NUMBER	Vacant PERCENT	
WELD	123438	119348	4090	46475	42749	3726	8.02	2.79
AULT	1056	1056	--	458	418	32	7.11	2.53
*BRIGHTON	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
DACONO	2321	2321	--	868	795	65	7.56	2.92
EATON	1932	1932	--	753	734	19	2.52	2.63
*ERIE	1231	--	--	481	--	--	--	--
EVANS	5963	5062	1	2141	1981	160	7.47	2.56
FIRESTONE	1204	1204	--	397	354	43	10.83	3.40
FORT LUPTON	4251	4251	--	1469	1392	77	5.24	3.05
FREDERICK	855	855	--	277	265	12	4.33	3.23
GARDEN CITY	85	85	--	58	39	19	32.76	2.18
GILCREST	1025	1025	--	323	304	19	5.88	3.37
GREELEY	53006	49197	3809	20731	19351	1380	6.66	2.54
GROVER	158	158	--	74	64	10	13.51	2.47
HUDSON	698	698	--	241	225	16	6.64	3.10
JOHNSTOWN	1535	1534	1	579	558	21	3.63	2.75
KEENESBURG	541	541	--	217	202	15	6.91	2.68
KEOTA	4	--	--	4	3	1	25.00	--
KERSEY	913	913	--	332	305	27	8.13	2.99
LA SALLE	1929	1929	--	673	643	30	4.46	3.00
LOCHBUIE	895	895	--	317	306	11	3.47	2.92
MEAD	356	356	--	137	122	15	10.95	2.92
MILLIKEN	1506	1506	--	439	423	16	3.64	3.56
NUNN	295	295	--	124	105	19	15.32	2.81
PIERCE	878	878	--	298	273	25	8.39	3.22
PLATTEVILLE	1662	1662	--	541	511	30	5.55	3.25
RAYMER	80	80	--	45	33	12	26.67	2.42
ROSEDALE	38	38	--	23	20	3	13.04	1.90
SEVERANCE	102	102	--	43	39	4	9.30	2.62
WINDSOR	4277	4163	114	1663	1500	163	9.80	2.78
UNINCORPORATED	35542	--	--	12785	--	--	--	--
YUMA	9682	9552	130	4155	3606	549	13.21	2.65
ECKLEY	262	262	--	122	91	31	25.41	2.88
JOES	2131	2058	73	989	898	91	9.20	2.29
YUMA	2824	2767	57	1206	1111	95	7.88	2.49
UNINCORPORATED	4465	4465	--	1838	1506	332	18.06	2.96

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Table A-2. Population and Housing Counts for Colorado Multi-County Municipalities and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.

MUNICIPALITY/ COUNTY	POPULATION				HOUSING			
	1970 (FINAL)	1980 (FINAL)	1970-1980 CHANGE Number	Percent	1970 (FINAL)	1980 (FINAL)	1970-1980 CHANGE Number	Percent
ARVADA	49844	84576	34732	69.7	13526	29360	15869	117.1
Adams	1663	1229	-434	-26.1	396	366	-30	-7.6
Jefferson	48181	83347	35166	73.0	13130	28994	15522	120.8
AURORA	74974	158588	83614	111.5	22947	62821	39874	173.8
Adams	27159	29193	2034	7.5	8715	11931	3216	36.9
Arapahoe	47815	129395	81580	170.6	14232	50890	36658	257.6
BASALT	419	529	110	26.3	160	259	99	61.9
Eagle	419	529	110	26.3	160	259	99	61.9
Pitkin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BOW MAR	945	930	-15	-1.6	254	301	47	18.5
Arapahoe	659	690	31	4.7	177	211	34	19.2
Jefferson	286	240	-46	-16.1	77	90	13	16.9
BRIGHTON	8309	12773	4464	53.7	2481	4403	1922	77.5
Adams	8309	12773	4464	53.7	2481	4403	1922	77.5
Weld	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROOMFIELD	7261	20730	13469	185.5	2006	7233	5227	260.6
Adams	0	5467	5467	N/A	0	1869	1869	N/A
Boulder	7261	14514	7253	99.9	2006	5091	3085	153.8
Jefferson	0	749	749	N/A	0	273	273	N/A
CENTER	1470	1630	160	10.9	478	615	137	28.7
Rio Grande	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saguache	1470	1630	160	10.9	478	615	137	28.7
ERIE	1090	1254	164	15.0	341	489	148	43.4
Boulder	7	23	16	228.6	2	8	6	300.0
Weld	1083	1231	148	13.7	339	481	142	41.9
GREEN MT. FALLS	359	607	248	69.1	516	558	42	8.1
El Paso	349	589	240	68.8	502	538	36	7.2
Teller	10	18	8	80.0	14	20	6	42.9
LITTLETON	26466	28631	2165	8.2	7995	11272	3277	41.0
Arapahoe	26466	28503	2037	7.7	7995	11198	3203	40.1
Douglas	0	128	128	N/A	0	74	74	N/A
WESTMINSTER	19512	50211	30699	157.3	5244	18560	13316	253.9
Adams	19512	32045	12543	64.2	5244	12194	6950	132.5
Jefferson	0	18165	18165	N/A	0	6336	6366	N/A

Source: Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report, No. 2, Oct. 1981, Colorado State Demographer's Office.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1]

	ADAMS			ALAMOSA			ARAPAHOE			ARCHULETA		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	245,944	185,789	32 %	11,799	11,422	3 %	293,621	162,142	81 %	3,664	2,733	34 %
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	9%	10%	17%	9%	9%	4%	8%	9%	55%	8%	10%	10%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8%	13%	-20%	9%	10%	-11%	8%	11%	30%	8%	13%	-23%
10 to 14 Yrs.	9%	13%	-9%	7%	10%	-28%	9%	12%	32%	10%	11%	22%
15 to 19 Yrs.	10%	9%	40%	12%	13%	-3%	9%	10%	62%	10%	9%	53%
20 to 24 Yrs.	1%	8%	90%	12%	13%	-3%	8%	7%	115%	6%	7%	14%
25 to 29 Yrs.	10%	8%	76%	9%	6%	46%	10%	7%	164%	8%	6%	75%
30 to 34 Yrs.	9%	8%	54%	7%	5%	60%	11%	7%	196%	8%	6%	99%
35 to 44 Yrs.	12%	13%	17%	10%	9%	12%	15%	14%	89%	12%	10%	55%
45 to 54 Yrs.	10%	9%	39%	8%	9%	-2%	10%	12%	51%	10%	11%	21%
55 to 59 Yrs.	4%	3%	82%	4%	4%	1%	4%	4%	123%	6%	5%	78%
60 to 64 Yrs.	3%	2%	98%	3%	4%	-4%	3%	3%	123%	5%	4%	53%
65 to 74 Yrs.	3%	2%	98%	6%	5%	27%	3%	3%	95%	6%	6%	54%
75 Yrs. & Older	2%	1%	94%	3%	3%	-4%	2%	2%	58%	3%	3%	36%

	BACA			BENT			BOULDER			CHAFFEE		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	5,419	5,674	-4 %	5,945	6,493	-8 %	189,625	131,889	44 %	13,227	10,162	30 %
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	7%	8%	-10%	7%	7%	1%	6%	8%	7%	8%	8%	31%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8%	9%	-15%	8%	9%	-27%	7%	10%	-6%	7%	11%	-19%
10 to 14 Yrs.	8%	11%	-28%	9%	11%	-23%	7%	10%	8%	8%	11%	-8%
15 to 19 Yrs.	9%	10%	-12%	8%	9%	-14%	10%	11%	34%	9%	9%	27%
20 to 24 Yrs.	7%	5%	23%	6%	5%	1%	14%	13%	55%	10%	7%	74%
25 to 29 Yrs.	7%	5%	37%	6%	4%	36%	12%	9%	99%	10%	6%	131%
30 to 34 Yrs.	7%	5%	30%	8%	5%	51%	10%	7%	125%	7%	6%	50%
35 to 44 Yrs.	11%	11%	-12%	9%	11%	-28%	13%	11%	61%	11%	12%	23%
45 to 54 Yrs.	11%	13%	-21%	12%	14%	-21%	8%	9%	36%	11%	10%	33%
55 to 59 Yrs.	6%	5%	13%	8%	6%	19%	3%	3%	48%	5%	5%	23%
60 to 64 Yrs.	6%	5%	10%	5%	5%	-19%	2%	3%	32%	4%	4%	31%
65 to 74 Yrs.	8%	8%	1%	9%	8%	-2%	4%	4%	40%	7%	7%	38%
75 Yrs. & Older	6%	5%	-3%	6%	6%	-2%	3%	3%	41%	5%	4%	33%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1] (Continued)

	CHEYENNE			CLEAR CREEK			CONEJOS			COSTILLA		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	2,153	2,396	-10%	4,308	4,819	51%	7,794	7,846	-1%	3,071	3,091	-1%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	9%	7%	20%	10%	9%	56%	10%	10%	-1%	8%	8%	-4%
5 to 9 Yrs.	7%	10%	-35%	8%	11%	5%	10%	13%	-24%	7%	11%	-38%
10 to 14 Yrs.	7%	12%	-45%	7%	10%	4%	10%	14%	-29%	10%	13%	-25%
15 to 19 Yrs.	9%	10%	-21%	6%	7%	30%	11%	12%	-6%	11%	12%	-8%
20 to 24 Yrs.	6%	5%	8%	9%	6%	121%	7%	5%	29%	7%	6%	8%
25 to 29 Yrs.	7%	5%	22%	15%	9%	159%	8%	4%	90%	7%	5%	58%
30 to 34 Yrs.	8%	5%	43%	13%	8%	153%	5%	5%	10%	6%	4%	34%
35 to 44 Yrs.	9%	10%	-15%	12%	12%	59%	9%	9%	1%	11%	9%	18%
45 to 54 Yrs.	9%	13%	-36%	8%	10%	19%	8%	10%	-13%	10%	11%	-8%
55 to 59 Yrs.	6%	6%	-3%	4%	5%	21%	6%	4%	41%	5%	5%	-7%
60 to 64 Yrs.	6%	6%	-3%	3%	4%	-2%	4%	4%	3%	7%	5%	41%
65 to 74 Yrs.	11%	6%	51%	4%	6%	-10%	7%	6%	14%	8%	7%	17%
75 Yrs. & Older	4%	5%	-21%	2%	3%	31%	4%	4%	-6%	5%	5%	-1%

	CROWLEY			CUSTER			DELTA			DENVER		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	2,988	3,086	-3%	1,528	1,120	36%	21,225	15,286	39%	492,365	514,678	-4%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	7%	6%	5%	8%	6%	105%	7%	6%	67%	7%	8%	-22%
5 to 9 Yrs.	6%	9%	-30%	7%	8%	33%	8%	9%	25%	6%	9%	-35%
10 to 14 Yrs.	7%	11%	-33%	7%	10%	-3%	7%	10%	1%	6%	9%	-35%
15 to 19 Yrs.	8%	9%	-15%	9%	9%	38%	8%	9%	35%	8%	9%	-18%
20 to 24 Yrs.	7%	5%	42%	6%	4%	126%	6%	4%	92%	11%	10%	5%
25 to 29 Yrs.	7%	5%	31%	9%	3%	274%	6%	4%	122%	12%	8%	51%
30 to 34 Yrs.	5%	3%	62%	7%	4%	127%	8%	4%	161%	9%	6%	62%
35 to 44 Yrs.	9%	10%	-20%	11%	12%	27%	11%	9%	57%	10%	10%	-7%
45 to 54 Yrs.	11%	12%	-13%	12%	12%	29%	9%	12%	-3%	9%	11%	-21%
55 to 59 Yrs.	6%	6%	-15%	5%	9%	-18%	6%	7%	12%	5%	5%	-1%
60 to 64 Yrs.	7%	6%	20%	3%	7%	-38%	6%	7%	22%	4%	4%	-6%
65 to 74 Yrs.	13%	10%	28%	8%	11%	6%	11%	11%	49%	7%	7%	0%
75 Yrs. & Older	7%	8%	-9%	5%	5%	50%	7%	8%	19%	5%	5%	12%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1] (Continued)

	DOLORES			DOUGLAS			EAGLE			ELBERT		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	1,658	1,641	1%	25,153	8,407	199%	13,320	7,498	78%	6,850	3,903	76%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	9 %	8 %	20%	8 %	8 %	200%	7 %	11 %	11%	8 %	6 %	139%
5 to 9 Yrs.	7 %	10 %	-24%	10 %	11 %	160%	6 %	11 %	-5%	9 %	10 %	55%
10 to 14 Yrs.	9 %	12 %	-28%	11 %	14 %	143%	5 %	11 %	-10%	10 %	12 %	40%
15 to 19 Yrs.	9 %	12 %	-23%	9 %	10 %	168%	7 %	9 %	48%	9 %	9 %	78%
20 to 24 Yrs.	8 %	5 %	60%	5 %	4 %	227%	16 %	9 %	195%	5 %	4 %	135%
25 to 29 Yrs.	7 %	5 %	31%	7 %	5 %	310%	21 %	10 %	295%	8 %	5 %	213%
30 to 34 Yrs.	7 %	5 %	31%	10 %	7 %	312%	13 %	7 %	236%	11 %	6 %	232%
35 to 44 Yrs.	12 %	11 %	10%	18 %	14 %	293%	12 %	11 %	95%	15 %	12 %	126%
45 to 54 Yrs.	10 %	13 %	-19%	11 %	11 %	187%	5 %	10 %	-6%	8 %	10 %	33%
55 to 59 Yrs.	5 %	5 %	15%	3 %	5 %	124%	3 %	4 %	37%	4 %	6 %	9%
60 to 64 Yrs.	9 %	5 %	20%	3 %	3 %	173%	2 %	3 %	16 %	4 %	6 %	2%
65 to 74 Yrs.	7 %	7 %	6%	3 %	4 %	119%	2 %	3 %	-9%	5 %	9 %	-4%
75 Yrs. & Older	3 %	2 %	42%	1 %	3 %	49%	1 %	2 %	1%	5 %	5 %	57%

	EL PASO			FREMONT			GARFIELD			GILPIN		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	309,424	235,972	31%	30,539	21,942	38%	22,514	14,821	52%	2,441	1,272	92%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	8 %	9 %	17%	6 %	7 %	28%	8 %	8 %	70%	7 %	7 %	96%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8 %	10 %	-1%	12 %	8 %	108%	7 %	9 %	16%	6 %	8 %	39%
10 to 14 Yrs.	8 %	11 %	-1%	7 %	9 %	9%	8 %	11 %	9%	8 %	10 %	55%
15 to 19 Yrs.	10 %	9 %	44%	8 %	8 %	37%	8 %	10 %	30%	8 %	8 %	81%
20 to 24 Yrs.	12 %	15 %	5%	7 %	6 %	56%	10 %	6 %	140%	6 %	6 %	81%
25 to 29 Yrs.	10 %	7 %	73%	8 %	6 %	81%	11 %	6 %	180%	15 %	6 %	401%
30 to 34 Yrs.	9 %	6 %	90%	7 %	5 %	89%	10 %	6 %	166%	13 %	6 %	302%
35 to 44 Yrs.	12 %	12 %	35%	10 %	11 %	24%	12 %	11 %	65%	15 %	12 %	143%
45 to 54 Yrs.	9 %	9 %	35%	8 %	11 %	11%	9 %	12 %	19%	9 %	14 %	22%
55 to 59 Yrs.	4 %	3 %	72%	5 %	5 %	20%	3 %	6 %	-8%	4 %	6 %	36%
60 to 64 Yrs.	3 %	2 %	68%	5 %	6 %	21%	3 %	5 %	8 %	3 %	6 %	-11%
65 to 74 Yrs.	4 %	3 %	52%	10 %	10 %	47%	5 %	7 %	14%	4 %	9 %	-11%
75 Yrs. & Older	3 %	2 %	46%	6 %	8 %	13%	4 %	5 %	30%	3 %	3 %	94%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1] (Continued)

	GRAND			GUNNISON			HINSDALE			HUERFANO		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	7,475	4,107	82%	10,689	7,578	41%	408	202	102%	6,440	6,590	-2%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	9%	8%	108%	5%	6%	18%	7%	4%	200%	7%	7%	-3%
5 to 9 Yrs.	7%	9%	53%	5%	7%	-4%	8%	9%	74%	7%	9%	-29%
10 to 14 Yrs.	7%	11%	22%	5%	7%	3%	5%	9%	22%	9%	11%	-22%
15 to 19 Yrs.	7%	10%	20%	15%	19%	6%	7%	5%	145%	9%	9%	5%
20 to 24 Yrs.	12%	6%	244%	23%	20%	59%	8%	3%	343%	6%	5%	25%
25 to 29 Yrs.	14%	7%	273%	13%	6%	198%	15%	8%	265%	6%	4%	25%
30 to 34 Yrs.	11%	5%	328%	9%	5%	157%	9%	4%	350%	7%	4%	67%
35 to 44 Yrs.	12%	15%	46%	9%	9%	46%	15%	12%	152%	10%	10%	-5%
45 to 54 Yrs.	10%	12%	49%	6%	8%	19%	11%	17%	29%	10%	11%	-9%
55 to 59 Yrs.	4%	5%	52%	3%	4%	24%	7%	9%	42%	4%	6%	-31%
60 to 64 Yrs.	2%	6%	-45%	2%	3%	-25%	2%	4%	25%	6%	6%	0%
65 to 74 Yrs.	4%	5%	49%	3%	3%	14%	4%	8%	-6%	10%	10%	3%
75 Yrs. & Older	1%	2%	-31%	2%	2%	71%	2%	5%	0%	8%	7%	5%

	JACKSON			JEFFERSON			KIOWA			KIT CARSON		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	1,863	1,811	3%	371,753	233,031	60%	1,936	2,029	-5%	7,599	7,530	1%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	8%	10%	-21%	7%	9%	28%	8%	7%	9%	8%	9%	-1%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8%	10%	-14%	8%	12%	11%	6%	10%	-43%	8%	11%	-19%
10 to 14 Yrs.	8%	10%	-15%	9%	12%	20%	6%	10%	-49%	8%	11%	-31%
15 to 19 Yrs.	9%	8%	14%	9%	9%	64%	7%	10%	-29%	9%	9%	-2%
20 to 24 Yrs.	8%	8%	12%	8%	6%	112%	6%	5%	16%	8%	5%	55%
25 to 29 Yrs.	8%	8%	-1%	10%	7%	107%	6%	5%	5%	7%	6%	18%
30 to 34 Yrs.	10%	7%	42%	10%	7%	124%	6%	7%	-17%	7%	6%	27%
35 to 44 Yrs.	14%	13%	14%	15%	14%	66%	10%	11%	-5%	11%	11%	3%
45 to 54 Yrs.	10%	9%	9%	10%	12%	39%	12%	12%	-10%	10%	12%	-9%
55 to 59 Yrs.	4%	5%	-28%	4%	4%	81%	11%	6%	86%	5%	5%	-3%
60 to 64 Yrs.	5%	4%	8%	3%	3%	84%	8%	5%	35%	5%	5%	-8%
65 to 74 Yrs.	5%	4%	10%	4%	3%	85%	9%	7%	20%	8%	6%	34%
75 Yrs. & Older	3%	2%	41%	2%	2%	75%	5%	4%	14%	6%	5%	8%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1] (Continued)

	LAKE			LA PLATA			LARIMER			LAS ANIMAS		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	8,830	8,282	7%	27,424	19,199	43%	149,184	89,900	66%	14,897	15,744	-5%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	10%	11%	4%	7%	7%	38%	7%	8%	46%	7%	7%	-4%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8%	14%	-39%	7%	9%	7%	7%	9%	33%	7%	9%	-25%
10 to 14 Yrs.	9%	11%	-19%	7%	12%	-14%	7%	9%	35%	8%	10%	-25%
15 to 19 Yrs.	10%	9%	21%	11%	12%	28%	10%	12%	33%	10%	12%	-21%
20 to 24 Yrs.	14%	7%	1%	12%	8%	123%	14%	14%	73%	8%	7%	19%
25 to 29 Yrs.	12%	8%	64%	11%	5%	208%	12%	8%	154%	7%	4%	57%
30 to 34 Yrs.	9%	8%	21%	8%	5%	135%	9%	6%	169%	6%	4%	57%
35 to 44 Yrs.	11%	13%	-11%	11%	11%	45%	11%	10%	93%	9%	9%	-7%
45 to 54 Yrs.	8%	9%	-6%	8%	11%	6%	8%	9%	43%	9%	11%	-27%
55 to 59 Yrs.	3%	4%	-19%	5%	5%	28%	4%	4%	51%	5%	6%	-22%
60 to 64 Yrs.	2%	3%	-16%	4%	4%	30%	3%	4%	55%	6%	6%	0%
65 to 74 Yrs.	3%	2%	49%	5%	6%	33%	5%	6%	47%	10%	9%	14%
75 Yrs. & Older	1%	1%	-1%	3%	4%	16%	4%	4%	44%	7%	7%	1%

	LINCOLN			LOGAN			MESA			MINERAL		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	4,663	4,836	-4%	19,800	18,852	5%	81,530	54,374	50%	804	786	2%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	7%	7%	-13%	8%	8%	12%	8%	7%	76%	8%	12%	-35%
5 to 9 Yrs.	6%	10%	-41%	7%	10%	-25%	8%	9%	28%	6%	12%	-45%
10 to 14 Yrs.	7%	11%	-37%	8%	11%	-22%	7%	11%	1%	8%	9%	-15%
15 to 19 Yrs.	9%	9%	-2%	11%	13%	-11%	9%	11%	27%	11%	6%	85%
20 to 24 Yrs.	7%	4%	72%	10%	7%	48%	10%	6%	132%	7%	9%	-23%
25 to 29 Yrs.	7%	5%	39%	8%	5%	56%	10%	6%	162%	10%	9%	5%
30 to 34 Yrs.	5%	5%	-1%	7%	5%	38%	8%	5%	144%	9%	7%	40%
35 to 44 Yrs.	11%	10%	5%	10%	11%	-5%	11%	11%	53%	16%	10%	57%
45 to 54 Yrs.	11%	13%	-22%	10%	11%	0%	9%	12%	11%	7%	10%	-26%
55 to 59 Yrs.	6%	7%	-13%	5%	5%	6%	5%	5%	35%	6%	5%	21%
60 to 64 Yrs.	6%	5%	18%	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	24%	5%	4%	32%
65 to 74 Yrs.	10%	7%	29%	7%	6%	15%	6%	7%	37%	6%	4%	41%
75 Yrs. & Older	8%	6%	14%	6%	5%	28%	4%	5%	32%	2%	2%	-6%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1] (Continued)

	MOFFAT			MONTEZUMA			MONTROSE			MORGAN		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	13,133	6,525	101%	16,510	12,952	27%	24,355	18,366	33%	22,513	20,105	12%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	10%	8%	149%	9%	9%	28%	8%	8%	34%	9%	9%	10%
5 to 9 Yrs.	9%	11%	57%	9%	11%	6%	8%	11%	0%	8%	11%	-20%
10 to 14 Yrs.	8%	11%	51%	9%	12%	-10%	8%	12%	-12%	8%	12%	-22%
15 to 19 Yrs.	8%	8%	99%	9%	10%	15%	9%	9%	34%	9%	9%	12%
20 to 24 Yrs.	11%	5%	329%	8%	5%	92%	7%	5%	94%	9%	5%	82%
25 to 29 Yrs.	12%	6%	299%	8%	6%	8%	8%	5%	101%	9%	6%	74%
30 to 34 Yrs.	9%	6%	199%	8%	6%	75%	8%	6%	67%	7%	6%	39%
35 to 44 Yrs.	12%	13%	95%	12%	12%	30%	13%	12%	40%	11%	11%	6%
45 to 54 Yrs.	8%	11%	52%	10%	11%	15%	10%	11%	17%	10%	10%	4%
55 to 59 Yrs.	4%	5%	42%	5%	5%	34%	5%	5%	18%	5%	5%	12%
60 to 64 Yrs.	2%	4%	-2%	4%	4%	12%	5%	5%	31%	4%	5%	-2%
65 to 74 Yrs.	3%	6%	9%	6%	6%	37%	8%	6%	63%	7%	7%	19%
75 Yrs. & Older	3%	4%	19%	4%	3%	37%	4%	4%	34%	5%	5%	24%

	OTERO			OURAY			PARK			PHILLIPS		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	22,567	23,523	-4%	1,925	1,546	25%	5,333	2,185	144%	4,542	4,131	10%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	8%	8%	-4%	7%	7%	25%	9%	7%	231%	8%	6%	34%
5 to 9 Yrs.	9%	11%	-19%	8%	12%	-21%	9%	11%	109%	7%	8%	-3%
10 to 14 Yrs.	7%	12%	-38%	8%	9%	4%	8%	11%	89%	8%	11%	-21%
15 to 19 Yrs.	10%	10%	-3%	9%	8%	40%	7%	8%	129%	8%	9%	-7%
20 to 24 Yrs.	7%	6%	18%	4%	5%	3%	6%	4%	245%	6%	4%	87%
25 to 29 Yrs.	7%	5%	32%	9%	7%	56%	10%	5%	391%	6%	5%	50%
30 to 34 Yrs.	7%	5%	26%	10%	5%	141%	14%	7%	388%	7%	5%	67%
35 to 44 Yrs.	10%	10%	-7%	14%	11%	65%	15%	13%	175%	11%	11%	4%
45 to 54 Yrs.	10%	10%	-8%	10%	12%	-3%	9%	13%	62%	10%	12%	-6%
55 to 59 Yrs.	5%	5%	-6%	5%	7%	1%	4%	7%	31%	5%	6%	-15%
60 to 64 Yrs.	5%	5%	-5%	5%	5%	7%	4%	6%	76%	6%	6%	4%
65 to 74 Yrs.	8%	7%	-2%	9%	7%	53%	3%	8%	5%	11%	10%	16%
75 Yrs. & Older	7%	5%	23%	3%	4%	-8%	3%	3%	152%	8%	8%	20%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1] (Continued)

	PITKIN			PROWERS			PUEBLO			RIO BLANCO		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	10,338	6,185	67%	13,070	13,258	-1%	125,972	118,238	7%	6,255	4,842	29%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	4%	8%	-11%	9%	9%	0%	7%	8%	-2%	10%	8%	57%
5 to 9 Yrs.	5%	9%	-6%	9%	11%	-18%	8%	10%	-21%	9%	10%	20%
10 to 14 Yrs.	5%	9%	-7%	9%	11%	-25%	8%	11%	-21%	8%	11%	-10%
15 to 19 Yrs.	6%	8%	26%	10%	11%	-9%	10%	11%	-5%	10%	13%	6%
20 to 24 Yrs.	13%	13%	74%	8%	7%	15%	9%	8%	28%	11%	6%	128%
25 to 29 Yrs.	19%	13%	143%	8%	6%	30%	8%	6%	56%	9%	6%	37%
30 to 34 Yrs.	17%	10%	190%	8%	6%	34%	7%	5%	49%	8%	5%	106%
35 to 44 Yrs.	16%	13%	98%	10%	10%	-4%	10%	11%	-4%	12%	13%	23%
45 to 54 Yrs.	8%	10%	27%	9%	10%	-11%	10%	11%	-3%	10%	11%	15%
55 to 59 Yrs.	3%	2%	81%	5%	5%	7%	5%	5%	15%	4%	5%	-8%
60 to 64 Yrs.	2%	2%	38%	4%	4%	4%	5%	4%	27%	3%	4%	-10%
65 to 74 Yrs.	2%	2%	96%	7%	6%	20%	7%	6%	38%	4%	5%	13%
75 Yrs. & Older	0%	1%	-20%	5%	5%	-12%	4%	4%	19%	2%	3%	-4%

	RIO GRANDE			ROUTT			SAGUACHE			SAN JUAN		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	10,511	10,494	0%	13,404	6,592	103%	3,935	3,827	3%	833	831	0%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	8%	9%	-7%	9%	8%	112%	9%	9%	8%	11%	9%	21%
5 to 9 Yrs.	9%	11%	-19%	7%	11%	41%	8%	12%	-28%	8%	9%	-16%
10 to 14 Yrs.	9%	12%	-30%	7%	10%	32%	7%	11%	-33%	7%	11%	-35%
15 to 19 Yrs.	9%	10%	-7%	7%	10%	51%	11%	11%	4%	7%	11%	-32%
20 to 24 Yrs.	8%	6%	36%	12%	7%	233%	8%	6%	31%	10%	8%	25%
25 to 29 Yrs.	8%	5%	48%	17%	7%	416%	8%	6%	49%	15%	5%	184%
30 to 34 Yrs.	7%	5%	38%	14%	6%	350%	7%	5%	49%	10%	6%	61%
35 to 44 Yrs.	11%	11%	8%	13%	11%	135%	10%	10%	-1%	11%	11%	0%
45 to 54 Yrs.	9%	11%	-21%	6%	12%	6%	9%	10%	-4%	10%	12%	-18%
55 to 59 Yrs.	5%	5%	-2%	3%	5%	8%	6%	5%	14%	3%	7%	-54%
60 to 64 Yrs.	5%	5%	3%	2%	4%	6%	5%	5%	1%	2%	3%	-46%
65 to 74 Yrs.	7%	6%	9%	3%	6%	1%	7%	7%	11%	2%	4%	-51%
75 Yrs. & Older	6%	4%	38%	2%	4%	-15%	5%	4%	18%	2%	1%	58%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-3. Age Distribution of Population in Colorado Counties: Total Numbers, Percents and Percent Change, 1970 to 1980.[1] (Continued)

	SAN MIGUEL			SEDGWICK			SUMMIT			TELLER		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	3,192	1,949	64%	3,266	3,405	-4%	8,628	2,665	224%	8,034	3,316	142%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	9%	9%	64%	7%	7%	-2%	4%	9%	42%	7%	7%	134%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8%	11%	16%	7%	8%	-12%	6%	13%	51%	8%	9%	112%
10 to 14 Yrs.	7%	14%	-20%	9%	12%	-30%	6%	10%	79%	9%	12%	80%
15 to 19 Yrs.	6%	9%	13%	7%	10%	-29%	6%	8%	175%	9%	8%	156%
20 to 24 Yrs.	9%	5%	164%	7%	4%	49%	18%	8%	600%	6%	5%	161%
25 to 29 Yrs.	17%	6%	366%	7%	4%	59%	23%	10%	606%	9%	7%	197%
30 to 34 Yrs.	17%	7%	299%	6%	5%	14%	15%	9%	460%	12%	6%	381%
35 to 44 Yrs.	12%	11%	82%	10%	11%	-11%	12%	12%	205%	15%	13%	178%
45 to 54 Yrs.	6%	10%	-6%	11%	13%	-17%	6%	10%	90%	10%	11%	120%
55 to 59 Yrs.	3%	6%	-30%	5%	7%	-29%	2%	4%	44%	4%	5%	114%
60 to 64 Yrs.	2%	4%	-18%	6%	5%	17%	2%	3%	45%	4%	5%	93%
65 to 74 Yrs.	4%	6%	14%	12%	8%	43%	1%	2%	47%	5%	8%	60%
75 Yrs. & Older	2%	3%	-18%	6%	6%	-7%	0%	1%	-21%	2%	3%	85%

	WASHINGTON			WELD			YUMA		
	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change	1980	1970	% Change
Total Population	5,304	5,550	-4%	123,478	89,297	38%	9,682	8,544	13%
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	7%	6%	11%	8%	8%	36%	9%	7%	37%
5 to 9 Yrs.	7%	10%	-32%	8%	10%	6%	8%	9%	4%
10 to 14 Yrs.	8%	11%	-30%	8%	10%	10%	8%	10%	-6%
15 to 19 Yrs.	8%	10%	-21%	11%	12%	26%	8%	9%	3%
20 to 24 Yrs.	7%	4%	63%	12%	11%	55%	7%	5%	69%
25 to 29 Yrs.	8%	5%	52%	10%	7%	102%	7%	5%	51%
30 to 34 Yrs.	6%	5%	13%	8%	6%	104%	8%	5%	71%
35 to 44 Yrs.	11%	12%	-15%	12%	11%	47%	11%	11%	13%
45 to 54 Yrs.	12%	13%	-12%	8%	10%	21%	10%	12%	-3%
55 to 59 Yrs.	6%	6%	2%	4%	4%	30%	5%	6%	-6%
60 to 64 Yrs.	5%	5%	2%	3%	4%	18%	5%	6%	-7%
65 to 74 Yrs.	9%	8%	8%	5%	5%	47%	8%	9%	1%
75 Yrs. & Older	6%	6%	3%	3%	4%	25%	7%	7%	13%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 rounded to 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 15.

Table A-4. Population by Race and Spanish Origin: 1980 Provisional Counts for Colorado Counties.

County	Total Population	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo & Aleut	Asian & Pacific Islander	Other	Persons of Spanish Origin
Adams	245,944	217,104	6,307	1,694	3,120	17,719	38,470
Alamosa	11,799	9,397	64	46	75	2,217	3,772
Arapahoe	293,621	274,066	8,446	1,190	4,410	5,509	12,491
Archuleta	3,664	3,019	2	33	10	600	1,145
Baca	5,419	5,163	0	55	9	192	325
Bent	5,945	5,099	21	26	23	776	1,510
Boulder	189,625	178,914	1,735	905	2,191	5,880	10,293
Chaffee	13,227	12,709	93	67	9	349	1,289
Cheyenne	2,153	2,130	1	7	1	14	51
Clear Creek	7,308	7,129	12	45	7	115	266
Conejos	7,794	4,594	0	40	19	3,141	4,772
Costilla	3,071	2,192	4	2	49	824	2,380
Crowley	2,988	2,773	2	12	21	180	590
Custer	1,528	1,493	1	12	6	16	37
Delta	21,225	20,344	20	140	65	656	1,781
Denver	491,396	367,344	59,252	3,847	7,007	53,946	91,937
Dolores	1,658	1,590	1	41	2	24	54
Douglas	25,153	24,672	93	83	103	202	609
Eagle	13,171	12,460	24	38	53	596	843
Elbert	6,850	6,744	17	31	13	45	145
El Paso	309,424	270,232	19,058	1,787	5,066	13,281	24,994
Fremont	28,676	27,456	351	172	72	625	2,207
Garfield	22,514	22,008	27	106	49	324	935
Gilpin	2,441	2,369	13	15	3	41	86
Grand	7,475	7,310	5	33	11	116	255
Gunnison	10,689	10,481	25	30	35	118	339
Hinsdale	408	405	0	3	0	0	11
Huerfano	6,440	5,373	32	30	9	996	2,836
Jackson	1,863	1,847	1	9	2	4	51
Jefferson	371,741	356,954	1,933	1,443	3,631	7,780	19,476
Kiowa	1,936	1,905	0	2	1	28	39
Kit Carson	7,599	7,350	2	22	19	206	356
Lake County	8,830	7,619	24	61	21	1,105	2,090
La Plata	27,424	24,328	41	1,122	56	1,877	3,072
Larimer	149,184	141,908	627	644	1,369	4,636	8,750
Las Animas	14,897	13,020	53	76	34	1,714	6,505
Lincoln	4,663	4,624	1	16	7	15	46
Logan	19,800	19,019	41	40	105	595	1,301
Mesa	81,530	78,090	214	478	346	2,402	5,743
Mineral	804	783	0	3	2	16	38
Moffat	13,133	12,786	5	55	20	267	666
Montezuma	16,510	14,219	10	1,651	46	584	1,352
Montrose	24,352	23,241	40	166	32	873	2,323
Morgan	22,513	21,138	22	82	59	1,212	2,665
Otero	22,567	18,229	91	76	114	4,057	7,451
Ouray	1,925	1,891	5	2	9	18	83
Park	5,333	5,225	8	41	11	48	128
Phillips	4,542	4,456	1	6	25	54	118
Pitkin	10,338	10,185	24	27	61	41	132
Prowers	13,070	12,012	30	43	16	969	2,558
Pueblo	125,972	106,977	2,254	549	481	15,711	41,631
Rio Blanco	6,255	6,089	17	42	14	93	190
Rio Grande	10,511	8,083	3	25	10	2,390	3,886
Routt	13,404	13,163	9	74	25	133	361
Saguache	3,935	2,776	8	49	4	1,098	1,622
San Juan	833	792	0	3	1	37	121
San Miguel	3,192	3,048	5	102	9	28	100
Sedgwick	3,266	3,101	8	6	43	108	325
Summit	8,848	8,731	15	42	24	36	153
Teller	8,034	7,942	5	30	16	41	123
Washington	5,304	5,254	1	13	3	33	65
Weld	123,438	109,794	597	527	820	11,700	21,017
Yuma	9,682	9,466	1	42	23	150	240
STATE[1]	2,888,834	2,570,615	101,702	18,059	29,897	168,561	339,300

[1] The 1980 provisional count of the Colorado population was 1130 persons less than the final count of 2,889,964.

Source: Colorado Population Reports, 1980 Census Report, No. 2, Oct. 1981, Colorado State Demographer's Office.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

	ADAMS		ALAMOSA		ARAPAHOE	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	67,333	64,139	3,968	4,582	85,335	54,125
Nursery School	5 %	2 %	1 %	1 %	6 %	3 %
Grades K-8	57 %	68 %	42 %	45 %	52 %	63 %
High School (9-12)	26 %	24 %	20 %	18 %	25 %	26 %
College	13 %	5 %	36 %	35 %	17 %	8 %
Total %	101 %	99 %	99 %	99 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	167,515	86,823	8,318	5,143	204,969	82,355
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	27 %	37 %	26 %	40 %	13 %	24 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	46 %	41 %	34 %	30 %	34 %	36 %
1-3 Yrs. College	18 %	13 %	23 %	12 %	25 %	18 %
4-More Yrs. College	9 %	9 %	17 %	18 %	28 %	22 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

	ARCHULETA		BACA		BENT	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	1,013	861	1,239	1,540	1,445	1,703
Nursery School	2 %	6 %	0 %	0 %	1 %	0 %
Grades K-8	59 %	68 %	64 %	66 %	62 %	68 %
High School (9-12)	31 %	22 %	31 %	33 %	29 %	28 %
College	8 %	4 %	5 %	1 %	9 %	4 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	2,488	1,372	3,859	3,267	4,194	3,835
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	29 %	54 %	36 %	54 %	38 %	57 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	31 %	32 %	37 %	30 %	35 %	26 %
1-3 Yrs. College	21 %	8 %	16 %	9 %	19 %	11 %
4-More Yrs. College	20 %	6 %	11 %	7 %	9 %	6 %
Total %	101 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	BOULDER		CHAFFEE		CHEYENNE	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	63,196	50,883	2,913	2,711	478	787
Nursery School	4 %	3 %	7 %	1 %	9 %	0 %
Grades K-8	37 %	46 %	59 %	72 %	58 %	66 %
High School (9-12)	19 %	17 %	28 %	28 %	35 %	30 %
College	40 %	35 %	6 %	0 %	1 %	4 %
Total %	100 %	101 %	100 %	101 %	103 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	142,383	63,514	9,462	5,466	1,520	1,399
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	12 %	24 %	30 %	42 %	28 %	49 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	31 %	32 %	42 %	40 %	46 %	40 %
1-3 Yrs. College	27 %	18 %	17 %	10 %	15 %	6 %
4-More Yrs. College	30 %	26 %	12 %	8 %	12 %	6 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	101 %	100 %	101 %	101 %

	CLEAR CREEK		CONEJOS		COSTILLA	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	1,473	1,178	2,354	2,932	828	1,210
Nursery School	5 %	0 %	4 %	2 %	5 %	0 %
Grades K-8	62 %	72 %	58 %	65 %	61 %	58 %
High School (9-12)	20 %	24 %	32 %	27 %	30 %	37 %
College	13 %	3 %	6 %	5 %	4 %	5 %
Total %	100 %	99 %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	5,293	2,653	4,852	3,600	2,092	1,540
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	14 %	36 %	45 %	59 %	51 %	61 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	38 %	37 %	34 %	27 %	30 %	24 %
1-3 Yrs. College	23 %	14 %	13 %	8 %	11 %	8 %
4-More Yrs. College	26 %	13 %	8 %	5 %	9 %	8 %
Total %	101 %	100 %	100 %	99 %	101 %	101 %

[1] Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	CROWLEY 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	CROWLEY 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	CUSTER 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	CUSTER 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	DELTA 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	DELTA 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	620	831	338	245	4,769	3,809
Nursery School	4 %	0 %	8 %	0 %	3 %	1 %
Grades K-8	62 %	66 %	56 %	57 %	61 %	64 %
High School (9-12)	26 %	31 %	32 %	43 %	31 %	33 %
College	8 %	3 %	4 %	0 %	5 %	2 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	CROWLEY 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	CROWLEY 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	CUSTER 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	CUSTER 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	DELTA 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	DELTA 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	2,226	1,869	1,084	688	15,261	9,514
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	43 %	58 %	23 %	44 %	32 %	51 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	39 %	28 %	43 %	34 %	42 %	31 %
1-3 Yrs. College	11 %	9 %	20 %	16 %	15 %	11 %
4-More Yrs. College	8 %	5 %	15 %	6 %	11 %	7 %
Total %	101 %	100 %	101 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	DENVER 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	DENVER 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	DOLORES 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	DOLORES 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	DOUGLAS 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	DOUGLAS 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	114,505	140,059	369	438	7,884	2,881
Nursery School	9 %	3 %	1 %	0 %	4 %	2 %
Grades K-8	46 %	57 %	63 %	73 %	61 %	64 %
High School (9-12)	21 %	24 %	32 %	27 %	25 %	30 %
College	27 %	16 %	4 %	0 %	10 %	4 %
Total %	103 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	DENVER 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	DENVER 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	DOLORES 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	DOLORES 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	DOUGLAS 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	DOUGLAS 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	381,233	286,332	1,142	850	16,417	4,479
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	25 %	39 %	34 %	60 %	13 %	29 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	32 %	32 %	43 %	26 %	37 %	36 %
1-3 Yrs. College	21 %	14 %	16 %	12 %	25 %	17 %
4-More Yrs. College	22 %	16 %	7 %	2 %	25 %	19 %
Total %	100 %	101 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	101 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	EAGLE		ELBERT		EL PASO	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	2,231	1,999	1,865	1,142	90,011	67,954
Nursery School	6 %	2 %	2 %	0 %	4 %	2 %
Grades K-8	57 %	71 %	65 %	72 %	49 %	64 %
High School (9-12)	28 %	25 %	27 %	27 %	23 %	23 %
College	8 %	2 %	6 %	2 %	24 %	11 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	10,337	3,697	4,532	2,287	218,823	107,414
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	11 %	43 %	23 %	45 %	17 %	27 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	34 %	32 %	45 %	35 %	42 %	40 %
1-3 Yrs. College	26 %	12 %	18 %	12 %	24 %	17 %
4-More Yrs. College	29 %	12 %	14 %	8 %	17 %	16 %
Total %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

	FREMONT		GARFIELD		GILPIN	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	6,380	5,173	5,352	4,122	515	372
Nursery School	3 %	1 %	4 %	0 %	1 %	0 %
Grades K-8	56 %	66 %	57 %	65 %	54 %	60 %
High School (9-12)	32 %	28 %	23 %	29 %	35 %	37 %
College	8 %	5 %	16 %	5 %	10 %	3 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	20,988	13,532	16,259	8,331	1,788	737
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	33 %	51 %	20 %	41 %	15 %	35 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	41 %	33 %	39 %	36 %	35 %	45 %
1-3 Yrs. College	15 %	9 %	23 %	13 %	27 %	11 %
4-More Yrs. College	11 %	7 %	17 %	10 %	23 %	9 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	GRAND 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	GRAND 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	GUNNISON 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	GUNNISON 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	HINSDALE 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	HINSDALE 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	1,581	1,019	4,481	3,814	92	30
Nursery School	7 %	1 %	2 %	1 %	10 %	0 %
Grades K-8	61 %	57 %	22 %	27 %	61 %	37 %
High School (9-12)	25 %	41 %	10 %	12 %	22 %	63 %
College	7 %	1 %	66 %	60 %	8 %	0 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	GRAND 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	GRAND 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	GUNNISON 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	GUNNISON 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	HINSDALE 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	HINSDALE 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	5,438	2,341	8,635	2,954	307	84
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	16 %	40 %	7 %	31 %	13 %	49 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	40 %	36 %	30 %	27 %	34 %	43 %
1-3 Yrs. College	25 %	13 %	36 %	19 %	25 %	0 %
4-More Yrs. College	20 %	10 %	26 %	24 %	27 %	8 %
Total %	101 %	99 %	99 %	101 %	99 %	100 %

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	HUERFANO 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	HUERFANO 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	JACKSON 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	JACKSON 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	JEFFERSON 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	JEFFERSON 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	1,628	1,879	476	441	110,323	77,144
Nursery School	7 %	1 %	7 %	5 %	6 %	4 %
Grades K-8	54 %	64 %	59 %	70 %	52 %	63 %
High School (9-12)	31 %	32 %	27 %	25 %	26 %	25 %
College	8 %	2 %	7 %	0 %	17 %	8 %
Total %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	HUERFANO 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	HUERFANO 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	JACKSON 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	JACKSON 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	JEFFERSON 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	JEFFERSON 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	4,523	3,938	1,298	933	259,726	121,931
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	45 %	61 %	24 %	40 %	15 %	25 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	30 %	24 %	47 %	38 %	38 %	37 %
1-3 Yrs. College	13 %	8 %	18 %	14 %	23 %	17 %
4-More Yrs. College	11 %	7 %	12 %	9 %	23 %	20 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	101 %	101 %	99 %	99 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	KIOWA 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	KIOWA 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	KIT CARSON 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	KIT CARSON 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	LAKE 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	LAKE 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	329	575	1,708	2,054	2,372	2,712
Nursery School	1 %	0 %	2 %	0 %	2 %	0 %
Grades K-8	61 %	67 %	61 %	71 %	55 %	70 %
High School (9-12)	30 %	33 %	34 %	28 %	24 %	21 %
College	8 %	0 %	2 %	0 %	19 %	8 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	99 %	99 %	100 %	99 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	KIOWA 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	KIOWA 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	KIT CARSON 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	KIT CARSON 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	LAKE 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	LAKE 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	1,482	1,104	5,283	4,254	6,007	3,963
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	27 %	46 %	29 %	46 %	24 %	44 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	49 %	38 %	41 %	40 %	44 %	38 %
1-3 Yrs. College	15 %	11 %	18 %	8 %	21 %	11 %
4-More Yrs. College	8 %	5 %	11 %	7 %	11 %	7 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	99 %	101 %	100 %	100 %

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	LA PLATA 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	LA PLATA 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	LARIMER 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	LARIMER 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	LAS ANIMAS 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	LAS ANIMAS 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	8,090	6,672	49,953	33,705	3,885	4,860
Nursery School	4 %	2 %	4 %	2 %	2 %	2 %
Grades K-8	43 %	53 %	38 %	41 %	52 %	54 %
High School (9-12)	21 %	26 %	17 %	18 %	29 %	29 %
College	33 %	19 %	41 %	40 %	17 %	16 %
Total %	101 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %	101 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	LA PLATA 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	LA PLATA 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	LARIMER 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	LARIMER 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	LAS ANIMAS 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	LAS ANIMAS 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	20,181	9,[illegible]	110,977	43,712	10,744	8,774
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	19 %	40 %	16 %	31 %	36 %	59 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	35 %	35 %	33 %	32 %	35 %	26 %
1-3 Yrs. College	28 %	14 %	27 %	17 %	19 %	10 %
4-More Yrs. College	18 %	12 %	24 %	19 %	10 %	6 %
Total %	100 %	101 %	100 %	99 %	100 %	101 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	LINCOLN 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	LINCOLN 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	LOGAN 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	LOGAN 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	MESA 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	MESA 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	931	1,360	5,271	6,318	19,924	15,902
Nursery School	0 %	0 %	3 %	0 %	5 %	2 %
Grades K-8	59 %	66 %	52 %	55 %	56 %	60 %
High School (9-12)	35 %	30 %	26 %	25 %	24 %	26 %
College	5 %	4 %	19 %	20 %	15 %	12 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	LINCOLN 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	LINCOLN 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	LOGAN 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	LOGAN 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	MESA 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	MESA 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	3,479	2,858	14,030	9,797	58,099	30,360
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	30 %	45 %	28 %	42 %	25 %	41 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	43 %	40 %	42 %	36 %	38 %	32 %
1-3 Yrs. College	18 %	9 %	20 %	14 %	23 %	16 %
4-More Yrs. College	9 %	6 %	10 %	9 %	14 %	10 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %	99 %

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	MINERAL 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	MINERAL 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	MOFFAT 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	MOFFAT 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	MONTEZUMA 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	MONTEZUMA 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	163	323	3,032	1,719	4,017	3,953
Nursery School	0 %	0 %	5 %	1 %	4 %	2 %
Grades K-8	66 %	75 %	64 %	73 %	64 %	69 %
High School (9-12)	33 %	19 %	24 %	26 %	27 %	28 %
College	0 %	5 %	7 %	0 %	5 %	1 %
Total %	99 %	99 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	MINERAL 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	MINERAL 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	MOFFAT 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	MOFFAT 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	MONTEZUMA 1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	MONTEZUMA 1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	584	471	8,881	3,581	11,075	6,810
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	16 %	33 %	25 %	43 %	34 %	51 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	44 %	46 %	45 %	35 %	37 %	29 %
1-3 Yrs. College	18 %	9 %	18 %	12 %	17 %	11 %
4-More Yrs. College	21 %	11 %	13 %	9 %	12 %	8 %
Total %	99 %	99 %	101 %	99 %	100 %	99 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	MONTROSE		MORGAN		OTERO	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	5,767	5,354	5,526	5,960	6,052	7,180
Nursery School	3 %	0 %	3 %	0 %	3 %	1 %
Grades K-8	64 %	72 %	57 %	69 %	57 %	67 %
High School (9-12)	29 %	26 %	31 %	29 %	28 %	25 %
College	4 %	2 %	9 %	1 %	12 %	7 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	16,878	9,994	15,606	10,870	15,609	12,551
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	30 %	47 %	33 %	50 %	39 %	52 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	40 %	32 %	42 %	32 %	35 %	30 %
1-3 Yrs. College	18 %	13 %	14 %	10 %	16 %	11 %
4-More Yrs. College	12 %	9 %	11 %	8 %	10 %	7 %
Total %	100 %	101 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

	OURAY		PARK		PHILLIPS	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	442	435	1,288	587	986	1,040
Nursery School	2 %	0 %	4 %	0 %	4 %	0 %
Grades K-8	58 %	65 %	62 %	73 %	62 %	64 %
High School (9-12)	34 %	35 %	28 %	27 %	28 %	34 %
College	6 %	0 %	6 %	0 %	5 %	2 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	99 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	1,377	962	3,624	1,253	3,273	2,546
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	24 %	44 %	20 %	38 %	30 %	44 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	37 %	35 %	39 %	36 %	45 %	36 %
1-3 Yrs. College	16 %	10 %	25 %	11 %	14 %	12 %
4-More Yrs. College	23 %	10 %	17 %	15 %	12 %	8 %
Total %	100 %	99 %	101 %	100 %	101 %	100 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	PITKIN		PROWERS		PUEBLO	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	1,762	1,543	3,350	3,969	34,594	38,086
Nursery School	6 %	4 %	2 %	1 %	4 %	1 %
Grades K-8	53 %	65 %	63 %	64 %	53 %	60 %
High School (9-12)	25 %	26 %	28 %	25 %	26 %	27 %
College	16 %	5 %	7 %	11 %	17 %	12 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	101 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	8,476	3,368	3,695	6,860	89,159	61,735
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	6 %	16 %	34 %	47 %	32 %	49 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	21 %	22 %	36 %	33 %	39 %	32 %
1-3 Yrs. College	31 %	26 %	18 %	12 %	18 %	11 %
4-More Yrs. College	41 %	36 %	11 %	7 %	11 %	8 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	99 %	99 %	100 %	100 %

	RIO BLANCO		RIO GRANDE		ROUTT	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	1,692	1,707	2,666	3,320	2,764	1,815
Nursery School	3 %	0 %	4 %	2 %	5 %	1 %
Grades K-8	55 %	55 %	63 %	67 %	62 %	63 %
High School (9-12)	21 %	27 %	28 %	27 %	23 %	30 %
College	21 %	17 %	6 %	4 %	9 %	6 %
Total %	100 %	99 %	101 %	100 %	99 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	4,301	2,532	7,220	5,477	9,926	3,592
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	20 %	34 %	38 %	48 %	11 %	37 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	43 %	41 %	34 %	30 %	38 %	36 %
1-3 Yrs. College	22 %	15 %	16 %	12 %	22 %	12 %
4-More Yrs. College	15 %	9 %	13 %	10 %	28 %	15 %
Total %	100 %	99 %	101 %	100 %	99 %	100 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970; Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	SAGUACHE		SAN JUAN		SAN MIGUEL	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	968	1,192	181	102	602	669
Nursery School	4 %	4 %	2 %	0 %	3 %	0 %
Grades K-8	61 %	68 %	59 %	81 %	68 %	72 %
High School (9-12)	30 %	24 %	34 %	6 %	25 %	28 %
College	6 %	3 %	6 %	13 %	4 %	0 %
Total %	101 %	99 %	101 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	2,698	1,968	580	456	2,329	999
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	40 %	56 %	20 %	41 %	15 %	51 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	36 %	29 %	40 %	31 %	29 %	34 %
1-3 Yrs. College	13 %	10 %	17 %	10 %	23 %	10 %
4-More Yrs. College	10 %	5 %	23 %	18 %	33 %	4 %
Total %	99 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	99 %

	SEDGWICK		SUMMIT		TELLER	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	709	1,003	1,669	781	2,208	892
Nursery School	1 %	0 %	6 %	0 %	4 %	2 %
Grades K-8	62 %	63 %	52 %	72 %	56 %	67 %
High School (9-12)	34 %	37 %	22 %	27 %	27 %	30 %
College	3 %	0 %	20 %	1 %	13 %	1 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	2,360	2,018	7,010	1,380	5,591	1,916
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	32 %	49 %	6 %	32 %	17 %	32 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	37 %	33 %	30 %	31 %	41 %	44 %
1-3 Yrs. College	20 %	10 %	31 %	18 %	24 %	10 %
4-More Yrs. College	11 %	8 %	33 %	18 %	18 %	13 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	100 %	99 %	100 %	99 %

[1]Two education variables are reported for each county: school enrollment and years of school completed. Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in sums of percents and 100%. Note: Census Bureau reported different population age categories, prohibiting precise comparisons between 1970 and 1980.

Sources: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 45 and 50; 1970 Census Vol. 1, pt. 7, Table 120.

Table A-5. Educational Characteristics of People in Colorado Counties, 1980 and 1970: Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT:	WASHINGTON 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	WASHINGTON 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	WELD 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	WELD 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old	YUMA 1980 Persons 3 Years & Older	YUMA 1970 Persons 3 to 34 Yrs. Old
Total Number Enrolled	1,185	1,581	39,798	31,916	2,112	2,118
Nursery School	4 %	0 %	4 %	2 %	3 %	0 %
Grades K-8	58 %	64 %	45 %	51 %	64 %	68 %
High School (9-12)	35 %	34 %	19 %	20 %	32 %	31 %
College	3 %	2 %	31 %	27 %	1 %	1 %
Total %	100 %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED:	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older	1980 Persons 18 Yrs. & Older	1970 Persons 25 Yrs. & Older
Total Number Persons	3,835	3,267	86,902	43,773	6,729	5,207
0-11 Yrs. Schooling	33 %	49 %	28 %	43 %	32 %	50 %
4 Yrs. H.S./GED	44 %	33 %	36 %	32 %	44 %	32 %
1-3 Yrs. College	13 %	9 %	22 %	13 %	13 %	10 %
4-More Yrs. College	10 %	8 %	14 %	12 %	11 %	8 %
Total %	100 %	99 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Table A-6. 1975 Place of Residence of Persons 5 Years and Older Living in Colorado Counties in 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

	ADAMS	ALAMOSA	ARAPAHOE	ARCHULETA	BACA	BENT	BOULDER	CHAFFEE
Total Population 5 Years And Older	224,205	10,812	271,697	3,377	5,026	5,507	177,827	12,103
Lived In Same House, 1975	42%	49%	34%	43%	61%	49%	34%	47%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	56%	50%	64%	56%	38%	50%	64%	53%
Same Colorado County	18%	18%	16%	14%	21%	24%	26%	17%
Different County	38%	32%	48%	42%	17%	26%	38%	35%
Different Colorado County	22%	20%	21%	11%	9%	13%	12%	21%
County In Different State	17%	11%	27%	31%	8%	12%	26%	14%
State In Northeast U.S.[2]	2%	0%	3%	1%	0%	1%	6%	1%
State in North Central U.S.[3]	6%	3%	9%	4%	3%	4%	9%	7%
State in South U.S.[4]	4%	2%	7%	12%	4%	4%	5%	2%
State in West U.S.[5]	5%	5%	8%	13%	1%	3%	6%	5%
Lived Abroad, 1975	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%

	CHEYENNE	CLEAR CREEK	CONEJOS	COSTILLA	CROWLEY	CUSTER	DELTA	DENVER
Total Population 5 Years And Older	1,949	6,598	6,988	2,837	2,783	1,399	19,699	460,673
Lived In Same House, 1975	57%	34%	71%	76%	63%	39%	43%	44%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	43%	66%	29%	24%	36%	61%	56%	53%
Same Colorado County	20%	13%	17%	12%	13%	16%	22%	26%
Different County	22%	52%	12%	11%	22%	45%	34%	27%
Different Colorady County	15%	28%	8%	6%	15%	26%	17%	10%
County In Different State	7%	24%	4%	5%	7%	18%	18%	17%
State In Northeast U.S.	0%	6%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	3%
State In North Central U.S.	5%	8%	1%	0%	3%	8%	4%	5%
State In South U.S.	1%	5%	1%	1%	1%	6%	2%	4%
State In West U.S.	1%	6%	2%	3%	3%	5%	11%	4%
Lived Abroad, 1975	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	3%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

[2]Northeast states = CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT.

[3]North Central states = IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI.

[4]South states = AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, WV (plus Wash. D.C.).

[5]West states = AL, AZ, CA, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY (plus Colorado).

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 34.

Table A-6. 1975 Place of Residence of Persons 5 Years and Older Living in Colorado Counties in 1980: Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	DOLORES	DOUGLAS	EAGLE	ELBERT	EL PASO	FREMONT	GARFIELD	GILPIN
Total Population 5 Years And Older	1,505	23,236	12,480	6,292	285,344	26,827	20,549	2,290
Lived In Same House, 1975	53%	30%	28%	39%	34%	44%	37%	38%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	46%	69%	71%	61%	61%	55%	63%	61%
Same Colorado County	19%	10%	20%	10%	25%	22%	23%	5%
Different County	27%	59%	51%	51%	36%	33%	39%	57%
Different Colorado County	9%	37%	16%	38%	5%	17%	18%	31%
County In Different State	18%	22%	35%	13%	31%	17%	22%	25%
State In Northeast U.S.[2]	1%	2%	10%	2%	4%	1%	2%	5%
State In North Central U.S.[3]	3%	8%	11%	6%	10%	6%	7%	12%
State In South U.S.[4]	2%	3%	6%	1%	9%	4%	4%	4%
State In West U.S.[5]	12%	8%	9%	4%	8%	6%	9%	3%
Lived Abroad, 1975	1%	1%	1%	0%	5%	1%	1%	1%

	GRAND	GUNNISON	HINSDALE	HUERFANO	JACKSON	JEFFERSON	KIOWA	KIT CARSON
Total Population 5 Years And Older	6,846	10,114	381	5,959	1,683	345,961	1,779	6,954
Lived In Same House, 1975	25%	28%	36%	57%	43%	41%	60%	60%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	74%	71%	64%	43%	57%	58%	40%	39%
Same Colorado County	19%	17%	12%	19%	17%	20%	19%	21%
Different County	54%	54%	52%	23%	39%	38%	21%	18%
Different Colorado County	28%	26%	18%	16%	15%	18%	12%	9%
County In Different State	26%	28%	34%	8%	24%	19%	9%	9%
State In Northeast U.S.	2%	3%	2%	1%	1%	2%	0%	0%
State In North Central U.S.	12%	10%	0%	2%	10%	7%	4%	5%
State In South U.S.	6%	7%	23%	1%	3%	4%	2%	1%
State In West U.S.	5%	7%	9%	4%	10%	6%	3%	2%
Lived Abroad, 1975	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

[2]Northeast states = CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT.

[3]North Central states = IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI.

[4]South states = AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, WV (plus Wash. D.C.).

[5]West states = AL, AZ, CA, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY (plus Colorado).

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 34.

Table A-6. 1975 Place of Residence of Persons 5 Years and Older Living in Colorado Counties in 1980: Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	LAKE	LA PLATA	LARIMER	LAS ANIMAS	LINCOLN	LOGAN	MESA	MINERAL
Total Population 5 Years And Older	7,913	25,443	138,693	13,844	4,359	18,172	75,030	743
Lived In Same House, 1975	43%	36%	29%	63%	58%	51%	36%	41%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	57%	63%	69%	36%	42%	48%	63%	59%
Same Colorado County	22%	23%	26%	19%	17%	24%	28%	13%
Different County	35%	40%	42%	17%	25%	25%	35%	45%
Different Colorado County	18%	14%	16%	8%	16%	14%	16%	17%
County In Different State	17%	27%	26%	10%	9%	10%	19%	28%
State In Northeast U.S.[2]	2%	2%	4%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%
State In North Central U.S.[3]	6%	6%	12%	2%	5%	6%	4%	10%
State In South U.S.[4]	3%	4%	4%	2%	1%	2%	3%	7%
State In West U.S.[5]	6%	15%	7%	5%	3%	3%	10%	11%
Lived Abroad, 1975	0%	1%	2%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%

	MOFFAT	MONTEZUMA	MONTROSE	MORGAN	OTERO	OURAY	PARK	PHILLIPS
Total Population 5 Years And Older	11,823	15,009	22,327	20,612	20,711	1,783	4,854	4,233
Lived In Same House, 1975	23%	47%	43%	45%	55%	46%	30%	53%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	76%	52%	56%	55%	44%	53%	70%	46%
Same Colorado County	20%	27%	22%	30%	24%	13%	5%	21%
Different County	56%	25%	35%	25%	20%	40%	65%	25%
Different Colorado County	31%	9%	18%	13%	10%	18%	45%	14%
County In Different State	25%	16%	17%	12%	10%	22%	20%	11%
State In Northeast U.S.	3%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	2%	1%
State In North Central U.S.	7%	2%	3%	7%	4%	5%	5%	7%
State In South U.S.	4%	2%	3%	1%	2%	4%	5%	1%
State In West U.S.	12%	11%	10%	4%	4%	12%	8%	2%
Lived Abroad, 1975	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%

[1] Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

[2] Northeast states = CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT.

[3] North Central states = IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI.

[4] South states = AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, WV (plus Wash. D.C.).

[5] West states = AL, AZ, CA, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY (plus Colorado).

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 34.

Table A-6. 1975 Place of Residence of Persons 5 Years and Older Living in Colorado Counties in 1980: Total Numbers and Percents.[1] (continued)

	PITKIN	PROWERS	PUEBLO	RIO BLANCO	RIO GRANDE	ROUTT	SAGUACHE	SAN JUAN
Total Population 5 Years And Older	9,872	11,857	116,535	5,644	9,645	12,329	3,576	742
Lived In Same House, 1975	29%	54%	52%	34%	54%	27%	57%	29%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	70%	46%	46%	65%	45%	72%	42%	69%
Same Colorado County	23%	25%	30%	24%	19%	25%	19%	21%
Different County	46%	20%	16%	42%	26%	47%	23%	48%
Different Colorado County	15%	10%	5%	21%	12%	18%	13%	24%
County In Different State	32%	10%	10%	21%	14%	29%	10%	24%
State In Northeast U.S.[2]	6%	0%	1%	1%	1%	4%	1%	2%
State In North Central U.S.[3]	10%	3%	4%	7%	3%	8%	2%	5%
State In South U.S.[4]	5%	3%	2%	5%	3%	5%	2%	5%
State In West U.S.[5]	11%	4%	4%	8%	7%	12%	5%	13%
Lived Abroad, 1975	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%

	SAN MIGUEL	SEDGWICK	SUMMIT	TELLER	WASHINGTON	WELD	YUMA
Total Population 5 Years And Older	2,909	3,042	8,305	7,387	4,897	113,224	8,982
Lived In Same House, 1975	37%	65%	13%	32%	62%	40%	55%
Lived In Different House in U.S., 1975	62%	35%	85%	68%	38%	59%	45%
Same Colorado County	19%	17%	17%	13%	11%	27%	23%
Different County	43%	18%	68%	55%	27%	32%	21%
Different Colorado County	16%	10%	27%	23%	18%	18%	11%
County In Different State	26%	8%	41%	31%	8%	14%	10%
State In Northeast U.S.	6%	0%	7%	4%	0%	2%	0%
State In North Central U.S.	4%	4%	17%	12%	3%	5%	5%
State In South U.S.	3%	3%	8%	8%	3%	3%	2%
State In West U.S.	13%	1%	10%	7%	3%	4%	3%
Lived Abroad, 1975	1%	0%	2%	0%	0%	1%	1%

[1]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

[2]Northeast states = CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT.

[3]North Central states = IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI.

[4]South states = AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, WV (plus Wash. D.C.)

[5]West states = AL, AZ, CA, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY (plus Colorado).

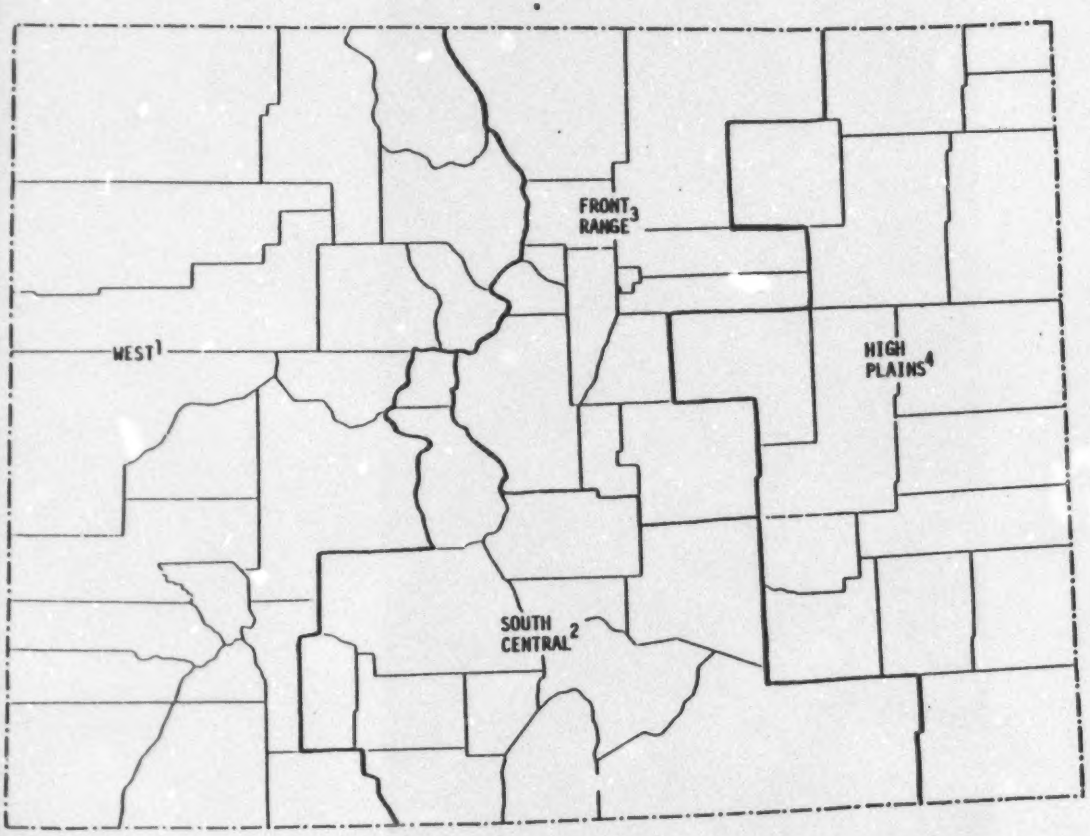
Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Table 34.

APPENDIX B

Colorado As Comprised of Four Geographic Areas:

Selected Population Characteristics by Area

Figure B-1. The State of Colorado as Comprised of Four Multi-County Areas.



[1] Western counties = Archuleta, Delores, Delta, Eagle, Garfield, Grand, Gunnison, Hinsdale, Jackson, La Plata, Mesa, Moffat, Montezuma, Montrose, Ouray, Pitkin, Rio Blanco, Routt, San Juan, San Miguel, Summit.

[2] South Central counties = Alamosa, Conejos, Chaffee, Costilla, Custer, Fremont, Huerfano, Lake, Las Animas, Mineral, Pueblo, Rio Grande, Saguache.

[3] Front Range counties = Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Clear Creek, Denver, Douglas, El Paso, Gilpin, Jefferson, Larimer, Park, Teller, Weld.

[4] High Plains counties = Baca, Bent, Cheyenne, Crowley, Elbert, Kit Carson, Kiowa, Lincoln, Logan, Morgan, Otero, Phillips, Prowers, Sedgwick, Washington, Yuma.

Table B-1. Selected General Characteristics of the Population for Four Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION[2]	WESTERN COUNTIES	SOUTH-CENTRAL COUNTIES	FRONT-RANGE COUNTIES	HIGH PLAINS COUNTIES
Total Population	290,560	237,484	2,223,623	138,297
Urban	42%[3]	68%	90%	39%
Inside Urbanized Areas	20	46	83	0
Outside Urbanized Areas	22	22	6	39
Rural	58	32	10	61
Farm	4	3	1	15
Non-Farm	54	29	9	46
1975 PLACE OF RESIDENCE OF PERSONS 5 YEARS AND OLDER LIVING IN COLORADO IN 1980				
Total Population 5 Yrs. & Older	267,850	219,179	2,061,949	127,155
Lived in Same House, 1975	35%	53%	38%	53%
Lived in Different House in U.S., 1975	64	47	59	47
Same Colorado County	23	25	22	23
Different County	40	21	37	24
Different Colorado County	17	10	15	13
County in Different State	23	11	22	10
State in Northeast U.S.[4]	2	1	3	0
State in North Central U.S.[4]	6	4	7	5
State in South U.S.[4]	4	2	5	2
State in West U.S.[4]	11	4	6	3
Lived Abroad, 1975	1	1	2	1
AGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION				
Total Population	290,560	237,484	2,223,623	138,297
0 to 4 Yrs. Old	8%	8%	7%	8%
5 to 9 Yrs.	8	8	7	8
10 to 14 Yrs.	7	8	8	8
15 to 19 Yrs.	9	10	9	9
20 to 24 Yrs.	11	9	11	8
25 to 29 Yrs.	11	8	11	7
30 to 34 Yrs.	10	7	10	7
35 to 44 Yrs.	12	10	12	11
45 to 54 Yrs.	8	10	9	10
55 to 59 Yrs.	4	5	4	5
60 to 64 Yrs.	4	5	3	5
65 to 74 Yrs.	6	8	5	8
75 Yrs. & Older	4	5	3	6

[1]Refer to Figure B-1 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the four areas of Colorado.

[2]Definitions: "Urbanized Areas" = central city(s) & surrounding closely settled territory that together have minimum population of 50,000. "Outside Urbanized Areas" = places of 2,500 or more that are not included in urbanized areas. "Rural Population" = those not classified as urban. "Farms" = places from which sales of crops, livestock and other farm products amounted to $1000 or more during the previous year.

[3]Percents rounded to nearest whole; rounding error accounts for differences in appropriate column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

[4]Refer to Figure for a listing of states that comprise northeast, north central, south and west U.S.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (urban-rural = Tables 1 & 7; 1975 residence = Table 34; age = Table 15).

Table B-2. Selected Social Characteristics of the Population for Four Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

AGE BY LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH FOR PERSONS 5 YEARS AND OLDER	WESTERN COUNTIES	SOUTH-CENTRAL COUNTIES	FRONT-RANGE COUNTIES	HIGH PLAINS COUNTIES
Total Population 5 Yrs. & Older	267,735	219,229	2,059,967	126,941
5 to 17 Yrs. of Age:				
Speak Only English at Home	20%[2]	20%	20%	22%
Speak a Language Other Than English at Home:				
Spanish Language Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well/Very Well	1	3	1	2
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	0	0	0
Other Languages Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well/Very Well	0	0	1	0
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	0	0	0
18 Yrs. of Age and Older:				
Speak Only English At Home	72	58	70	67
Speak a Language Other Than English at Home:				
Spanish Language Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well/Very Well	4	14	4	6
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	1	1	1
Other Languages Spoken at Home:				
Speak English Well/Very Well	2	3	3	2
Speak English Not Well/Not At All	0	0	0	0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OLDER				
Total Population 18 Yrs. & Older	210,278	167,731	1,605,237	98,712
0 to 11 Yrs. of Schooling	22%	33%	19%	33%
4 Yrs. High School or GED	37	38	36	40
1 to 3 Yrs. of College	23	17	23	16
4 Yrs. College	12	6	12	7
5+ Yrs. College	7	5	10	4
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT OF PERSONS 3 YEARS & OLDER				
Total Enrolled Population, 3 Yrs. & Older[3]	70,406	63,057	633,822	33,806
Public	95%	95%	88%	97%
Private	5	5	12	3
Nursery School	4	4	5	3
Public	2	2	2	2
Private	2	2	3	1
Grades K-8	55	54	48	59
Public	53	52	44	58
Private	2	2	4	1
High School	24	27	23	29
Public	24	26	21	29
Private	0	1	1	0
College	17	15	24	9
Public	16	15	21	9
Private	1	1	3	0

[1] Refer to Figure B-1 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the four areas of Colorado.

[2] Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in appropriate column sums & 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

[3] Persons counted as enrolled are those who "attended regular school or college" at any time between the period Feb. 1, 1980 and the time of enumeration, April, 1980.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (language = table 27; school completed = table 50; school enrollment = tables 44 & 45).

Table B-3. The Population, Age 18 Years and Older, of Four Multi-County Areas in Colorado; Number and Percent of Persons of that Age with Less than 12 Years Schooling.[1]

	Persons 18 Years and Older		Persons 18 Years and Older With Less Than 12 Years Schooling	
	N	%[2]	N	%
Colorado	2,079,958	100	442,195	100
Western Area	210,278	10	45,550	10
South Central Area	167,731	8	55,058	12
Front Range Area	1,605,237	77	310,002	70
High Plains Area	96,712	5	31,585	7

[1]Refer to Figure B-1 for listing of counties comprising each multi-county area.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent, rounding error accounts for any differences in column sums and 100%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 15 and 50.

Table B-4. The Population, Age 18 Years and Older, of Four Multi-County Areas in Colorado; Number and Percent of Persons of that Age Who Live in Homes Where a Language Other than English is Spoken and Do Not Speak English Well.[1]

	Persons 18 Years and Older		Persons 18 Years and Older in Homes Where Language Other Than English is Spoken			
			Spanish Spoken at Home: Persons Who Do Not Speak English Well or At All		Other Language Spoken at Home: Persons Who Do Not Speak English Well or At All	
	N	%[2]	N	%	N	%
Colorado	2,079,958	100	16,208	100	9,230	100
Western Area	210,278	10	1,142	7	481	5
South Central Area	167,731	8	3,075	19	505	5
Front Range Area	1,605,237	77	10,718	66	8,006	87
High Plains Area	96,712	5	1,273	8	238	3

[1]Refer to Figure B-1 for listing of counties comprising each multi-county area.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, Tables 15 and 27.

Table B-5. Number of Households and Percent of Households in Various Income Groupings for Four Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980.[1]

	WESTERN COUNTIES	SOUTH-CENTRAL COUNTIES	FRONT-RANGE COUNTIES	HIGH PLAINS COUNTIES
Total Number of Households	106,241	84,[illegible]	822,310	50,140
Less Than $2,500	4%[2]	5%	3%	5%
$2,500 to $4,999	8	11	6	12
$5,000 to $7,499	8	10	7	11
$7,500 to $9,999	8	9	7	9
$10,000 to $14,999	16	16	15	19
$15,000 to $19,999	15	14	14	15
$20,000 to $24,999	13	12	13	11
$25,000 to $29,999	10	8	10	7
$30,000 to $34,999	6	5	7	5
$35,000 to $39,999	4	3	5	2
$40,000 to $49,999	4	3	6	2
$50,000 and Over	4	3	6	3

[1]Notes: Refer to Figure B-1 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the four areas of Colorado. A household includes all persons who occupy a housing unit; families and nonrelated individuals who live in the same quarters are included in the count of households, as well as persons who live alone. The average number of persons per household in Colorado, 1980, was 2.65. Income data is reported for the year (1979) preceding the 1980 census. Median 1979 Colorado household income was $18,057. The threshold of poverty varies due to factors as size of household or family, number of children, age of householder or unrelated individual. Examples of poverty thresholds: family of 4, 1979 = $7412; 2 person household, with householder under 65 years, 1979 = $4876; 1 person household, householder over 65 years, 1979 = $3479.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run, tables 68 and 69.

Table B-6. Selected Labor Force Characteristics for Four Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

CLASS OF EMPLOYED WORKERS 16 YEARS AND OLDER	WESTERN COUNTIES	SOUTH-CENTRAL COUNTIES	FRONT-RANGE COUNTIES	HIGH PLAINS COUNTIES
Total Number of Workers, 16 & Older	138,642	89,330	1,075,711	58,334
Private Wage & Salary Worker	72%[2]	69%	75%	61%
Federal Government Worker	4	5	5	4
State Government Worker	4	8	4	4
Local Government Worker	9	10	8	11
Self-Employed Worker	11	8	7	18
Unpaid Family Worker	1	1	0	2
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND LABOR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS 16 TO 19 YEARS OLD				
Total Population 16 to 19 Yrs. Old	21,510	18,229	168,978	10,265
Armed Forces	0%	0%	4%	0%
Civilian:				
Enrolled in School	68	70	68	73
Not Enrolled in School:				
High School Graduate:				
Employed	15	11	12	11
Unemployed	2	2	1	1
Not in Labor Force	3	4	2	4
Not High School Graduate:				
Employed	7	3	6	5
Unemployed	2	2	2	1
Not in Labor Force	5	7	5	5

[1]Refer to Figure B-1 for a listing of counties that comprise each of the four areas of Colorado.

[2]Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for difference in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (class of employed workers = table 67; labor force status of 16 to 19 yr. olds = table 47).

Table B-4, continued. Selected Labor Force Characteristics for Four Multi-County Areas of Colorado, 1980; Total Numbers and Percents.[1]

OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS AGE 16 AND OLDER	WESTERN COUNTIES	SOUTH-CENTRAL COUNTIES	FRONT-RANGE COUNTIES	HIGH PLAINS COUNTIES
Total Number Employed, Age 16+	138,642	89,330	1,075,711	58,334
Managerial and Professional Specialty Occupations:				
Exec., Admin., Managerial	11%[2]	9%	13%	8%
Professional Specialty	12	12	14	10
Technical, Sales & Admin. Support Occupations:				
Technicians & Related Support	2	3	4	2
Sales	11	9	11	9
Admin. Support, Clerical	13	14	18	13
Service Occupations:				
Private Household	0	0	0	0
Protective Services	1	2	1	1
Other Services	13	14	11	12
Farming, Forestry & Fishing Occupations	5	4	2	18
Precision Production, Craft & Repair Occupations	18	15	13	13
Operators, Fabricators & Laborers:				
Machine Operators, Assemblers, Inspectors	3	6	5	4
Transportation & Material Moving	6	6	4	6
Handlers, Equipment Cleaners, Helpers & Laborers	4	5	4	5

INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYMENT OF EMPLOYED PERSONS AGE 16 AND OLDER				
Total Number Employed, Age 16+	138,642	89,330	1,075,711	58,334
Ag., Forestry, Fisheries, Mining	13%	10%	4%	21%
Construction	12	6	7	7
Manufacturing				
Non-durable Goods	2	3	5	4
Durable Goods	3	11	10	3
Transportation, Communications & Other Public Utilities	7	8	8	8
Wholesale Trade	3	3	5	4
Retail Trade	20	18	17	17
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate	6	5	8	4
Business & Repair Services	3	3	5	3
Personal, Entertainment, Recreational Services	8	4	4	4
Professional & Related Services:				
Health Services	5	10	6	7
Educational Services	7	10	9	9
Other Prof./Related Services	4	4	5	3
Public Administration	5	6	6	5

[1] Refer to Figure B-1 for listing of counties that comprise each of the four areas of Colorado.

[2] Percents rounded to nearest whole percent; rounding error accounts for any differences in column sums and 100%; percents less than .5 = 0%.

Source: 1980 Census, STF-3 Custom Run (occupation = table 66; industry = table 65).

APPENDIX C

Sample Demographic and Personal Background Items

Background

This appendix contains examples of "background" items that can be asked in local surveys of education needs and interests, or as a way to develop a profile of current participants in educational programs. They allow for easy comparison with Census data, and for comparisons of sub-groups within your study population. They can help answer questions as: "how do newcomers' educational interests compare with the interests of longer-term residents?"; or "how do young adults' interests compare with those of older adults?"; or "how do interests of professional people compare with interests of blue-collar workers?"

The number and kinds of background items you choose to ask will depend on your various information needs, how many other items you plan to include in your survey, your judgments about how sensitive your survey population is to "personal" questions, and the number and kinds of people in your survey group.

You may want, for example, to survey only current participants in educational programs in order to develop a "participant profile" and then compare their characteristics with those reported by the Census for your city or county. This will give you ideas about what kinds of people your programs appeal to and what audiences you are not now reaching. In contrast, you may want to survey a cross-section of local residents to determine their education goals and interests.

If numbers of participants you wish to profile or numbers of survey respondents are small (and the survey will not be repeated with others in the near future) you will not be able to make sound comparisons with Census data or between sub-groups of the people you survey. Small numbers do not allow you to have much confidence that what you find is typical of all people in current educational programs or of all people in your city or county. You can (a) increase confidence in and generalizability of your study and (b) question smaller numbers of people by using random survey procedures (e.g. by surveying each fifth person on each class enrollment sheet during each semester of the year, or each 100th family in the phone book, or the people in the house on the northeast corner of each block in the neighborhood).

Survey respondents need to be told why the survey is being conducted and by what organization(s). They need to be assured that the information they provide will be treated confidentially, will not be associated with them as individuals and will be reported in aggregate with the responses of other people.

Generally, it is best to place demographic and personal background questions near the end of a survey form. Most people who agree to complete a questionnaire and who have answered some initial questions that, in their minds, are closely aligned with the stated purpose of the survey, will also be willing to answer more personal questions. (They have developed trust that the survey will do what it is intended to, have already devoted time and effort to answering earlier questions, so are committed to finishing the task.)

Example of Survey Questionnaire: Demographic Section

The questions, below, are phrased to achieve a practical compromise. They maximize the amount of information collected; they minimize respondent fatigue by being concise and simple for people to complete; and, they are easy to categorize ("code") for display and analysis once surveys are completed. Use as few items as suit your purposes. For each survey item, use as few response categories as serve your information needs. For some purposes, you may want to combine two or more of the response categories noted in the items on the next page. Or, you may want to add more categories.

Your sex: ___ Female; ___ Male

Your age: ___ 15 to 19; ___ 20 to 24; ___ 25 to 34; ___ 35 to 44; ___ 45 to 54; ___ 55 to 64; ___ 65+

Your place of residence: Town/City_____ County_____

Your birthplace: ___ This county; ___ Another Colorado county; ___ Another state in U.S.; ___ Another country

If you were born in another place, in what YEAR did you move here? 19___

Where did you live just before you moved here?

___ Same county;
___ Different Colorado county;
___ Different state in U.S. or different country (please tell state or country name): _____

Your work status: ___ Working for pay; ___ Retired; ___ Temporarily unemployed; ___ Other: _____

Your occupation (if retired or presently unemployed, indicate your most recent usual occupation): _____

Your current marital status: ___ Never married; ___ Married; ___ Divorced; ___ Widowed; Other: _____

Your residence status (check all that apply):

___ Living with spouse;
___ Living with your children;
___ Living with unrelated adult(s);
___ Living with adult relative(s);
___ Living alone

If you have children, how many live with you in your household? ____

Your approximate yearly family income:

___ Under $10,000;
___ $10,000 to $19,999;
___ $20,000 to $29,999;
___ $30,000 or more

Your highest level of schooling completed to date:

___ Less than 8 years;
___ 9 to 11 years;
___ High school completion;
___ Post-high school technical or business school or some college;
___ College graduation;
___ Post-graduate college work

Are you currently ~~employed~~ enrolled in an education program that will lead to a certificate or degree? (check all that apply):

___ High school completion program;
___ Technical or business program;
___ Undergraduate college program;
___ Graduate college program;
___ Other: _____

Are you currently enrolled in an educational course or activity? (check all that apply):

___ Adult basic education or English as a second language course;
___ High school completion or GED preparation course;
___ Non-credit job-related course;
___ Non-credit personal interest course;
___ Undergraduate college course;
___ Graduate college course;
___ Other: _____

Thank You For Your Cooperation...